

Shodex™

Capture the Essence



2022
HPLC Columns



We provide a wide range of products to meet your analytical needs, from pretreatment and separation columns to calibration standards for size exclusion chromatography.

Please visit the Shodex website to see detailed information about our products and their uses with abundant application data.

Shodex™ website

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[Caution]

1. Please read the operating manual packaged with the product carefully before the use.
2. For improvement purposes, some specifications are subject to change without notice.
3. Figures and descriptions in this catalogue are provided to help you select appropriate columns. However they do not guarantee nor warrant the suitability for your applications.
4. It is essential to take normal precautions when handling reagents and other chemical products even if the safety information is not included in the operating manual.
5. Products described in this brochure are not intended for medical use or medical applications including medical diagnosis.

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Types of Columns, Base Materials, Functional Groups and Ligands

Separation Type		Product Name	Base Material	Functional Group, Ligand	Page
Reversed Phase & HILIC (Polymer-based)		ODP2 HP	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	—	12
	Asahipak	ODP-50, ODP-90 20F	Polyvinyl alcohol	Octadecyl	14
	Asahipak	C4P-50 4D	Polyvinyl alcohol	Butyl	14
	RSpak	DS-613, DS-413	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	—	16
	RSpak	DE-613, DE-413, DE-213	Polymethacrylate	—	16
	RSpak	DM-614	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	—	16
	RSpak	NN-814	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Sulfo	16
	RSpak	JJ-50 2D	Polyvinyl alcohol	Quaternary ammonium	16
	HILICpak	VG-50	Polyvinyl alcohol	Amino	18
	HILICpak	VT-50 2D	Polyvinyl alcohol	Quaternary ammonium	18
	HILICpak	VC-50 2D	Polyvinyl alcohol	Carboxyl	18
	HILICpak	VN-50	Polyvinyl alcohol	Diol	18
	Asahipak	NH2P-40, NH2P-50, NH2P-90 20F	Polyvinyl alcohol	Amino	22
Reversed Phase (Silica-based)		C18	Silica	Octadecyl	24
	Silica	C18M	Silica	Octadecyl	24
		C18U	Organic/inorganic hybrid silica	Octadecyl	24
Ligand Exchange	SUGAR	SC1011, SC1211	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	26
	SUGAR	SP0810	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Pb ²⁺)	26
	SUGAR	KS-800	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Na ⁺)	26
	RSpak	DC-613	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Na ⁺)	26
	SUGAR	SZ5532	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Zn ²⁺)	26
	EP	SC1011-7F	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	27
	USPpak	MN-431	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	27
Ion Exclusion	SUGAR	SH1011, SH1821	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo	30
	RSpak	KC-811	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo	30
Ion Chromatography	IC	NI-424, I-524A	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Quaternary ammonium	32
	IC	SI-90, SI-50, SI-52, SI-35, SI-36	Polyvinyl alcohol	Quaternary ammonium	32, 33
	IC	YS-50	Polyvinyl alcohol	Carboxyl	33
	IC	YK-421	Silica	Carboxyl	33
Aqueous SEC (GFC)	PROTEIN	KW-800	Silica	Hydrophilic polymer	36
		KW400	Silica	Hydrophilic polymer	36
	PROTEIN	LW-803, LW-403 4D	Silica	Hydrophilic polymer	37
	OHpak	SB-800 HQ	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	—	40
	OHpak	SB-2000	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	—	40
	OHpak	LB-800	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	—	41
Multimode	Asahipak	GS-220 HQ, GS-320 HQ, GS-220 20G, GS-320 20G	Polyvinyl alcohol	—	44
Aqueous-Organic SEC	Asahipak	GF-210 HQ, GF-310 HQ, GF-510 HQ, GF-7M HQ, GS-310 20G, GS-510 20G	Polyvinyl alcohol	—	46
	MSPak	GF-310 4D			
Organic SEC (GPC)	GPC	KF-800, KD-800, KF-400HQ, HK-400, LF, FP-2002, KF-2000, K-2000, H-2000, KF-5000, K-5000	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	—	48 - 59
Ion Exchange	IEC	QA-825	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Quaternary ammonium	62
	IEC	DEAE-825	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Diethylaminoethyl	62
	Asahipak	ES-502N 7C	Polyvinyl alcohol	Diethylaminoethyl	62
	IEC	SP-825	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Sulfopropyl	62
	IEC	SP-FT 4A	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Sulfopropyl	62
	IEC	CM-825	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	Carboxymethyl	62
	Asahipak	ES-502C 7C	Polyvinyl alcohol	Carboxymethyl	62
	CXpak	P-421S	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	Sulfo (Na ⁺)	62
Chiral Separation	ORpak	CDBS-453	Silica	β-Cyclodextrin derivative	64
Column Switching Pretreatment	MSPak	GF-4A	Polyvinyl alcohol	—	64
GPC Clean-up	CLNpak	EV	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	—	64

HPLC Separation Modes

Liquid chromatography (LC) uses liquid as mobile phase (eluent). It is an analytical method that separates a mixture of compounds based on their physical and chemical differences. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) is a method that introduces the mobile phase under high-pressure conditions resulting in rapid and high-performance separations. The various interactions between the analyte, stationary phase (packing material), and mobile phase are the key factors for the separation. A wide variety of separation modes can be achieved by using particular combinations of stationary and mobile phases.

Separation mode	Characteristics
Reversed Phase Chromatography (RPC)	- Separation is based on the partition equilibrium between stationary phase and mobile phase. - The polarity of the stationary phase is lower than that of the mobile phase. - Typically the mobile phase contains a mixture of organic solvents (methanol, acetonitrile, or THF) and aqueous solvents (water or buffer). - Use of lower polarity mobile phases fasten the elution.
Hydrophilic Interaction Chromatography (HILIC)	- Separation is based on hydrophilic interaction. - A high polarity stationary phase is used. - Typically the mobile phase contains a mixture of organic solvents such as acetonitrile and aqueous solvents (water or buffer). - Using the higher polarity mobile phase causes a faster elution. - Applicable for the analysis of high polar substances.
Normal Phase Chromatography (NPC)	- Separation is based on the partition equilibrium between the stationary phase and the mobile phase. - The polarity of the stationary phase is higher than that of the mobile phase. - Typically the mobile phase contains a mixture of organic solvents with different polarities such as hexane and isopropanol. - Using the higher polarity mobile phase causes a faster elution.
Ligand Exchange Chromatography (LEX)	- Separation is based on differences in analytes' coordination complex. - Stationary phase modified with metal sulfonate complex ion. - Works in combination with size exclusion or HILIC modes.
Ion Exclusion Chromatography (IEX)	- Separation is based on electrostatic interaction (repulsion) between the ion exchanger and ionic solutes. - Dissociated ionic molecules elute faster than non-dissociated forms. - Used mainly for the analysis of organic acids.
Ion Chromatography (IC)	- Separation is based on electrostatic interaction (bonding) between the ion exchanger and ionic solutes. - Electrical conductivity detector can be used with a mobile phase with low-salt concentration. - Used mainly for the analysis of inorganic compounds.
Size Exclusion Chromatography (SEC)	- Network or pores on the surface of the packing material works as molecular sieve to separate molecules based on their sizes. - To separate molecules solely based on their sizes, it requires an analytical condition without any compounds and packing gel interaction. - The bigger the molecule size, the faster the elution sequence. - Used for molecular weight or molecular distribution determination of macromolecules and qualification of oligomers.
Ion Exchange Chromatography (IEC)	- Separation is based on electrostatic interactions between the ion exchanger and ionic solutes. - The mobile phase of choice should have a sufficient buffering capacity at the pH that produces the largest charge differences between the analyte of interest. - The elution position is optimized by varying the pH, salt concentration, and/or ionic strength of the mobile phase.
Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography (HIC)	- Separation is based on hydrophobic interaction. - Hydrophobic functional group is modified on the stationary phase. - Adsorption of analytes generally occurs at a high salt concentration and they are released by lowering the salt concentration. - Used mainly for the analysis of proteins.
Affinity Chromatography (AFC)	- Separation is based on adsorption of the analyte to the specific biologically derived ligand pair. - Highly selective. - A buffer solution with the appropriate pH and ionic strength is selected based on the type of ligand, analytes, and their interaction. - Used mainly for the purification and concentration of biologically active substances.
Chiral Separation Chromatography (CS)	- Separation of optical isomers using chiral selectors. - Highly selective.
Multimode Chromatography	Separation is based on the combination of different modes.

Column Selection (Proteins, Peptides, and Amino Acids)

	Separation mode		Column	Page
Proteins Peptides	SEC		KW-802.5, KW402.5-4F	36
			LW-803, LW-403 4D	37
			KW-803, KW403-4F	36
			KW-804, KW404-4F	36
			KW405-4F	36
	Reversed phase		DE series	16
			ODP-50 series	14
			C4P-50 4D	14
	HILIC		VC-50 2D	18
			NH2P series	22
	Ion exchange		QA-825	62
			DEAE-825	62
			ES-502N 7C	62
			SP-825, SP-FT 4A	62
			CM-825	62
			ES-502C 7C	62
	Multimode		GS-220 HQ	44
			GS-320 HQ	44
Amino acids	Ion exchange		NN-814	16
			YS-50	33
			P-421S	62
	Reversed phase		ODP-50 series	14
	HILIC		VC-50 2D	18
			VG-50 series	18
			NH2P series	22

Column Selection (Nucleic Acids)

		Separation mode	Column	Page
Nucleic acids	Nucleobases Nucleosides Nucleotides	Multimode	GS-320 HQ	44
			NN-814	16
		Reversed phase	DE series	16
	Oligonucleic acids	HILIC	VN-50 series	18
		Multimode	GS-320 HQ	44
	DNA RNA	Ion exchange	DEAE-825	62
			SB-804 HQ, LB-804	40, 41
			GF-510 HQ	46
			SB-805 HQ, LB-805	40, 41
			GF-7M HQ	46
		SEC	SB-806 HQ, LB-806	40, 41
			SB-806M HQ, LB-806M	40, 41

Column Selection (Organic Acids)

		Separation mode	Column	Page
Organic acids		Ion exclusion (+ Reversed phase)	KC-811	30
			SH1011, SH1821	30
			NN-814	16
		Reversed phase	DE series	16
		Ion exchange	NI-424	32
			SI series	32
		HILIC	VG-50 series	18

Column Selection (Saccharides)

	Separation mode	Column	Page
Mono-, di-saccharides, and sugar alcohols Saccharides and sugar alcohols	Ligand exchange + SEC	SP0810 (Pb ²⁺)	26
		SC1011 (Ca ²⁺)	26
		KS-801 (Na ⁺)	26
	Ligand exchange + HILIC	SZ5532 (Zn ²⁺)	26
		DC-613 (Na ⁺)	26
	HILIC	VG-50 series	18
		NH2P series	22
Sugar alcohols	Ligand exchange + HILIC	SC1211 (Ca ²⁺)	26
Oligosaccharides and sugar alcohols	Ligand exchange + SEC	KS-801 (Na ⁺) + KS-802 (Na ⁺)	26
		VG-50 series	18
Amino sugars	HILIC	NH2P series	22
	Ion exchange	SC1011 (Ca ²⁺)	26
Acidic sugars	Ion exclusion	SH1011 (H ⁺)	30
		KC-811	30
	Ion exchange	VT-50 2D	18
		NH2P series	22
Saccharides and organic acids	Ion exclusion + SEC	SH1011 (H ⁺), SH1821 (H ⁺)	30
Oligosaccharides	SEC	KS-801 (Na ⁺)	26
		SB-802 HQ	40
		GS-220 HQ	44
		KS-802 (Na ⁺)	26
		SB-802.5 HQ, LB-802.5	40, 41
		GS-320 HQ	44
	HILIC	VN-50 series	18
		NH2P series	22
Polysaccharides	SEC	KS-803 (Na ⁺)	26
		SB-803 HQ, LB-803	40, 41
		KS-804 (Na ⁺)	26
		SB-804 HQ, LB-804	40, 41
		SB-805 HQ, LB-805	40, 41
		SB-806 HQ, LB-806	40, 41
		SB-806M HQ, LB-806M	40, 41
		SB-807 HQ	40

Column Selection (Drugs, Metabolites and Chiral Compounds)

	Separation mode	Column	Page
Drugs Metabolites	Reversed phase	ODP2 HP	12
		ODP-50 series, C4P-50 4D	14
		DS-413, DS-613	16
		DE series	16
		C18M, C18U	24
	HILIC	VC-50 2D	18
		VT-50 2D	18
		NH2P series	22
	Ion exchange	I-524A	32
		NI-424	32
YK-421		33	
ES-502C 7C		62	
Multimode	GS-320 HQ	44	
Chiral compounds	Chiral separation	CDBS-453	64

Column Selection (Vitamins, Hormones / Neurotransmitters and Lipids)

	Separation mode	Column	Page
Water-soluble vitamins	Reversed phase	ODP-50 series	14
		DE series	16
		DM-614	16
		C18M, C18U	24
	HILIC	VG-50 series	18
		VT-50 2D	18
		NH2P series	22
	Multimode	NN-814	16
Fat-soluble vitamins	Reversed phase	ODP-50 series	14
		C18M, C18U	24
	SEC	KF-801, KF-401HQ	48, 52
Hormones / Neurotransmitters	Reversed phase	ODP-50 series	14
		DE series	16
		C18M, C18U	24
		SB-802.5 HQ, LB-802.5	40, 41
	HILIC	VC-50 2D	18
		VT-50 2D	18
		NH2P series	22
	Ion exchange	ES-502N 7C	62
		ES-502C 7C	62
Lipids	Reversed phase	ODP-50 series	14
		DS-413, DS-613	16
		DE series	16
	SEC	GF-310 HQ	46
		KF-801, KF-802, KF-802.5	48
		KF-402HQ	52

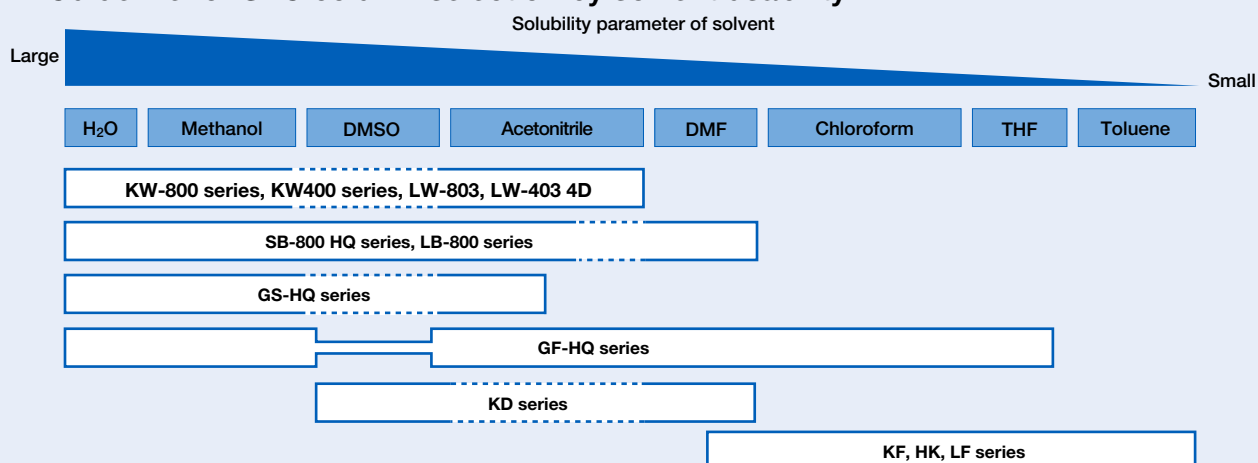
Column Selection (Anions and Cations)

Separation mode		Column	Page
Anions	Ion exchange	Inorganic anions analysis (Suppressor method: Sodium carbonate eluent)	SI-90 4E 32
			SI-35 2B 33
		Inorganic anions and organic acids analysis (Suppressor method: Sodium carbonate eluent)	SI-50 4E 32
		Inorganic anions and oxyhalides analysis (Suppressor method: Sodium carbonate eluent)	SI-52 4E 32
			SI-35 4D 32
	HILIC	Inorganic anions analysis (Suppressor method: Potassium hydroxide eluent)	SI-36 4D 33
		Inorganic anions analysis (Non-suppressor method)	NI-424 32
			I-524A 32
Cations	Ion exchange	Oxyhalides analysis (LC/MS)	JJ-50 2D 16
		Cyanide ions and cyanogen chloride analysis (Post column method)	KC-811 6E 30
	Ion exchange	Simultaneous analysis of monovalent and divalent cations (Non-suppressor / Suppressor method) Analysis of alkylamines and/or transition metals	YS-50 33
		Simultaneous analysis of monovalent and divalent cations (Non-suppressor method) Analysis of ethanolamines and/or alkylamines	YK-421 33
		Transition metal ion analysis (LC/ICP-MS)	VC-50 2D 18

Column Selection (Polymers)

	Application	Eluent	Column	Page
Aqueous SEC (GFC)	Biological macromolecules (Proteins, Peptides, Nucleic acids, etc.)	Buffer etc.	KW-800 series	36
			KW400 series	36
			LW-803	37
			LW-403 4D	37
	Biological macromolecules (High MW range)	Buffer etc.	SB-800 HQ series	40
			LB-800 series	41
	Water-soluble polymers (Polyacrylamide, etc.)	Water, buffer and aqueous salt solution, etc.	SB-800 HQ series	40
			LB-800 series	41
	Organic SEC (GPC)	General polymers	THF	KF-800 series
KF-400HQ series				52
HK-400 series				54
Chloroform			LF series	56
			KF-800 series	48
			HK-400 series	54
Polar polymers (Polyimides etc.)		DMF	LF series	56
			SB-800 HQ series	40
			LB-800 series	41
			KD-800 series	50
			HK-400 series	54
Engineering plastics (Polyamides etc.)		HFIP	LF series	56
			HK-400 series	54
			KD-800 series	50
Aqueous-Organic SEC				GF-HQ series

Guideline for SEC column selection by solvent usability



See page 60 for the solvent replaceability of organic solvent SEC (GPC) packed columns.

Precautions for Polar Polymer Analysis

Unexpected interactions in the column can affect the size exclusion chromatography analysis of polar polymers. These interactions may change elution patterns and results in an invalid molecular weight calculation. It is important to reduce these interfering interactions in order to obtain the accurate molecular weight distribution.

~ Interfering interactions likely to be observed ~

Interactions between the analyte and the packing materials

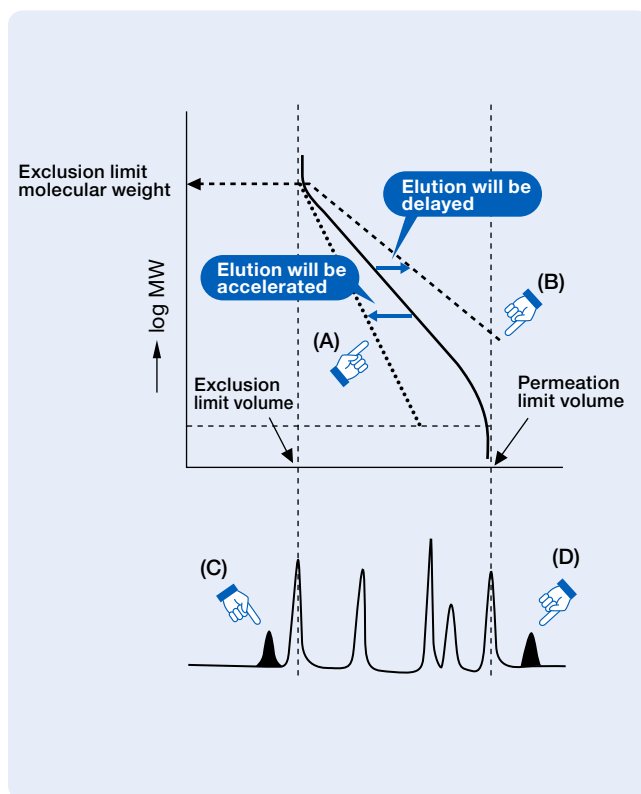
- ◆ Hydrophobic interaction
 - The analyte is adsorbed on the packing material.
 - This delays the analyte elution and results in under estimating the analyte's molecular weight. See (B) and (D).
- ◆ Ionic interaction
 - (1) Ion Exclusion
 - The analyte is repelled from the packing material.
 - This accelerates the analyte elution and results in over estimating the analyte's molecular weight. See (A) and (C).
 - (2) Ion Exchange
 - The analyte is adsorbed onto the packing material.
 - This delays the analyte elution and results in under estimating the analyte's molecular weight. See (B) and (D).

Interaction within and between the analyte

- ◆ Ionic repulsion effects observed within the multivalent macromolecules causes structure expansion
 - This accelerates the analyte elution and results in over estimating the analyte's molecular weight. See (A).
- ◆ Association between the molecules
 - This accelerates the analyte elution and results in over estimating the analyte's molecular weight. See (A).

Interactions between the analyte and the solvent

- ◆ The multivalent ion in the solvent works as a bridge to bind ionic molecules (analyte).



Methods to reduce interactions

Aqueous SEC (GFC)

Ionic interaction

- ◆ Add salt into the eluent

Hydrophobic interaction

- ◆ Increase the analyte dissociation
 - Cationic polymer → Lower the eluent pH
 - Anionic polymer → Higher the eluent pH
- ◆ Lower the eluent polarity
 - e.g. Add acetonitrile or methanol

Organic SEC (GPC)

Ionic interaction

- ◆ Add salt into the eluent
 - e.g. Add LiBr to DMF
 - Add CF_3COONa to HFIP

Hydrophobic interaction

- ◆ Lower the eluent polarity
 - e.g. Change the eluent from DMF to THF

Hydrophilic interaction

- ◆ Increase the eluent polarity
 - e.g. Change the eluent from THF to DMF

Polymer-based Reversed Phase Chromatography Columns (ODP2 HP)

Features

ODP2 HP

- Provides a large theoretical plate number nearly twice as much as generally available polymer-based reversed phase columns do
- Offers enhanced retention of high polar substances compared to ODS columns
- Suitable for the analysis of small molecules such as pharmaceuticals in the presence of protein matrix
- Ideal for LC/MS analysis of high polar compounds
- Fulfills USP-NF L39 requirements

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7622001	ODP2 HP-4B	≥ 3,500	—	5	40	4.6 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F7622002	ODP2 HP-4D	≥ 10,000	—	5	40	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F7622003	ODP2 HP-4E	≥ 17,000	—	5	40	4.6 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F6714010	ODP2 HPG-4A	(guard column)	—	5	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7622004	ODP2 HP-2B	≥ 3,000	—	5	40	2.0 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F7622005	ODP2 HP-2D	≥ 7,000	—	5	40	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F6714011	ODP2 HPG-2A	(guard column)	—	5	—	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

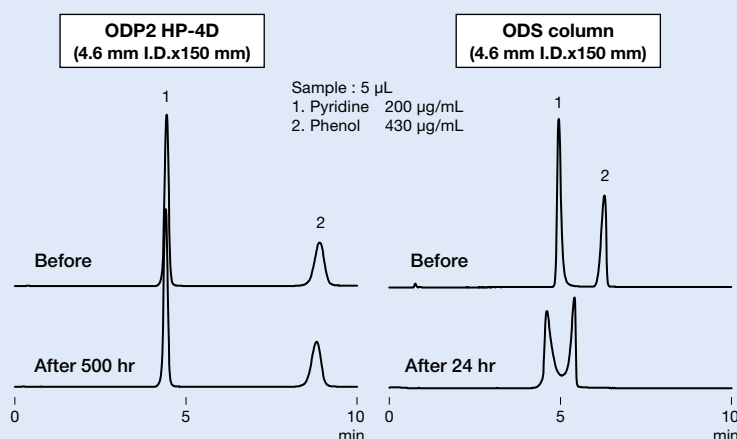
Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6822001	ODP2 HP-10E	≥ 9,500	6	10.0 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45
F6714015	ODP2 HPG-7B	(guard column)	6	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 55/45

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

Comparison between ODP2 HP-4D and an ODS column for their alkaline tolerances

Chromatograms obtained before and after passing alkaline eluent



Analysis condition

Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-4D
ODS column from other manufacturer

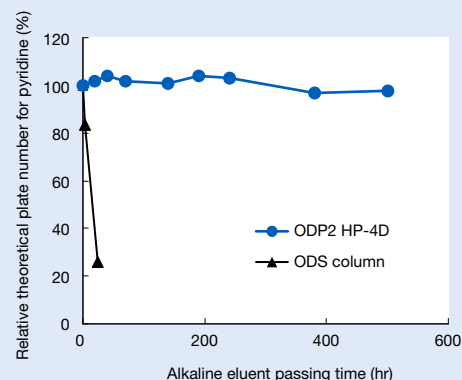
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃OH = 70/30

Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min

Detector : UV (254 nm)

Column temp. : 40 °C

Correlation between alkaline eluent passing time and relative theoretical plate number



Eluent passing conditions for an alkaline tolerance test

Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-4D
ODS column from other manufacturer

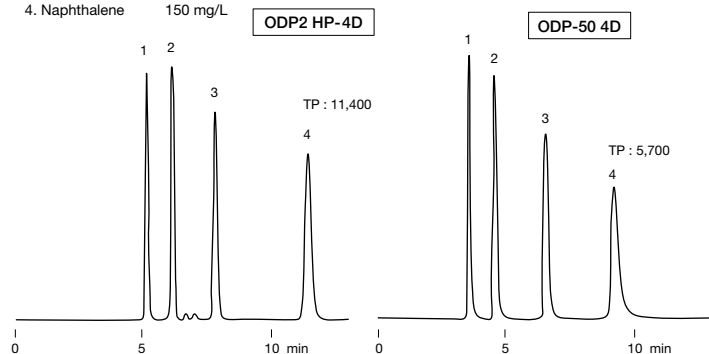
Eluent : 10 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH12)
 /CH₃CN = 45/55

Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min

Column temp. : 30 °C

Comparison between ODP2 HP and ODP-50

Sample : 5 μ L
 1. Phenol 300 mg/L
 2. Methyl benzoate 350 mg/L
 3. Toluene 1000 mg/L
 4. Naphthalene 150 mg/L

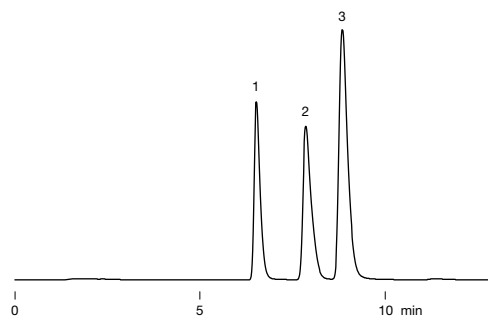


Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-4D
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN = 55/45
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4D
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN = 35/65
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Imidazoles

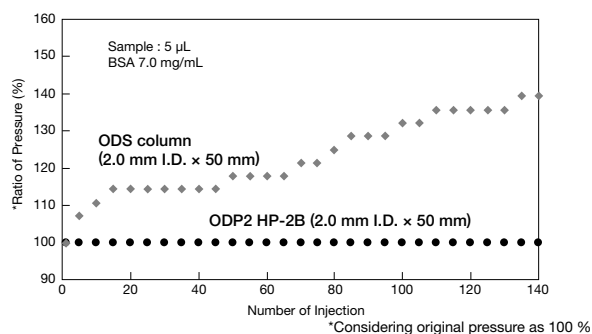
Sample : 0.1 % each, 10 μ L
 1. Imidazole
 2. 2-Methylimidazole
 3. 4-Methylimidazole



Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-4E
Eluent : 10 mM Na₂HPO₄ aq./CH₃CN = 90/10
Flow rate : 0.8 mL/min
Detector : UV (220 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Influence of repeated protein injection on column pressure

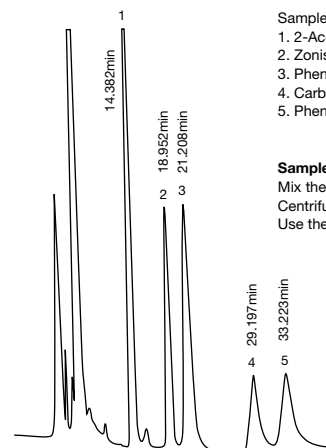
ODP2 HP columns are packed with gels with increased surface polarity and smaller pore size which prevent the adsorption of proteins. BSA was injected multiple times to both ODS and ODP2 HP columns. A significant column pressure increase was observed for the ODS column, while no considerable change was observed for the ODP2 HP column even after 140 injections.



Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-2B
ODS column from other manufacturer
Eluent : 1 mM CH₃COONH₄ aq./CH₃CN = 90/10
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : UV (220 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Anticonvulsant in serum

Sample : 20 μ L
 1. 2-Acetaminophenol (I.S.) 10 μ g/mL
 2. Zonisamide 13.0 μ g/mL
 3. Phenobarbital 19.0 μ g/mL
 4. Carbamazepine 4.5 μ g/mL
 5. Phenytoin 9.0 μ g/mL

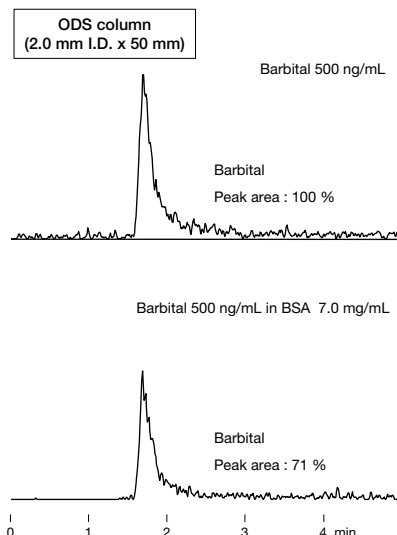
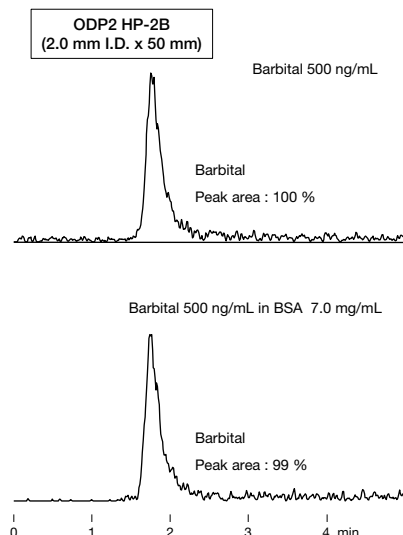


Sample pretreatment:
 Mix the same volumes of serum and acetonitrile. Centrifuge the mixture at 6000 x g for 5 minutes. Use the supernatant as sample.

Data provided by Katsuko Hara.MT
 Yutaka Komiya .Ph.D.,
 Department of Clinical Sciences
 and Laboratory Medicine,
 Kansai Medical University.

Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-4E
Eluent : 25 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH5.2)/CH₃CN = 680/320
Flow rate : 0.35 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Comparison of barbitol recovery rate using ODP2 HP-2B and ODS in the presence of BSA



LC/MS analysis of drugs in biological samples is often interfered by ion suppression caused by presence of protein when using general ODS columns. However, ODP2 HP does not retain proteins and elutes them at the void volume. Thus, elution of barbitol is not affected when using the ODP2 HP and provides better recovery rate than that of an ODS column.

Column : Shodex ODP2 HP-2B
ODS column from other manufacturer
Eluent : 10 mM CH₃COONH₄ aq./CH₃CN = 70/30
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM Negative: m/z 183)
Column temp. : 30 °C
Injection vol. : 10 μ L

Polymer-based Reversed Phase Chromatography Columns (Asahipak)

Features

ODP-50 C4P-50 4D

- Relatively large pore size is suitable for the analysis of amino acids, peptides, and proteins
- Usable in a wide pH range from pH 2 to 13
- Usable in 100 % water and buffer solution
- Best used for the analysis of basic substances
- ODP-50 fulfills USP-NF L67 requirements

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7620002	Asahipak ODP-50 6D	≥ 9,000	Octadecyl	5	250	6.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F7620001	Asahipak ODP-50 6E	≥ 14,000	Octadecyl	5	250	6.0 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6710001	Asahipak ODP-50G 6A	(guard column)	Octadecyl	5	—	6.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6710023	Asahipak ODP-50 4B	≥ 2,500	Octadecyl	5	250	4.6 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F7620004	Asahipak ODP-50 4D	≥ 9,000	Octadecyl	5	250	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F7620003	Asahipak ODP-50 4E	≥ 14,000	Octadecyl	5	250	4.6 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6710022	Asahipak ODP-50G 4A	(guard column)	Octadecyl	5	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F7620008	Asahipak C4P-50 4D	≥ 6,000	Butyl	5	250	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6710003	Asahipak C4P-50G 4A	(guard column)	Butyl	5	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

• Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7620009	Asahipak ODP-50 2D	≥ 5,000	Octadecyl	5	250	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6713001	Asahipak ODP-50G 2A	(guard column)	Octadecyl	5	—	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65

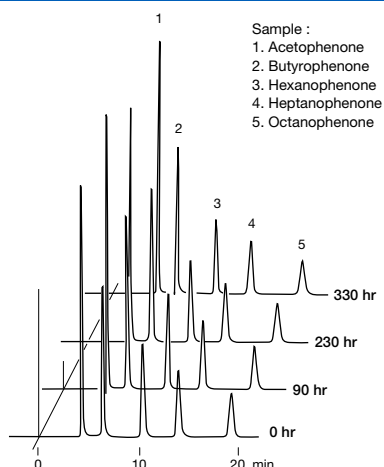
Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

• Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6820001	Asahipak ODP-50 10E	≥ 10,000	Octadecyl	5	10.0 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6820035	Asahipak ODP-90 20F	≥ 9,000	Octadecyl	9	20.0 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65
F6710004	Asahipak ODP-130G 7B	(guard column)	Octadecyl	13	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 35/65

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

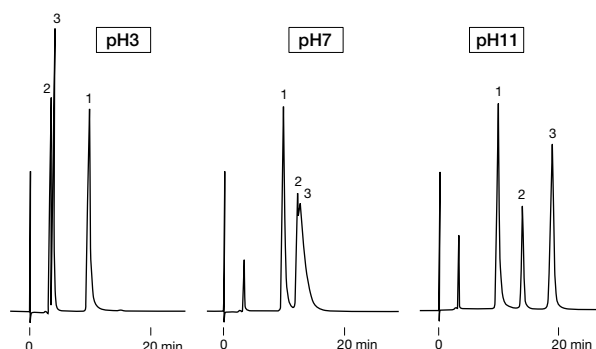
Alkaline tolerance of ODP-50



Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4D
Eluent : 10 mM NaOH aq. (pH12.0)/CH₃CN = 35/65
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Local anesthetics

Dissociation of tertiary amino groups in basic drugs can be suppressed by making pH of the eluent higher than pK_a of the amino groups. This increases the relative hydrophobicity of the basic drugs, thereby allowing the column to retain the drugs stronger and provide baseline separation of them.

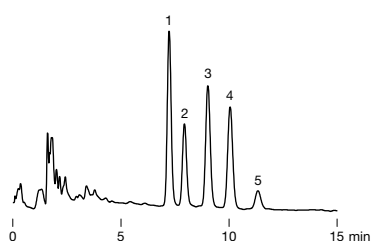


Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4D
Eluent : 25 mM Phosphate buffer/CH₃CN = 60/40
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Unsaturated fatty acids

Sample : 0.002 % each (in Ethanol), 5 µL

1. EPA (Eicosapentaenoic acid)
2. α-Linolenic acid
3. DHA (Docosahexaenoic acid)
4. Arachidonic acid
5. Linoleic acid

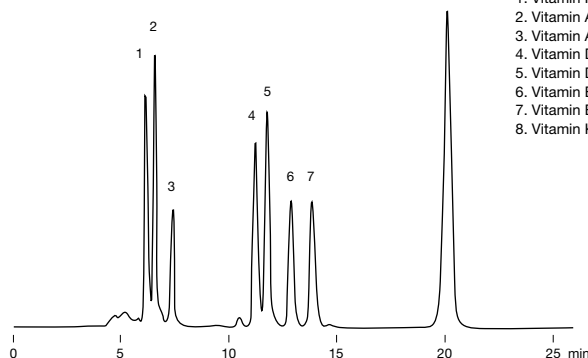


Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4D
Eluent : 0.1 % H₃PO₄ in (H₂O/CH₃CN = 30/70)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (215 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Fat-soluble vitamins

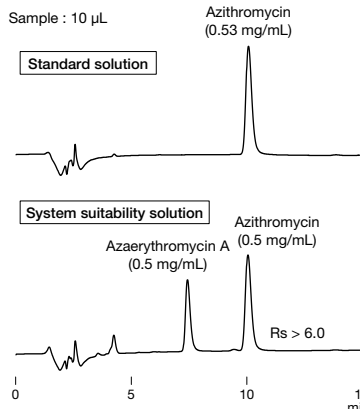
Sample : 20 µL

1. Vitamin K₃ 1.5 µg/mL
2. Vitamin A 0.3 µg/mL
3. Vitamin A acetate 1.9 µg/mL
4. Vitamin D₂ 0.3 µg/mL
5. Vitamin D₃ 0.3 µg/mL
6. Vitamin E acetate 2.4 µg/mL
7. Vitamin E 2.5 µg/mL
8. Vitamin K₁ 2.4 µg/mL



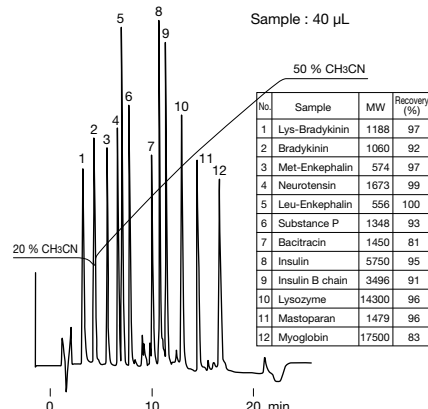
Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4E
Eluent : CH₃CN/CH₃OH = 50/50
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Analysis of azithromycin according to USP-NF method



Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 4E
Eluent : 6.7 g/L Dibasic potassium phosphate aq. (pH11.0 adjusted with 10 M KOH) /CH₃CN = 40/60
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Gradient analysis of proteins and peptides



Column : Shodex Asahipak ODP-50 6D
Eluent : (A); 0.05 % TFA aq./CH₃CN = 80/20
 (B); 0.05 % TFA aq./CH₃CN = 50/50
 Linear gradient; (A) to (B), 20 min
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (220 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Polymer-based Reversed Phase Chromatography Columns (RSpak)

Features

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| DS-613 | • Suitable for reversed phase analysis of highly hydrophilic substances that are not well retained by ODS columns |
| DS-413 | • Fulfill USP-NF L21 requirements |
| DE-613 | • General purpose polymer-based column having similar polarity as ODS columns |
| DE-413 | • Wide working pH range (from pH 2 to 12), usable in 100 % water and buffer solutions |
| DE-213 | • Fulfill USP-NF L71 requirements |
| DM-614 | • Suitable for the analysis of amino acids and water-soluble vitamins |
| | • Fulfills USP-NF L39 requirements |
| NN-814 | • The packing material modified with sulfo groups supports multimode (reversed phase and cation exchange) analysis |
| | • Ideal for the analysis of complex samples containing neutral and ionic substances |
| JJ-50 2D | • The packing material is modified with trace amounts of quaternary ammonium groups, and supports multimode (reversed phase and anion exchange) analysis |
| | • Ideal for analysis of complex samples containing neutral and ionic substances |

DS

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7001001	RSpak DS-613	≥ 6,500	—	6	200	6.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN/THF = 30/40/30
F6700140	RSpak DS-G	(guard column)	—	10	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN/THF = 30/40/30
F7001012	RSpak DS-413	≥ 11,000	—	3.5	200	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN/THF = 40/30/30

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

DE

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7001004	RSpak DE-613	≥ 7,000	—	6	25	6.0 x 150	H ₂ O
F7001005	RSpak DE-413	≥ 11,000	—	4	25	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 50/50
F6700150	RSpak DE-G 4A	(guard column)	—	10	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O

Base Material: Polymethacrylate

• Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7001007	RSpak DE-213	≥ 8,000	—	4	25	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 50/50
F6700151	RSpak DE-G 2A	(guard column)	—	6	—	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 50/50

Base Material: Polymethacrylate

DM

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7001002	RSpak DM-614	≥ 4,500	—	10	200	6.0 x 150	5 mM H ₃ PO ₄ aq.
F6700160	RSpak DM-G 4A	(guard column)	—	12	—	4.6 x 10	5 mM H ₃ PO ₄ aq.

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

NN

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7008140	RSpak NN-814	≥ 9,000	Sulfo	10	200	8.0 x 250	0.1 M Sodium phosphate buffer (pH3.0)
F6700510	RSpak NN-G	(guard column)	Sulfo	10	—	6.0 x 50	0.1 M Sodium phosphate buffer (pH3.0)

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

JJ

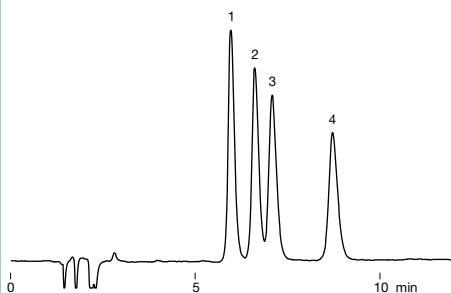
• Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7008220	RSpak JJ-50 2D	≥ 3,500	Quaternary ammonium	5	100	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 40/60

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

Fatty acid methyl esters

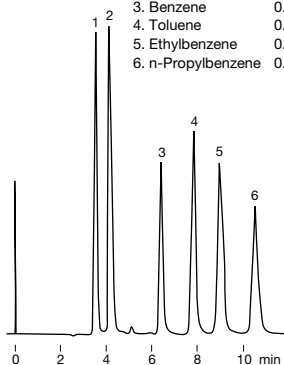
Sample : 0.2 % each, 20 μ L
 1. Methyl linoleate
 2. Methyl palmitate
 3. Methyl oleate
 4. Methyl stearate



Column : Shodex RSpak DS-413
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN/THF = 25/45/30
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Alkylbenzenes

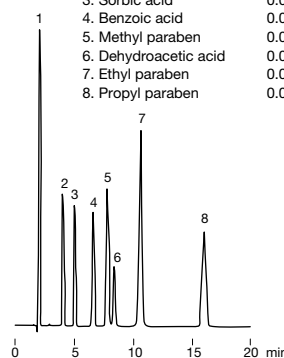
Sample : 5 μ L
 1. m-Cresol 0.1 %
 2. 2,4-Xylenol 0.1 %
 3. Benzene 0.5 %
 4. Toluene 0.5 %
 5. Ethylbenzene 0.5 %
 6. n-Propylbenzene 0.5 %



Column : Shodex RSpak DS-613
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN/THF = 30/40/30
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Food additives (Preservatives)

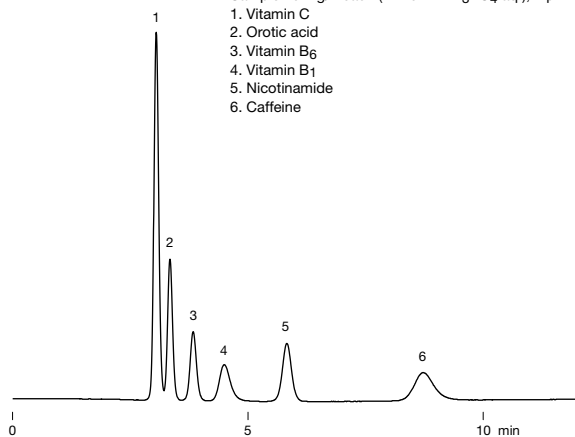
Sample : 10 μ L
 1. Saccharin sodium 0.005 %
 2. p-Hydroxybenzoic acid 0.005 %
 3. Sorbic acid 0.02 %
 4. Benzoic acid 0.02 %
 5. Methyl paraben 0.01 %
 6. Dehydroacetic acid 0.01 %
 7. Ethyl paraben 0.02 %
 8. Propyl paraben 0.02 %



Column : Shodex RSpak DE-413
Eluent : 50 mM KH₂PO₄ + 0.1 % H₃PO₄ aq./CH₃CN = 65/35
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Vitamins

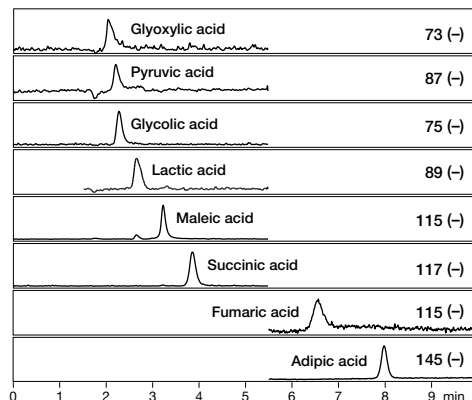
Sample : 5 mg/L each (in 2.5 mM H₃PO₄ aq.), 4 μ L
 1. Vitamin C
 2. Orotic acid
 3. Vitamin B₆
 4. Vitamin B₁
 5. Nicotinamide
 6. Caffeine



Column : Shodex RSpak DM-614
Eluent : 0.055 M Na₂HPO₄ + 0.045 M KH₂PO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

LC/MS analysis of organic acids

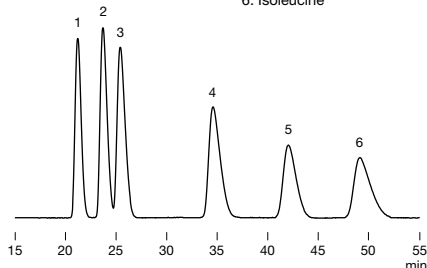
Sample : 50 ng/mL each, 10 μ L



Column : Shodex RSpak DE-213
Eluent : (A); 0.1 % (v/v) Formic acid aq./ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient; 5 B % (0 to 2 min),
 5 B % to 15 B % (2 to 2.5 min), 15 B % (2.5 to 10 min)
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 30 °C

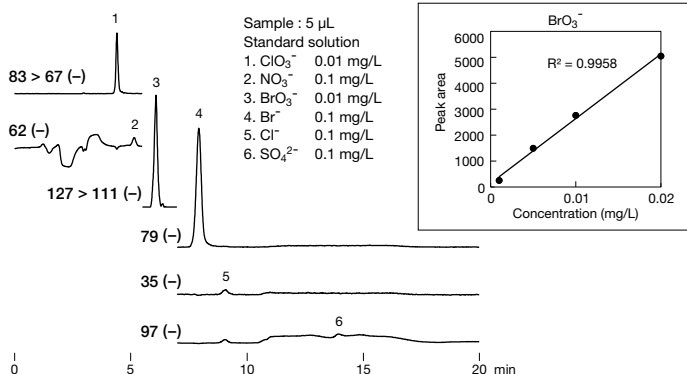
Amino acids

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L
 1. Aspartic acid
 2. Glycine
 3. Alanine
 4. Valine
 5. Methionine
 6. Isoleucine



Column : Shodex RSpak NN-814
Eluent : 40 mM H₃PO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

High sensitive analysis of bromate by LC/MS/MS



Sample : 5 μ L
Standard solution
 1. ClO₃⁻ 0.01 mg/L
 2. NO₃⁻ 0.1 mg/L
 3. BrO₃⁻ 0.01 mg/L
 4. Br⁻ 0.1 mg/L
 5. Cl⁻ 0.1 mg/L
 6. SO₄²⁻ 0.1 mg/L
Column : Shodex RSpak JJ-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 200 mM HCOONH₄ aq./ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient (High pressure);
 85 B % (0 to 8 min), 85 B % to 50 B % (8 to 9 min), 50 B % (9 to 14 min),
 50 B % to 85 B % (14 to 15 min), 85 B % (15 to 20 min)
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM) for ClO₃⁻, BrO₃⁻
 ESI-MS (SIM) for NO₃⁻, Br⁻, Cl⁻, SO₄²⁻
Column temp. : 50 °C

Polymer-based Hydrophilic Interaction Chromatography (HILIC) Columns (HILICpak)

Features

- VG-50**
 - Suitable for saccharide analysis using HILIC mode
 - Recovers reducing saccharides with high ratio
 - Polymer-based packing material provides excellent chemical stability and minimum deterioration over an extended time period
 - Easily regenerated by washing in an alkaline solution
 - Appropriate for evaporative light scattering detector, corona charged aerosol detector, and LC/MS
- VT-50 2D**
 - Suitable for anionic substances (especially phosphate compounds) analysis using HILIC mode
 - Use of some eluents add ion exchange mode
 - Polymer-based packing material provides excellent chemical stability and minimum deterioration over an extended time period
 - Suitable for LC/MS analysis
- VC-50 2D**
 - Modified carboxyl group is suitable for cationic substance analysis including amines
 - The dominant separation mode is RP or IEX rather than HILIC mode
- VN-50**
 - The modified diol groups on the packing material create the HILIC mode
 - Suitable for oligosaccharide and oligonucleotide separation which is not possible by SEC column or conventional HILIC columns

VG-50

- Standard columns (Housing Material: SUS)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630200	HILICpak VG-50 4D	≥ 5,500	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 20/80
F7630100	HILICpak VG-50 4E	≥ 7,500	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 20/80
F6711100	HILICpak VG-50G 4A	(guard column)	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 20/80

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

- Semi-micro columns (Housing Material: PEEK)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630300	HILICpak VG-50 2D	≥ 3,500	Amino	5	100	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 15/85
F6711200	HILICpak VG-50G 2A	(guard column)	Amino	5	100	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 15/85

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

VT-50

- Semi-micro columns (Housing Material: PEEK)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630400	HILICpak VT-50 2D	≥ 4,500	Quaternary ammonium	5	100	2.0 x 150	25 mM HCOONH ₄ aq./ CH ₃ CN = 15/85
F6711300	HILICpak VT-50G 2A	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	5	100	2.0 x 10	25 mM HCOONH ₄ aq./ CH ₃ CN = 15/85

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

VC-50

- Semi-micro columns (Housing Material: PEEK)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630700	HILICpak VC-50 2D	≥ 3,500	Carboxyl	5	100	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O
F6711600	HILICpak VC-50G 2A	(guard column)	Carboxyl	5	100	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

VN-50

- Standard columns (Housing Material: PEEK)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630500	HILICpak VN-50 4D	≥ 10,000	Diol	5	100	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75
F6711400	HILICpak VN-50G 4A	(guard column)	Diol	5	100	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

- Semi-micro columns (Housing Material: PEEK)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630600	HILICpak VN-50 2D	≥ 3,500	Diol	5	100	2.0 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75
F6711500	HILICpak VN-50G 2A	(guard column)	Diol	5	100	2.0 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75

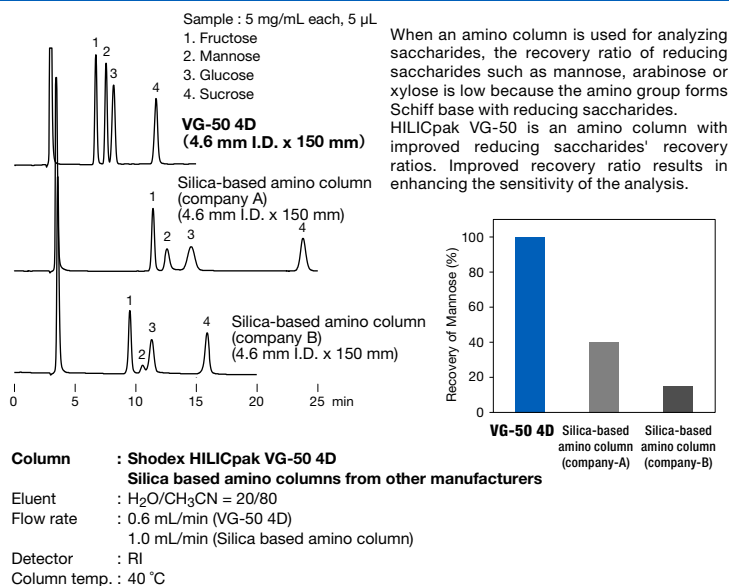
Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

- Preparative columns (Housing Material: SUS) [Preparative columns are made to order.]

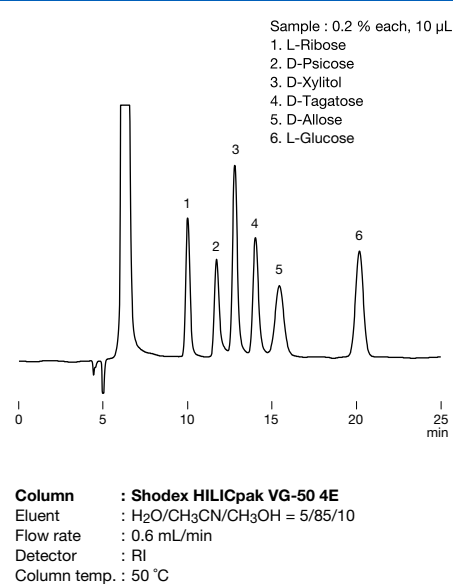
Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6830100	HILICpak VN-50 10E	≥ 11,000	Diol	5	10.0 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75
F6711400	HILICpak VN-50G 4A	(guard column)	Diol	5	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O/CH ₃ CN = 25/75

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

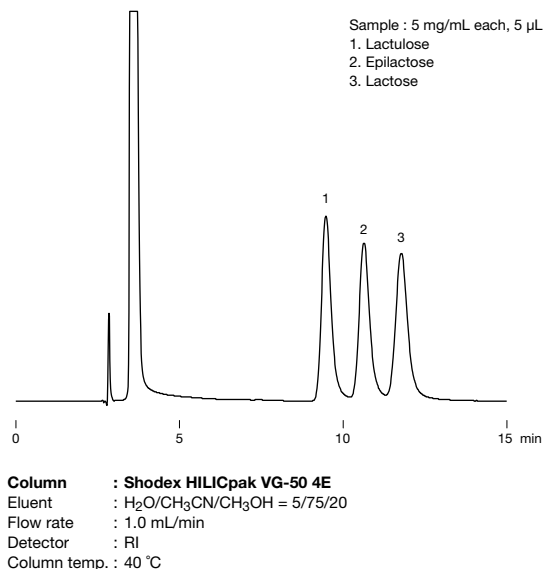
Recovery of reducing sugar



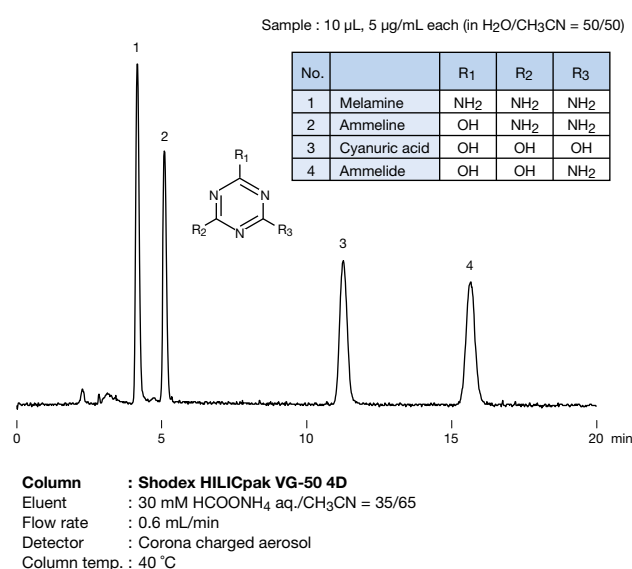
Rare sugar



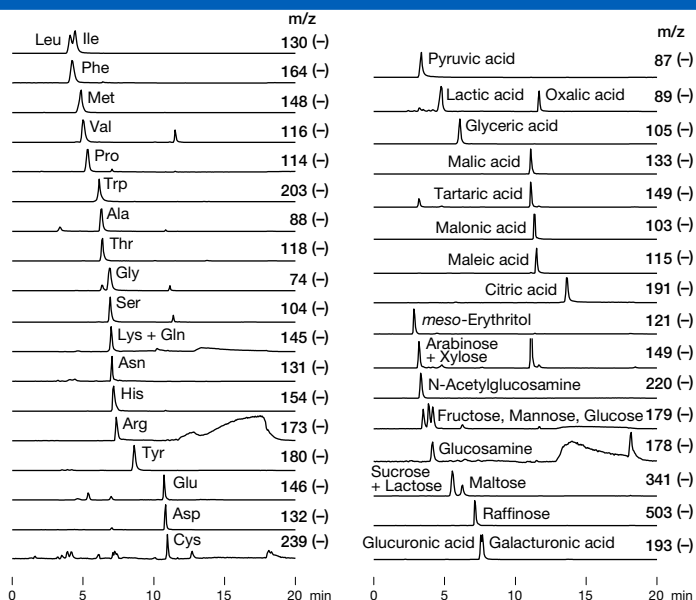
Lactose, epilactose, and lactulose



Melamine and related substances



Simultaneous analysis of saccharides, organic acids and amino acids with LC/MS

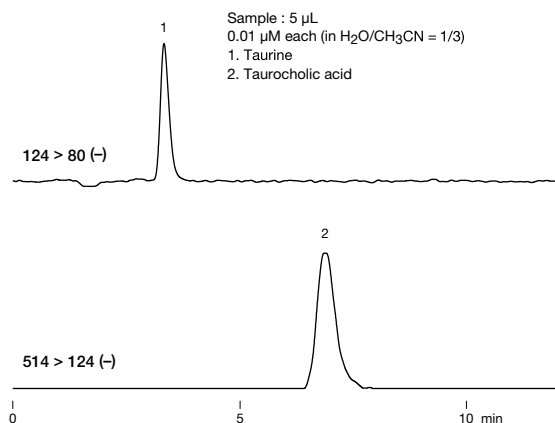


Sample : 1 μ g/mL each (in $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 1/4$), 5 μ L

VG-50 2D allows simultaneous analysis of saccharides, organic acids and amino acids with LC/MS detection under alkaline conditions. High anionic substances elute under alkaline conditions. Furthermore, alkaline conditions promote the deprotonation of hydroxyl groups at the time of ionization. Therefore, alkaline conditions are suitable for high sensitive detection of substances with hydroxyl groups such as saccharides under the negative mode.

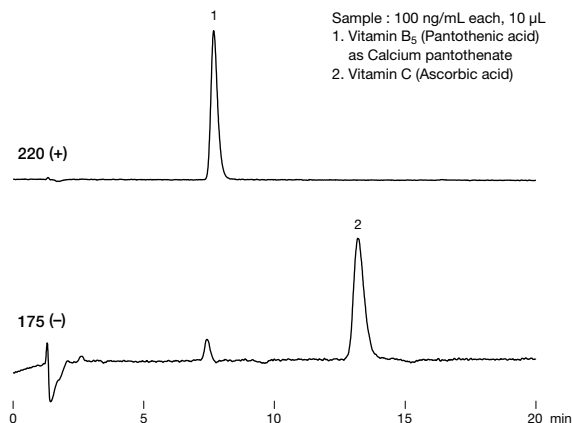
Column : Shodex HILICpak VG-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 0.5 % NH_3 aq./ (B); CH_3CN
 Linear gradient (High pressure);
 80 B % (0 to 2 min), 80 B % to 10 B % (2 to 12 min),
 10 B % (12 to 15 min), 80 B % (15 to 20 min)
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

LC/MS/MS analysis of organic sulfonic acids



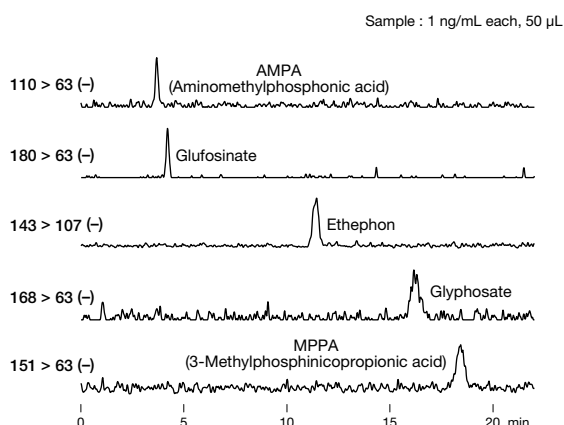
Column : Shodex HILICpak VT-50 2D
Eluent : 50 mM HCOONH₄ aq./CH₃CN = 20/80
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 30 °C

LC/MS analysis of pantothenic acid and vitamin C



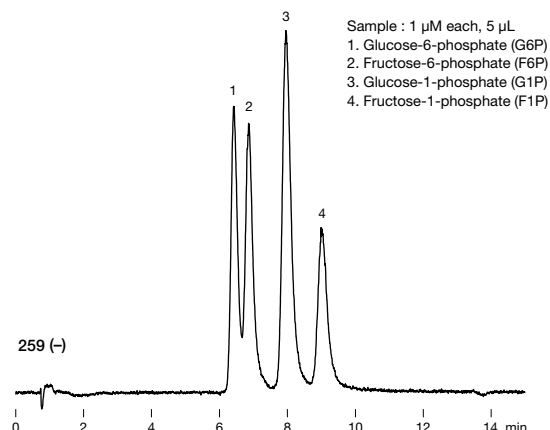
Column : Shodex HILICpak VT-50 2D
Eluent : 50 mM HCOONH₄ aq./CH₃CN = 30/70
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 30 °C

LC/MS/MS analysis of glyphosate and glufosinate



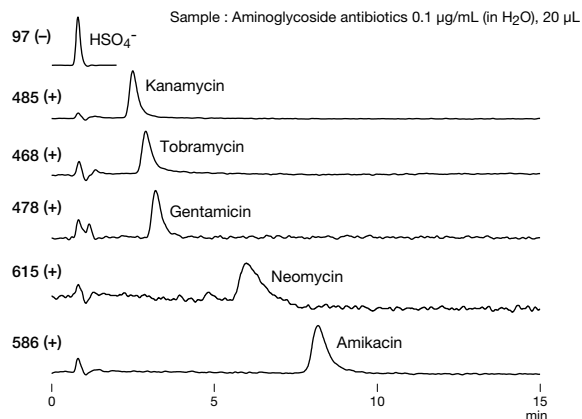
Column : Shodex HILICpak VT-50 2D
Eluent : 50 mM NH₄HCO₃ aq./CH₃CN = 50/50
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS analysis of phosphorylated saccharides



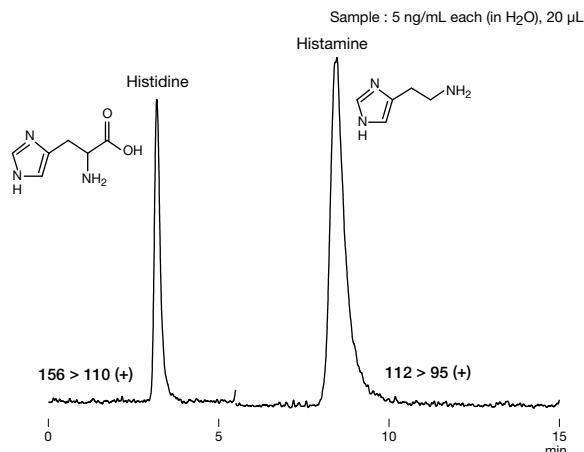
Column : Shodex HILICpak VT-50 2D
Eluent : 25 mM HCOONH₄ aq./CH₃CN = 80/20
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 60 °C

LC/MS analysis of aminoglycoside antibiotics



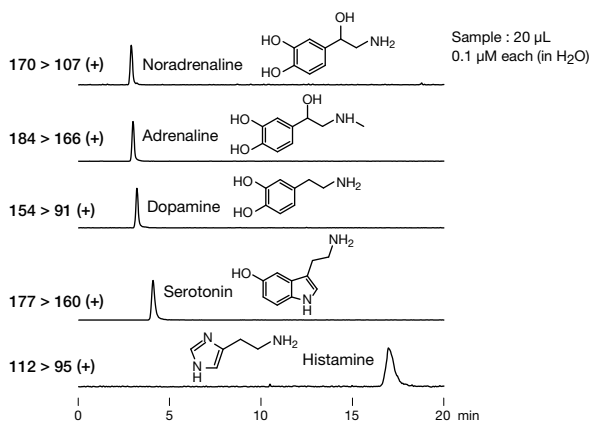
Column : Shodex HILICpak VC-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 1.5 % NH₃ aq./ (B); CH₃CN
Linear gradient (High pressure);
30 B % to 10 B % (0 to 5 min), 10 B % (5 to 15 min)
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS/MS analysis of histamine and histidine



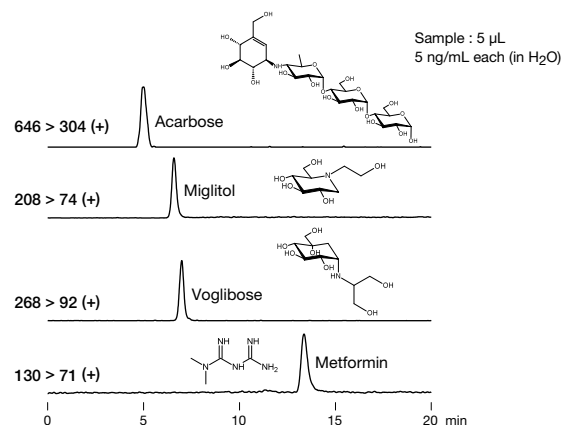
Column : Shodex HILICpak VC-50 2D
Eluent : 250 mM HCOOH aq./CH₃CN = 70/30
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS/MS analysis of monoamine neurotransmitters



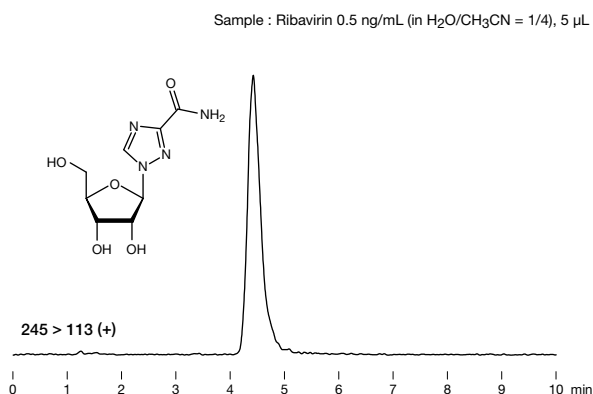
Column : Shodex HILICpak VC-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 200 mM HCOOH aq./ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient (High pressure);
 60 B % (0 to 5 min), 60 B % to 10 B % (5 to 6 min), 10 B % (6 to 20 min)
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS/MS analysis of oral anti-diabetes drugs



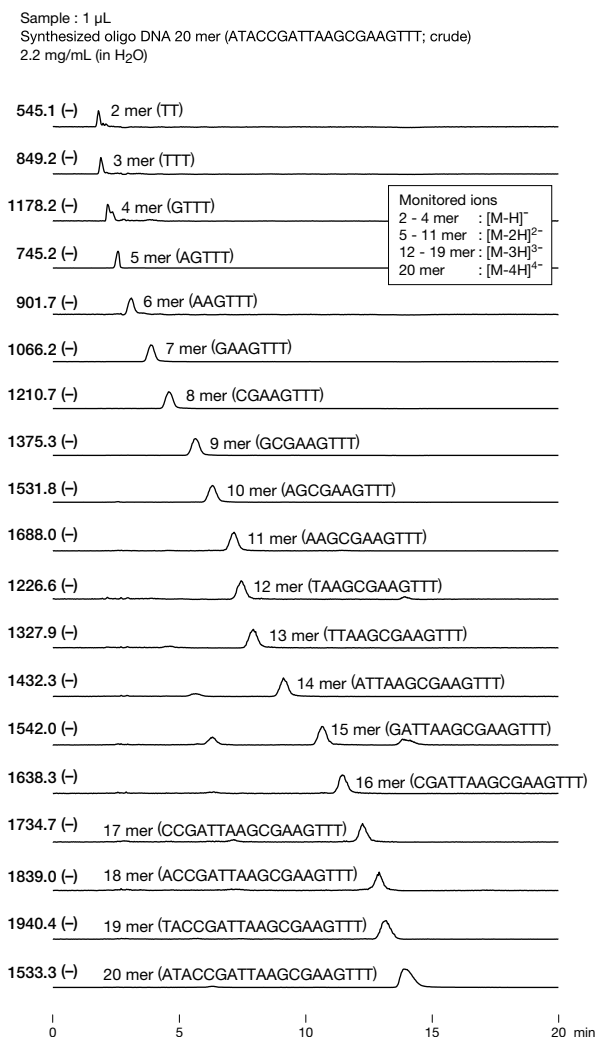
Column : Shodex HILICpak VC-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 200 mM HCOOH aq./ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient (High pressure);
 60 B % (0 to 5 min), 60 B % to 20 B % (5 to 6 min), 20 B % (6 to 20 min)
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS/MS analysis of ribavirin



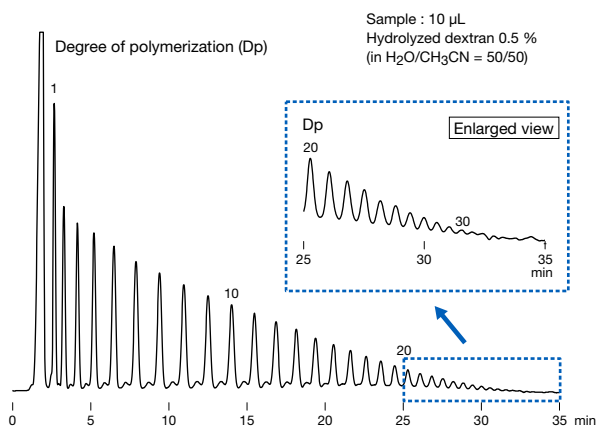
Column : Shodex HILICpak VC-50 2D
Eluent : 50 mM HCOOH aq./CH₃CN = 10/90
Flow rate : 0.25 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS analysis of oligo DNA



Column : Shodex HILICpak VN-50 2D
Eluent : (A); 50 mM HCOONH₄ aq./ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient;
 60 B % (0 to 10 min), 60 B % to 55 B % (10 to 15 min),
 60 B % (15 to 20 min)
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Hydrolyzed dextran



Column : Shodex HILICpak VN-50 4D
Eluent : (A); H₂O/ (B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient; 70 B % to 50 B % (0 to 40 min)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Corona charged aerosol
Column temp. : 40 °C

Polymer-based Hydrophilic Interaction Chromatography (HILIC) Columns (Asahipak)

Features

- Suitable for saccharides analysis using HILIC mode
 - Polymer-based packing material provides excellent chemical stability and minimum deterioration over extended time period
 - Easily regenerated by washing in an alkaline solution
 - Appropriate for evaporative light scattering detector, corona charged aerosol detector, and LC/MS
 - Fulfills USP-NF L82 requirements
- NH2P-50**
- NH2P-40** • Provides higher theoretical plate number than NH2P-50 series

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630005	Asahipak NH2P-50 4B	≥ 1,500	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 50	CH ₃ CN
F7630002	Asahipak NH2P-50 4D	≥ 5,500	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 150	CH ₃ CN
F7630001	Asahipak NH2P-50 4E	≥ 7,500	Amino	5	100	4.6 x 250	CH ₃ CN
F6710016	Asahipak NH2P-50G 4A	(guard column)	Amino	5	—	4.6 x 10	CH ₃ CN
F7630007	Asahipak NH2P-40 3E	≥ 8,500	Amino	4	100	3.0 x 250	CH ₃ CN
F6710030	Asahipak NH2P-50G 3A	(guard column)	Amino	5	—	3.0 x 10	CH ₃ CN

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

• Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7630006	Asahipak NH2P-50 2D	≥ 3,500	Amino	5	100	2.0 x 150	CH ₃ CN
F6713000	Asahipak NH2P-50G 2A	(guard column)	Amino	5	—	2.0 x 10	CH ₃ CN
F7630010	Asahipak NH2P-40 2E	≥ 7,000	Amino	4	100	2.0 x 250	CH ₃ CN

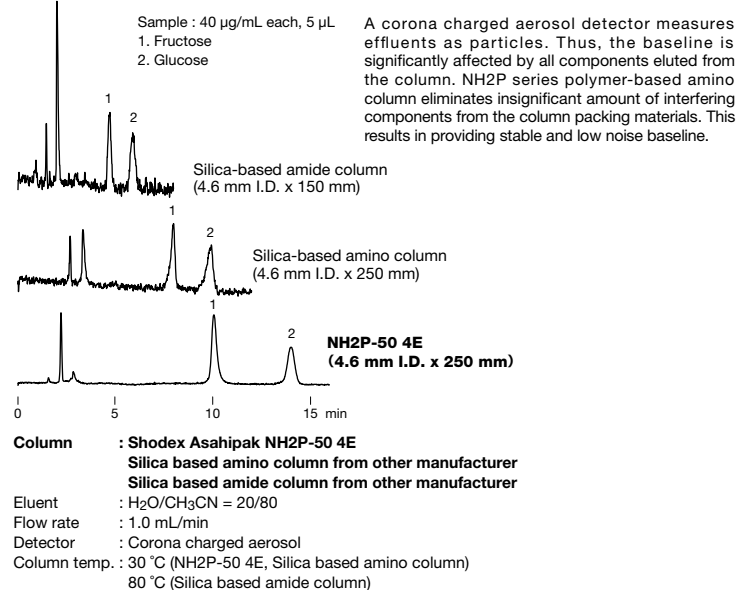
Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

• Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

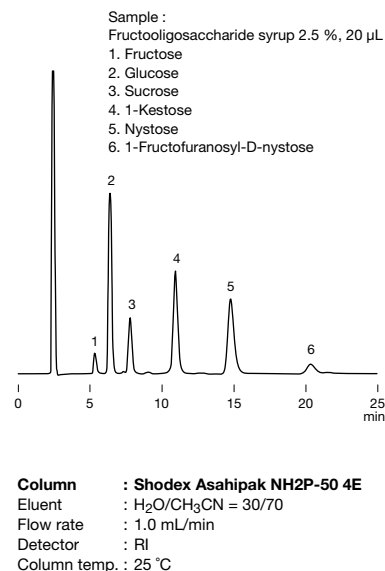
Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6830001	Asahipak NH2P-50 10E	≥ 10,000	Amino	5	10.0 x 250	CH ₃ CN
F6710016	Asahipak NH2P-50G 4A	(guard column)	Amino	5	4.6 x 10	CH ₃ CN
F6830031	Asahipak NH2P-90 20F	≥ 10,000	Amino	9	20.0 x 300	CH ₃ CN
F6710017	Asahipak NH2P-130G 7B	(guard column)	Amino	13	7.5 x 50	CH ₃ CN

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

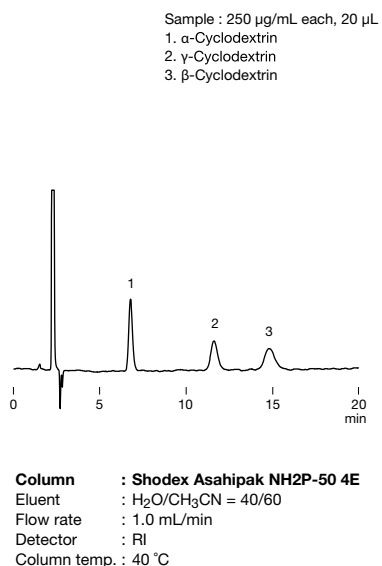
Comparison of saccharide analysis using corona charged aerosol detector



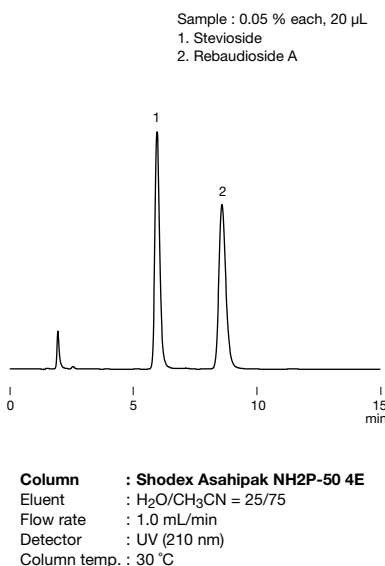
Fructooligosaccharide syrup



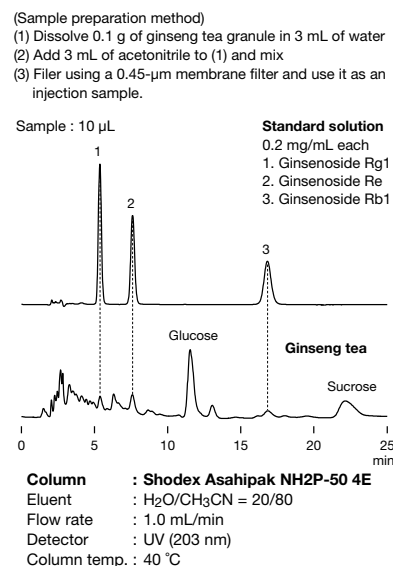
Cyclodextrins



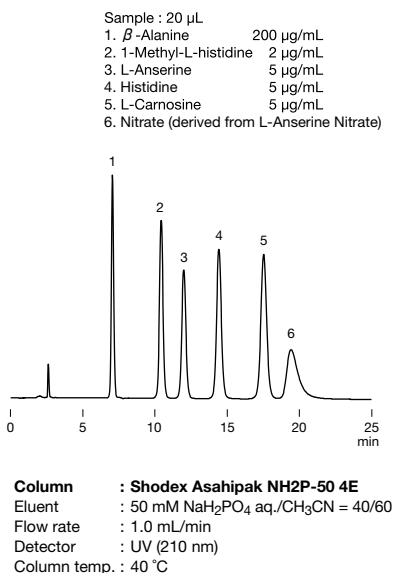
Stevioside and rebaudioside A



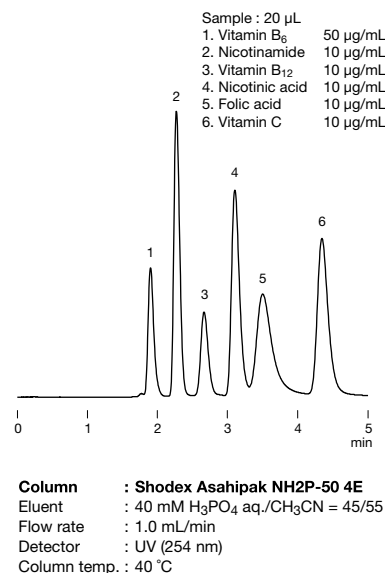
Ginsenosides in ginseng tea



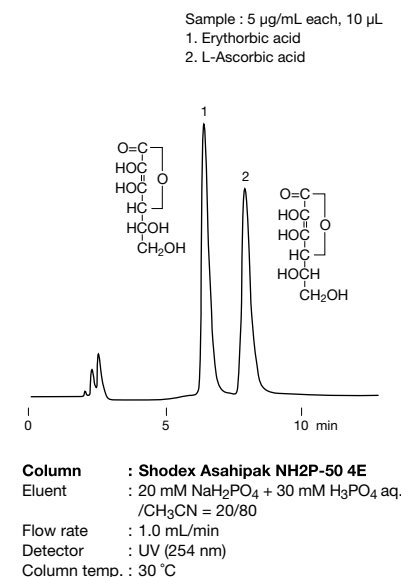
Imidazole dipeptides



Simultaneous analysis of water-soluble vitamins



Ascorbic acid and erythorbic acid



Silica-based Reversed Phase Chromatography Columns (ODS Columns)

Features

C18

- Fully end capped ODS column available at very reasonable price
- Fulfills USP-NF L1 requirements

C18M

- Monomeric type ODS column, fully end capped high purity silica (99.99 % or higher)
- Fulfills USP-NF L1 requirements

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (µm)	Carbon Load (%)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6651010	C18-4D	≥ 13,000	Octadecyl	5	17	120	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 25/75
F6651011	C18-4E	≥ 21,000	Octadecyl	5	17	120	4.6 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 25/75
F6650040	Silica C18M 4D	≥ 10,000	Octadecyl	5	16	100	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 30/70
F6650041	Silica C18M 4E	≥ 16,000	Octadecyl	5	16	100	4.6 x 250	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 30/70

Base Material: Silica

Silica-based Reversed Phase Chromatography Columns (ODS Columns for UHPLC)

Features

C18U

- ODS columns for UHPLC (Maximum pressure: 100 MPa)
- Achieves high performance analysis with sub-2 µm particles
- Organic/inorganic silica hybrid particles provide excellent resolution and mechanical stability and improved alkali durability (from pH 1 to 12)
- Usable in 100 % water and buffer solution
- Fulfills USP-NF L1 requirements

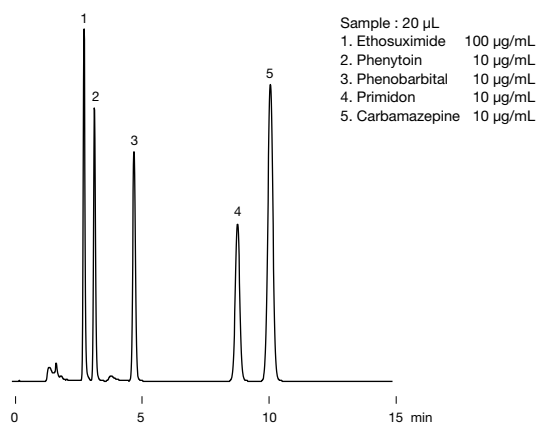
Semi-micro columns

Product Code	Product Name	Functional Group	Particle Size (µm)	*Carbon Load (%)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6654011	C18U 2B	Octadecyl	1.9	20	120	2.0 x 50	CH ₃ CN
F6654012	C18U 2D	Octadecyl	1.9	20	120	2.0 x 150	CH ₃ CN

* Includes carbon in hybrid silica base material (8 %).

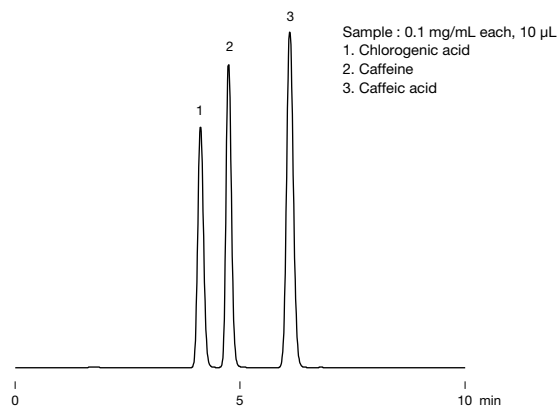
Base Material: Organic/inorganic hybrid silica

Anticonvulsant



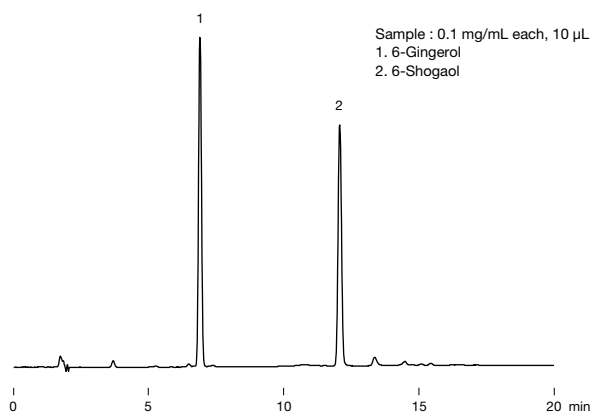
Column : Shodex C18-4D
Eluent : 100 mM Phosphate buffer (pH2.1)
 /CH₃OH/CH₃CN = 4/2/1
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Chlorogenic acid



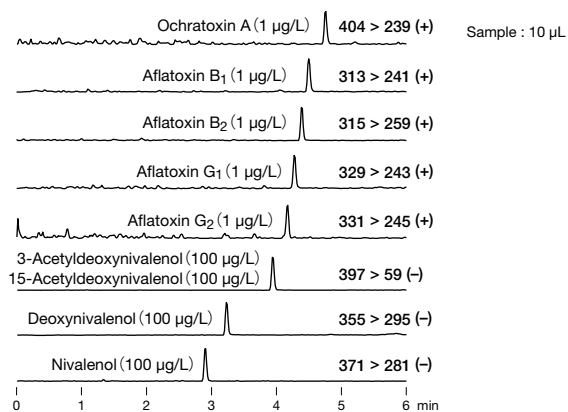
Column : Shodex Silica C18M 4D
Eluent : 20 mM H₃PO₄ aq. /CH₃OH = 70/30
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Gingerol and shogaol



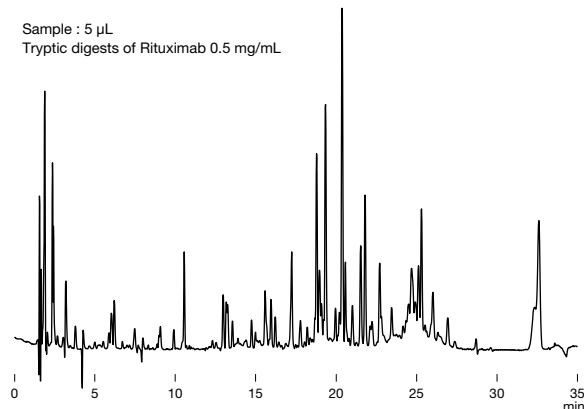
Column : Shodex Silica C18M 4D
Eluent : (A); H₂O/(B); CH₃CN
 Linear gradient; 40 B % to 70 B % (15 min)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS/MS simultaneous analysis of aflatoxins



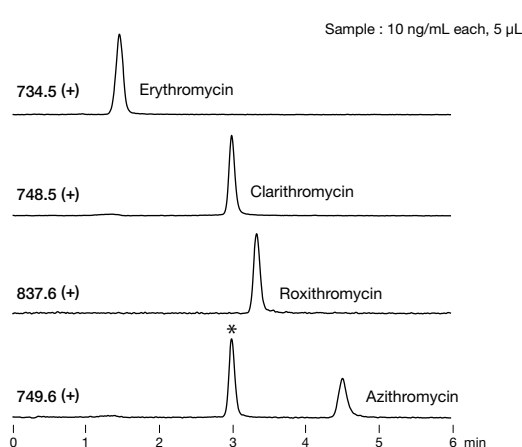
Column : Shodex C18U 2B
Eluent : (A); 10 mM CH₃COONH₄ aq. / (B); CH₃OH
 Gradient;
 0 to 90 B % (0 to 5 min), 90 B % (5 to 7 min), 0 B % (7.01 min),
 0 B % (7.01 to 10 min)
Flow rate : 0.4 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS/MS (MRM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Tryptic digests of rituximab



Column : Shodex C18U 2D
Eluent : (A); 0.1 % TFA in H₂O/(B); 0.1 % TFA in CH₃CN
 Linear gradient;
 10 to 40 B % (0 to 25 min), 40 B % (25 to 30 min),
 90 B % (30 to 35 min)
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : UV (220 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS simultaneous analysis of macrolide antibiotics



Column : Shodex C18U 2B
Eluent : 0.05 % NH₃ aq./CH₃CN = 40/60
Flow rate : 0.4 mL/min
Detector : ESI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

*: Clarithromycin containing one ¹³C isotope

Ligand Exchange Chromatography Columns

* Please check our website for elution-volume summary lists of various saccharides using Shodex columns.

Features

SC1011

SP0810

KS-801

KS-802

- Separates saccharides by combination of ligand exchange and size exclusion modes
- Three types of counter ions are available: Ca^{2+} , Pb^{2+} and Na^{+}
- Only water is required for the analysis of neutral sugars
- SC1011 fulfills USP-NF L19 and L22 requirements
- SP0810 fulfills USP-NF L22 and L34 requirements
- KS-801 and KS-802 fulfill USP-NF L22 and L58 requirements

KS-803

KS-804

- Suitable for separation of polysaccharides by size exclusion mode
- Can be used in combination with other columns e.g., KS-801 and/or KS-802
- Only water is required for the analysis of neutral sugars
- Fulfill USP-NF L22 and L58 requirements

DC-613

SZ5532

SC1211

- Separates elements by combination of ligand exchange and HILIC modes
- DC-613 can analyze sugars without removing sodium salts in the sample
- SZ5532 is recommended for the separation of disaccharides or trisaccharides
- SC1211 is suitable for separating sugar alcohols
- DC-613 fulfills USP-NF L22 and L58 requirements
- SZ5532 fulfills USP-NF L22 requirements
- SC1211 fulfills USP-NF L19 and L22 requirements

SC1011-7F

MN-431

- Pharmacopoeia method relevant columns
- Ca^{2+} modified ligand exchange chromatography column
- Only water is required for the analysis of neutral sugars
- Fulfill USP-NF L19 and L22 requirements

Ligand exchange and size exclusion

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group (Counter Ion)	Exclusion Limit (Pullulan)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6378102	SUGAR SC1011	$\geq 13,000$	Sulfo (Ca^{2+})	1,000	6	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6700090	SUGAR SC-G 6B	(guard column)	Sulfo (Ca^{2+})	—	10	6.0 x 50	H_2O
F6378105	SUGAR SP0810	$\geq 11,000$	Sulfo (Pb^{2+})	1,000	7	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6700081	SUGAR SP-G 6B	(guard column)	Sulfo (Pb^{2+})	—	10	6.0 x 50	H_2O
F6378106	SUGAR SP0810 8C	$\geq 3,000$	Sulfo (Pb^{2+})	1,000	7	8.0 x 100	H_2O
F6378010	SUGAR KS-801	$\geq 17,000$	Sulfo (Na^{+})	1,000	6	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6378020	SUGAR KS-802	$\geq 17,000$	Sulfo (Na^{+})	10,000	6	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6378025	SUGAR KS-803	$\geq 17,000$	Sulfo (Na^{+})	50,000	6	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6378035	SUGAR KS-804	$\geq 17,000$	Sulfo (Na^{+})	400,000	7	8.0 x 300	H_2O
F6700020	SUGAR KS-G 6B	(guard column)	Sulfo (Na^{+})	—	10	6.0 x 50	H_2O

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Ligand exchange and HILIC

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group (Counter Ion)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size ($\text{\AA}$)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7001003	RSpak DC-613	$\geq 5,500$	Sulfo (Na^{+})	6	100	6.0 x 150	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 30/70$
F6700170	RSpak DC-G 4A	(guard column)	Sulfo (Na^{+})	10	—	4.6 x 10	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 30/70$
F7001300	SUGAR SZ5532	$\geq 5,500$	Sulfo (Zn^{2+})	6	—	6.0 x 150	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 30/70$
F6700110	SUGAR SZ-G	(guard column)	Sulfo (Zn^{2+})	6	—	4.6 x 10	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 30/70$
F7001400	SUGAR SC1211	$\geq 5,500$	Sulfo (Ca^{2+})	6	50	6.0 x 250	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 75/25$
F6700120	SUGAR SC1211G 4A	(guard column)	Sulfo (Ca^{2+})	10	—	4.6 x 10	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN} = 75/25$

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Pharmacopoeia Method Relevant Columns

● Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Functional Group (Counter Ion)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6379300	EP SC1011-7F	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	8	7.8 x 300	H ₂ O
F6700090	SUGAR SC-G 6B (guard column)	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	10	6.0 x 50	H ₂ O
F6379230	USPpak MN-431	Sulfo (Ca ²⁺)	8	4.0 x 250	H ₂ O

See page 70 for USP-NF Column List.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Elution volumes of saccharides analyzed by Shodex columns

[Partial list only; refer to our website for complete list]

Substances	Elution volume (mL)					
	SP0810	SC1011	KS-801	SZ5532	NH2P-50 4E	SC1211
Arabinose	10.42	8.91	8.21	5.11	6.18	5.56
D-Arabitol	15.86	11.33	7.63	7.27	6.29	8.16
Dulcitol	20.18	12.76	7.40	9.46	7.45	11.28
meso-Erythritol	12.70	10.09	7.86	5.73	5.43	6.27
D(-)-Fructose	11.05	8.85	7.71	5.37	6.75	5.90
D(+)-Fucose	10.48	8.84	8.09	4.50	5.43	4.96
D(+)-Galactose	9.74	7.98	7.58	6.46	8.10	4.98
Gentiobiose	7.22	6.08	5.75	10.50	16.36	*
Glucose	8.63	7.30	7.17	5.87	8.61	4.76
myo-Inositol	12.77	8.86	7.99	12.63	9.96	7.87
Isomaltose	7.68	6.26	5.95	10.57	15.18	*
Isomaltotriose	7.09	5.75	5.34	21.17	27.55	*
1-Kestose	6.79	5.75	5.26	13.09	20.11	*
Kojibiose	7.56	6.21	5.88	9.65	14.82	*
Lactitol	13.27	8.09	6.13	16.35	11.82	6.67
Lactose	8.05	6.51	5.99	10.12	13.27	4.07
Lactulose	9.13	6.99	6.19	9.16	10.72	4.65
Maltitol	12.23	8.26	6.03	13.04	11.82	6.77
Maltose	7.85	6.34	5.94	8.67	14.24	*
Maltotriose	7.48	5.89	5.38	13.79	24.96	*
Mannitol	15.80	11.10	7.23	8.75	7.39	9.03
D-Mannose	10.72	8.17	7.64	5.83	7.84	5.01
Melibiose	8.16	6.45	5.98	11.69	14.70	4.23
Nystose	6.38	5.45	4.93	20.05	31.90	*
Palatinin	2 peaks	2 peaks	5.90	2 peaks	12.73	2 peaks
Palatinose	7.84	6.45	5.89	8.08	12.12	3.99
Panose	7.14	5.78	5.32	16.87	25.60	*
D(+)-Raffinose	7.14	5.78	5.29	16.36	20.25	*
Rhamnose	9.77	8.23	7.37	3.93	5.52	4.43
D(-)-Ribose	19.35	13.66	9.04	4.82	5.45	8.64
D(-)-Sorbitol	21.61	13.31	7.42	9.79	7.09	11.88
Sorbose	9.67	8.03	7.38	5.12	7.35	4.92
Stachyose	6.82	5.57	4.97	—	36.22	*
Sucrose	7.54	6.29	5.87	7.91	11.87	*
α-D-Talose	21.33	12.59	8.76	5.69	6.47	8.51
Trehalose	7.62	6.27	5.78	10.85	13.25	*
Trehalulose	8.92	6.95	6.10	9.54	11.68	4.78
Xylitol	19.87	13.14	7.94	7.77	6.10	10.16
Xylobiose	8.16	6.68	6.40	5.65	9.05	*
D(+)-Xylose	9.21	7.90	7.71	4.55	6.58	4.48
D-Xylulose	10.64	9.02	8.04	4.06	5.41	5.07

(—) Not detected (*) Overlap with solvent peak

Column : SUGAR SP0810,
SC1011, KS-801
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 80 °C

Column : SUGAR SC1211
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN = 65/35
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 70 °C

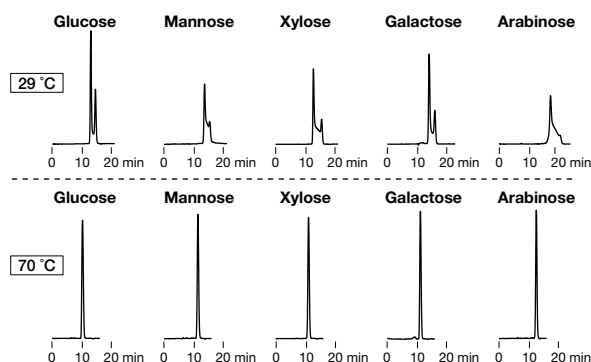
Column : SUGAR SZ5532
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN = 25/75
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

Column : Asahipak NH2P-50 4E
Eluent : H₂O/CH₃CN = 25/75
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

Saccharides anomer separation

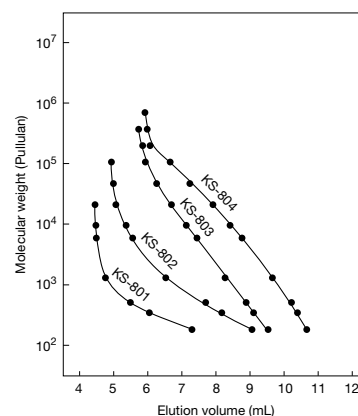
Saccharides may present their anomers at lower temperatures. By setting the SUGAR series columns at higher temperatures will prevent the anomer separation and this results in providing better chromatograms of each saccharide.

Sample : 0.5 % each, 10 μ L



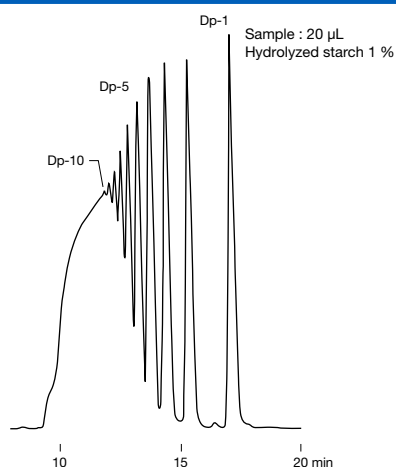
Column : Shodex SUGAR SC1011
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 29 °C, 70 °C

Calibration curves for KS-800 series using pullulan



Column : Shodex SUGAR KS-800 series
Eluent : H₂O
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 80 °C

Hydrolyzed starch

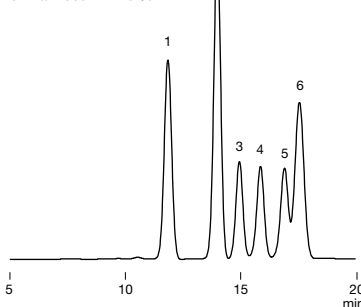


Column : Shodex SUGAR KS-802 x 2
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 80 °C

Biomass sugars

Sample : 5 μ L

1. Cellobiose 1.0 %
2. Glucose 1.5 %
3. Xylose 0.5 %
4. Galactose 0.5 %
5. Arabinose 0.5 %
6. Mannose 1.0 %

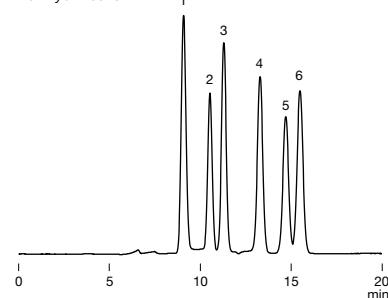


Column : Shodex SUGAR SP0810
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 85 °C

Pinitol

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L

1. Sucrose
2. Glucose
3. Pinitol
4. Fructose
5. *chiro*-Inositol
6. *myo*-Inositol

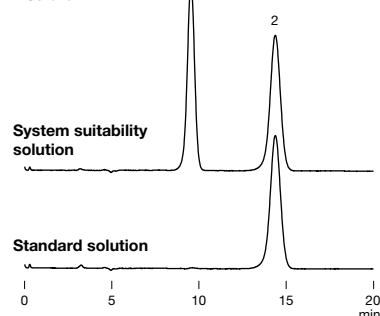


Column : Shodex SUGAR SP0810
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.8 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 85 °C

Analysis of sorbitol according to USP-NF method

Sample : 10 μ L
(System suitability solution) Mannitol, Sorbitol 4.8 mg/g each
(Standard solution) Sorbitol 4.8 mg/g

1. Mannitol
2. Sorbitol

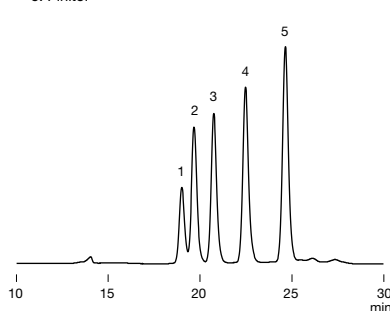


Column : Shodex SUGAR SP0810 8C
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Detector : RI (35 °C)
Column temp. : 50 °C

Oligosaccharides in soybean

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L

1. Verbascose
2. Stachyose
3. Raffinose
4. Sucrose
5. Pinitol

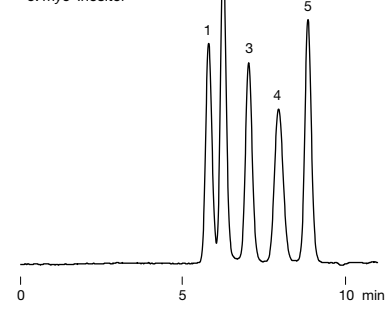


Column : Shodex SUGAR KS-802 + KS-801
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 85 °C

Saccharides related to raffinose biosynthesis

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L

1. Raffinose
2. Sucrose
3. Galactinol
4. Galactose
5. *myo*-Inositol

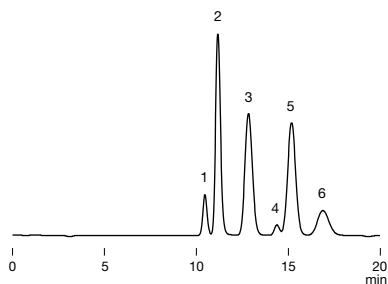


Column : Shodex SUGAR SC1011
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 80 °C

Acesulfame K and sucralose

Sample : 20 μ L

1. Acesulfame K 0.1 %
2. Sucrose 0.5 %
3. Glucose 0.5 %
4. Unknown from Acesulfame K
5. Fructose 0.5 %
6. Sucralose 0.1 %

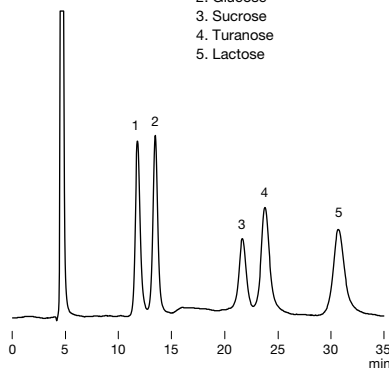


Column : Shodex SUGAR SC1011
Eluent : 10 mM CaSO_4 aq.
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 80 °C

Sucrose and turanose

Sample : 0.5 % each, 10 μ L

1. Fructose
2. Glucose
3. Sucrose
4. Turanose
5. Lactose

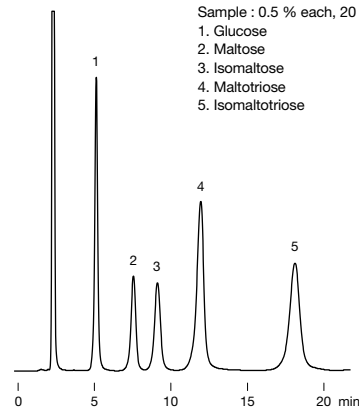


Column : Shodex SUGAR SZ5532
Eluent : $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ = 20/80
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

Maltose and isomaltose

Sample : 0.5 % each, 20 μ L

1. Glucose
2. Maltose
3. Isomaltose
4. Maltotriose
5. Isomaltotriose

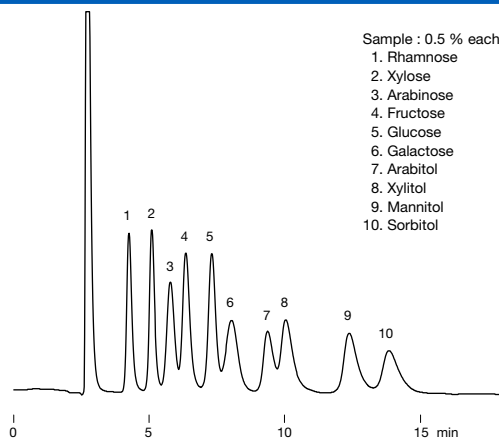


Column : Shodex SUGAR SZ5532
Eluent : $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ = 25/75
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

Saccharides and sugar alcohols

Sample : 0.5 % each, 20 μ L

1. Rhamnose
2. Xylose
3. Arabinose
4. Fructose
5. Glucose
6. Galactose
7. Arabinol
8. Xylitol
9. Mannitol
10. Sorbitol

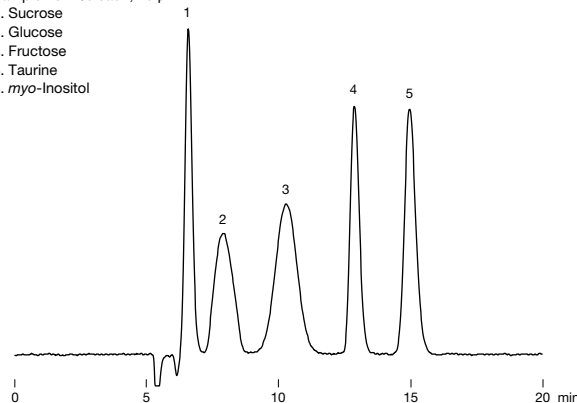


Column : Shodex SUGAR SZ5532
Eluent : $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ = 20/80
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 65 °C

Saccharides and taurine

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L

1. Sucrose
2. Glucose
3. Fructose
4. Taurine
5. *myo*-Inositol

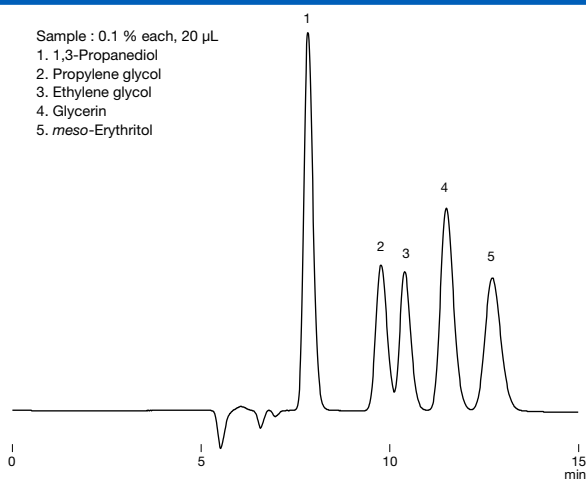


Column : Shodex SUGAR SC1211
Eluent : $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ = 60/40
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 70 °C

Moisturizing components

Sample : 0.1 % each, 20 μ L

1. 1,3-Propanediol
2. Propylene glycol
3. Ethylene glycol
4. Glycerin
5. *meso*-Erythritol



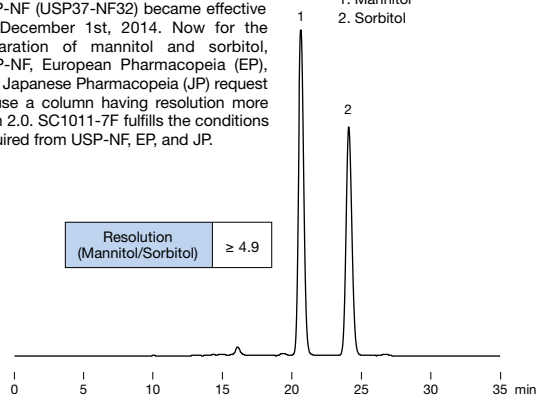
Column : Shodex SUGAR SC1211
Eluent : $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ = 60/40
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Mannitol and sorbitol

Partial modifications on the analytical conditions of mannitol stated in the USP-NF (USP37-NF32) became effective on December 1st, 2014. Now for the separation of mannitol and sorbitol, USP-NF, European Pharmacopeia (EP), and Japanese Pharmacopeia (JP) request to use a column having resolution more than 2.0. SC1011-7F fulfills the conditions required from USP-NF, EP, and JP.

Sample : 25 mg/mL each, 20 μ L

1. Mannitol
2. Sorbitol



Column : Shodex EP SC1011-7F
Eluent : H_2O
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 85 °C

Ion Exclusion Chromatography Columns

Features

SH1011 SH1821

- Columns for simultaneous analysis of saccharides and organic acids
- Separates neutral sugars by size exclusion mode and organic acids by ion exclusion mode
- Suitable for the analysis of uronic and aldonic acids
- Fulfill USP-NF L17 and L22 requirements

KC-811

- Columns suitable for the analysis of organic acids
- Separates compounds by ion exclusion mode and reversed phase mode
- Highly selective when used with post column method
- KC-811 6E is suitable for the analysis of cyanide ions and cyanogen chloride in accordance with the Japanese Water Supply Act
- Fulfills USP-NF L17 and L22 requirements

For simultaneous analysis of saccharides and organic acids

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Exclusion Limit (Pullulan)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6378100	SUGAR SH1011	≥ 17,000	Sulfo	1,000	6	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6378101	SUGAR SH1821	≥ 17,000	Sulfo	10,000	6	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6700080	SUGAR SH-G	(guard column)	Sulfo	—	10	6.0 x 50	H ₂ O
F6378104	SUGAR SH1011 8C	≥ 5,000	Sulfo	1,000	6	8.0 x 100	H ₂ O

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

For organic acids, cyanide ions and cyanogen chloride

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6378030	RSpak KC-811	≥ 17,000	Sulfo	6	8.0 x 300	0.1 % H ₃ PO ₄ aq.
F6378033	RSpak KC-811 6E	≥ 13,000	Sulfo	6	6.0 x 250	0.1 % H ₃ PO ₄ aq.
F6700030	RSpak KC-G 6B	(guard column)	Sulfo	10	6.0 x 50	0.1 % H ₃ PO ₄ aq.
F6700010	RSpak KC-G 8B	(guard column)	Sulfo	13	8.0 x 50	0.1 % H ₃ PO ₄ aq.

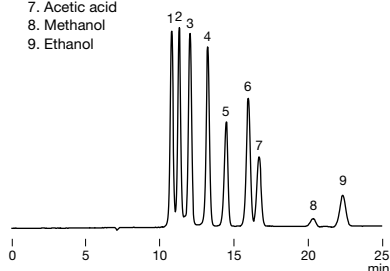
Use KC-G 8B for samples with relatively high impurities and KC-G 6B for samples with relatively low impurities.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Maltooligosaccharides, organic acids and ethanol

Sample : 0.05 % each, 20 μ L

1. Maltotetraose
2. Maltotriose
3. Maltose
4. Glucose
5. Lactic acid
6. Glycerin
7. Acetic acid
8. Methanol
9. Ethanol

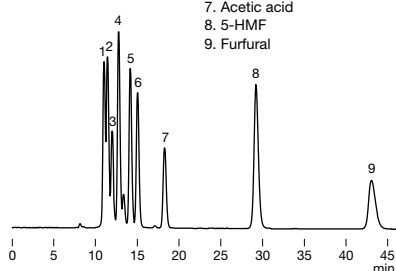


Column : Shodex SUGAR SH1821
Eluent : 0.5 mM H₂SO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 75 °C

Cello-oligosaccharides and furfurals

Sample : 0.1 % each, 10 μ L

1. Cellopentaose
2. Cellobiose
3. Cellobiose
4. Cellobiose
5. Glucose
6. Glyceric acid
7. Acetic acid
8. 5-HMF
9. Furfural

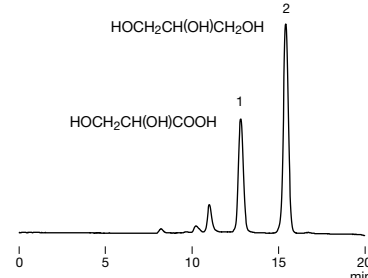


Column : Shodex SUGAR SH1821
Eluent : 2 mM H₂SO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

Glycerin and glyceric acid

Sample : 0.1 % each, 10 μ L

1. Glyceric acid
2. Glycerin



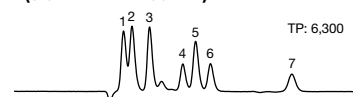
Column : Shodex SUGAR SH1011
Eluent : 2 mM H₂SO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

Rapid analysis of maltooligosaccharides, organic acids and ethanol

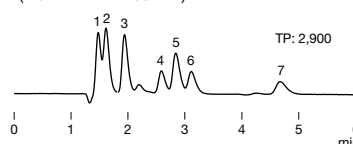
Sample : 0.1 % each, 5 μ L

1. Maltotriose
2. Maltose
3. Glucose
4. Lactic acid
5. Acetic acid
6. Glycerin
7. Ethanol

(1) Shodex SUGAR SH1011 8C (8.0 mm I.D. x 100 mm)



(2) Ion exclusion column from other manufacturer (7.8 mm I.D. x 100 mm)

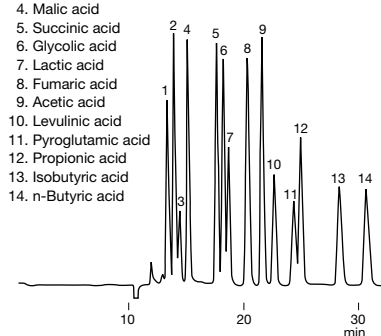


Column : (1) Shodex SUGAR SH1011 8C
(2) Ion exclusion column from other manufacturer
Eluent : 1 mM H₂SO₄ aq.
Flow rate : (1) 1.0 mL/min
(2) 0.95 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 65 °C

Common organic acids

Sample :

1. Citric acid
2. Tartaric acid
3. Pyruvic acid
4. Malic acid
5. Succinic acid
6. Glycolic acid
7. Lactic acid
8. Fumaric acid
9. Acetic acid
10. Levulinic acid
11. Pyroglutamic acid
12. Propionic acid
13. Isobutyric acid
14. n-Butyric acid

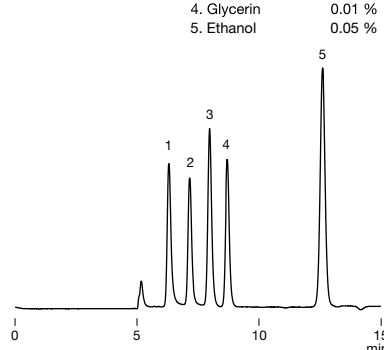


Column : Shodex RSpak KC-811 x 2
Eluent : 6 mM HClO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : VIS (430 nm)
post column method
Column temp. : 50 °C

Glucronolactone and organic acids

Sample : 20 μ L

1. Citric acid 0.01 %
2. Malic acid 0.01 %
3. Glucronolactone 0.01 %
4. Glycerin 0.01 %
5. Ethanol 0.05 %

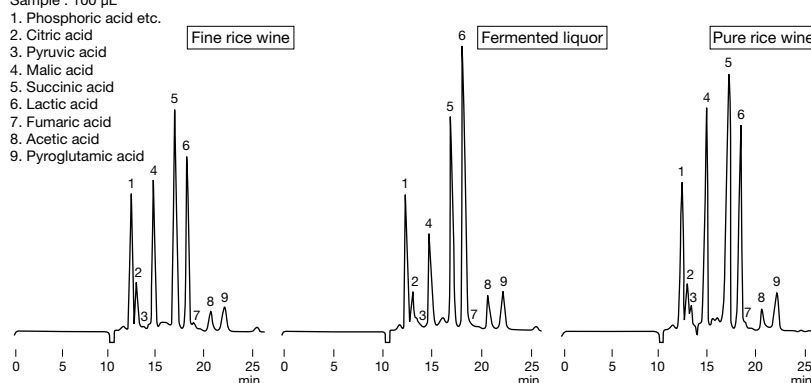


Column : Shodex RSpak KC-811
Eluent : 3 mM HClO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Organic acids in sake

Sample : 100 μ L

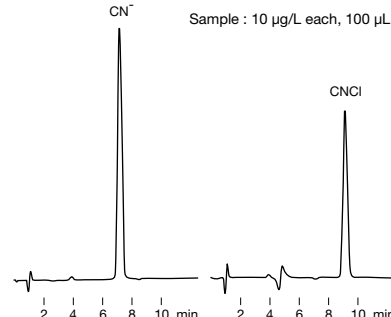
1. Phosphoric acid etc.
2. Citric acid
3. Pyruvic acid
4. Malic acid
5. Succinic acid
6. Lactic acid
7. Fumaric acid
8. Acetic acid
9. Pyroglutamic acid



Column : Shodex RSpak KC-G 8B + KC-811 x 2
Eluent : 4.8 mM HClO₄ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : VIS (430 nm)
post column method
Column temp. : 63 °C

Analysis of cyanide ion and cyanogen chloride with post column method

Sample : 10 μ g/L each, 100 μ L



Column : Shodex RSpak KC-811 6E
Eluent : 1 mM H₂SO₄ aq.
Reagent A : Chloramine T solution
Reagent B : 4-Pyridinecarboxylic acid-Pyrazolone solution
Flow rate : (Eluent) 1.0 mL/min
(Reagent) 0.5 mL/min each
Detector : VIS (638 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C
Reaction temp. : (Reagent A) 40 °C
(Reagent B) 80 °C

Ion Chromatography Columns (Anion Analysis)

Features

NI-424 I-524A

- Ideal for anion non-suppressor methods
- NI-424 provides simultaneous analysis of fluoride and phosphate ions
- I-524A fulfills USP-NF L23 requirements

SI-90 4E SI-50 4E SI-52 4E

- Suitable for anion suppressor methods with sodium carbonate eluent
- Suitable for the quantitative analysis of fluoride ion
- SI-50 4E separates target inorganic anions from organic acids
- SI-52 4E provides simultaneous analysis of oxyhalides and general inorganic ions
- Carbonate peak does not interfere with analysis

SI-35

- Rapid-analysis type columns used with suppressor and sodium carbonate eluent
- SI-35 4D provides rapid analysis of oxyhalides and general inorganic ions
- SI-35 2B provides rapid analysis of general inorganic ions

SI-36 4D

- Suitable for anion suppressor methods with potassium hydroxide
- Good separation of sulfite and sulfate ions
- Analysis of seven general inorganic anions within 30 minutes under isocratic conditions

For non-suppressor method

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6995243	IC NI-424	≥ 5,000	Quaternary ammonium	5	4.6 x 100	8 mM 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid + 2.8 mM Bis-Tris + 2 mM Phenylboronic acid + 0.005 mM CyDTA aq.
F6709616	IC NI-G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	5	4.6 x 10	8 mM 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid + 2.8 mM Bis-Tris + 2 mM Phenylboronic acid + 0.005 mM CyDTA aq.
F6995240	IC I-524A	≥ 2,000	Quaternary ammonium	12	4.6 x 100	2.5 mM Phthalic acid aq.
F6700400	IC IA-G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	12	4.6 x 10	2.5 mM Phthalic acid aq.

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate
Housing Material: SUS

For suppressor method (Sodium carbonate eluent)

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6995244	IC SI-90 4E	≥ 5,000	Quaternary ammonium	9	4.0 x 250	1.8 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 1.7 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.
F6709620	IC SI-90G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	9	4.6 x 10	1.8 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 1.7 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.
F6995245	IC SI-50 4E	≥ 10,000	Quaternary ammonium	5	4.0 x 250	3.2 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 1.0 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.
F6709625	IC SI-50G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	5	4.6 x 10	3.2 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 1.0 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: PEEK

<For oxyhalides analysis>

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6995260	IC SI-52 4E	≥ 14,000	Quaternary ammonium	5	4.0 x 250	3.6 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ aq.
F6709626	IC SI-92G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	9	4.6 x 10	3.6 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: PEEK

<For oxyhalides rapid analysis>

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6995290	IC SI-35 4D	≥ 13,000	Quaternary ammonium	3.5	4.0 x 150	3.6 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ aq.
F6709627	IC SI-95G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	9	4.6 x 10	3.6 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: PEEK

• Semi-micro columns

<For rapid analysis>

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6995291	IC SI-35 2B	≥ 4,000	Quaternary ammonium	3.5	2.0 x 50	1.0 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 2.0 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: PEEK

• Guard filter for IC SI-35 2B

Product Code	Product Name	Contents
F6709720	IC SI-2GF	One holder and one filter
F6709730	IC SI-2GF filter	3 filters

Removes sample-origin insoluble components.

For anion suppressor method (Potassium hydroxide eluent)

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6999361	IC SI-36 4D	≥ 8,500	Quaternary ammonium	3.5	4.0 x 150	10 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.
F6709620	IC SI-90G	(guard column)	Quaternary ammonium	9	4.6 x 10	1.8 mM Na ₂ CO ₃ + 1.7 mM NaHCO ₃ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: PEEK

Ion Chromatography Columns (Cation Analysis)

Features

YS-50

- High performance type of YK-421
- Applicable to both suppressor and non-suppressor methods
- Provides sharp peaks; more significant for divalent cation analysis
- Supports the analysis of alkylamines and transition metals

YK-421

- Column for cation analysis with non-suppressor method
- Simultaneous analysis of monovalent and divalent cations
- Suitable separating of alkylamines
- Fulfills USP-NF L76 requirements

For non-suppressor method/suppressor method

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7122000	IC YS-50	≥ 5,500	Carboxyl	5	4.6 x 125	10 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.
F6700530	IC YS-G	(guard column)	Carboxyl	5	4.6 x 10	10 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Housing Material: SUS

For non-suppressor method

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7120012	IC YK-421	≥ 2,800	Carboxyl	5	4.6 x 125	5 mM Tartaric acid + 1 mM Dipicolinic acid + 24 mM Boric acid aq.
F6709608	IC YK-G	(guard column)	Carboxyl	5	4.6 x 10	5 mM Tartaric acid + 1 mM Dipicolinic acid + 24 mM Boric acid aq.

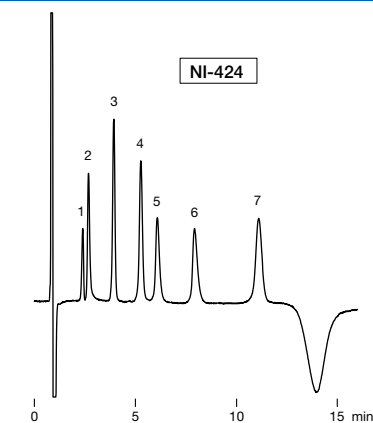
Base Material: Silica
Housing Material: SUS

• Line filters for IC columns (Suitable either for anion or cation analyses)

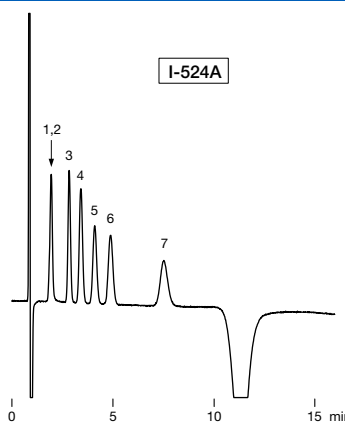
Product Code	Product Name	Contents
F8500630	IC FL-1	One holder and one filter
F8500640	IC FL-1 filter	5 filters

Install in upstream of the injector. Removes eluent-origin insoluble components.

Anion analysis using NI-424 and I-524A (non-suppressor methods)



Sample : 20 μ L
 1. H_2PO_4^- 10 mg/L
 2. F^- 1 mg/L
 3. Cl^- 1 mg/L
 4. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 5. Br^- 5 mg/L
 6. NO_3^- 5 mg/L
 7. SO_4^{2-} 5 mg/L



With twice increased theoretical plate number, NI-424 provides a higher performance compared to I-524A.

<Features of NI-424>

- (1) Enables the separation of H_2PO_4^- and F^- which were difficult to separate with I-524A.
- (2) Provides sharper peaks, and resolution between all peaks are well defined. Especially, the separation of Cl^- and NO_2^- is improved.

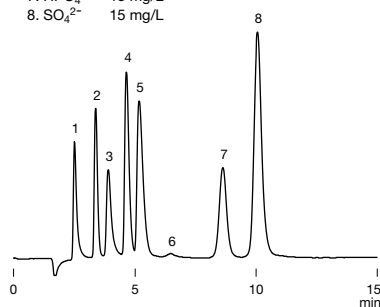
Column : Shodex IC NI-424
Eluent : 8 mM 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid + 2.8 mM Bis-Tris + 2 mM Phenylboronic acid + 0.005 mM *CyDTA aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Column : Shodex IC I-524A
Eluent : 2.5 mM Phthalic acid + 2.3 mM Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane aq.
Flow rate : 1.2 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

*CyDTA : trans-1,2-Diaminocyclohexane-N,N',N'-tetra acetic acid

Anion analysis using SI-90 4E (suppressor method)

Sample : 20 μ L
 1. F^- 2 mg/L
 2. Cl^- 3 mg/L
 3. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 4. Br^- 10 mg/L
 5. NO_3^- 10 mg/L
 6. HCO_3^- 300 mg/L
 7. HPO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L
 8. SO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L

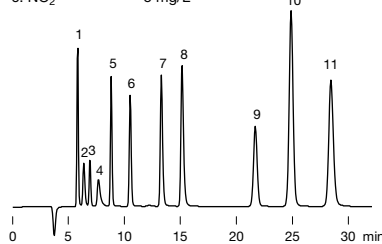


Column : Shodex IC SI-90 4E
Eluent : 1.8 mM Na_2CO_3 + 1.7 mM NaHCO_3 aq.
Flow rate : 1.5 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : Room temp. (25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Anion analysis using SI-50 4E (suppressor method)

SI-50 4E is a high performance type of SI-90 4E. Acetic acid, formic acid, and methacrylic acid elute between F^- and Cl^- . The carbonate system peak appears between NO_2^- and Br^- peaks.

Sample : 20 μ L
 1. F^- 2 mg/L
 2. Acetic acid 10 mg/L
 3. Formic acid 2 mg/L
 4. Methacrylic acid 10 mg/L
 5. Cl^- 3 mg/L
 6. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 7. Br^- 10 mg/L
 8. NO_3^- 10 mg/L
 9. HPO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L
 10. SO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L
 11. Oxalic acid 15 mg/L

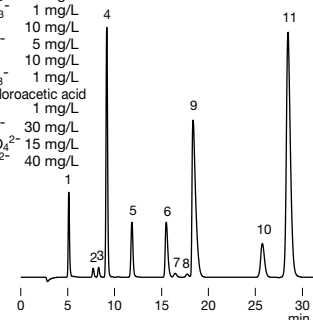


Column : Shodex IC SI-50 4E
Eluent : 3.2 mM Na_2CO_3 + 1.0 mM NaHCO_3 aq.
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Oxyhalides and anions analysis using SI-52 4E (suppressor method)

SI-52 4E is a high resolution column offering 14,000 or higher theoretical plate number. It supports simultaneous analysis of oxyhalides and inorganic anions. It is recommended to set the column temperature at 45 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

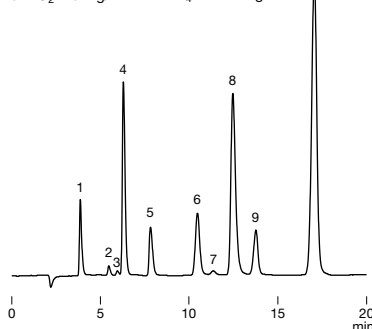
Sample : 50 μ L
 1. F^- 2 mg/L
 2. ClO_2^- 1 mg/L
 3. BrO_3^- 1 mg/L
 4. Cl^- 10 mg/L
 5. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 6. Br^- 10 mg/L
 7. ClO_3^- 1 mg/L
 8. Dichloroacetic acid 1 mg/L
 9. NO_3^- 30 mg/L
 10. HPO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L
 11. SO_4^{2-} 40 mg/L



Column : Shodex IC SI-52 4E
Eluent : 3.6 mM Na_2CO_3 aq.
Flow rate : 0.8 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 45 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rapid analysis of oxyhalides and anions using SI-35 4D (suppressor method)

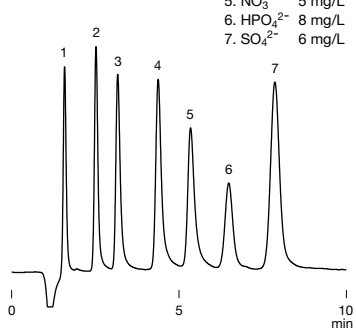
Sample : 20 μ L
 1. F^- 2 mg/L
 2. ClO_2^- 1 mg/L
 3. BrO_3^- 1 mg/L
 4. Cl^- 10 mg/L
 5. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 6. Br^- 10 mg/L
 7. ClO_3^- 1 mg/L
 8. NO_3^- 30 mg/L
 9. HPO_4^{2-} 15 mg/L
 10. SO_4^{2-} 40 mg/L



Column : Shodex IC SI-35 4D
Eluent : 2.0 mM Na_2CO_3 + 4.5 mM NaHCO_3 aq.
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 45 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rapid analysis of anions using SI-35 2B (suppressor method)

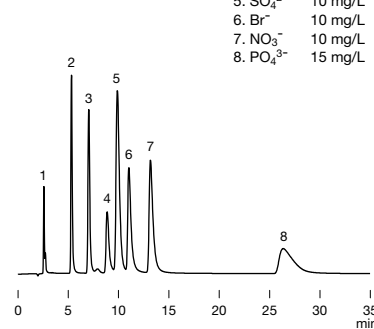
Sample : 2 μ L
 1. F^- 1 mg/L
 2. Cl^- 2 mg/L
 3. NO_2^- 3 mg/L
 4. Br^- 5 mg/L
 5. NO_3^- 5 mg/L
 6. HPO_4^{2-} 8 mg/L
 7. SO_4^{2-} 6 mg/L



Column : Shodex IC SI-35 2B
Eluent : 1.0 mM Na_2CO_3 + 2.0 mM NaHCO_3 aq.
Flow rate : 0.2 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Anions and sulfite ion analysis using SI-36 4D (suppressor method)

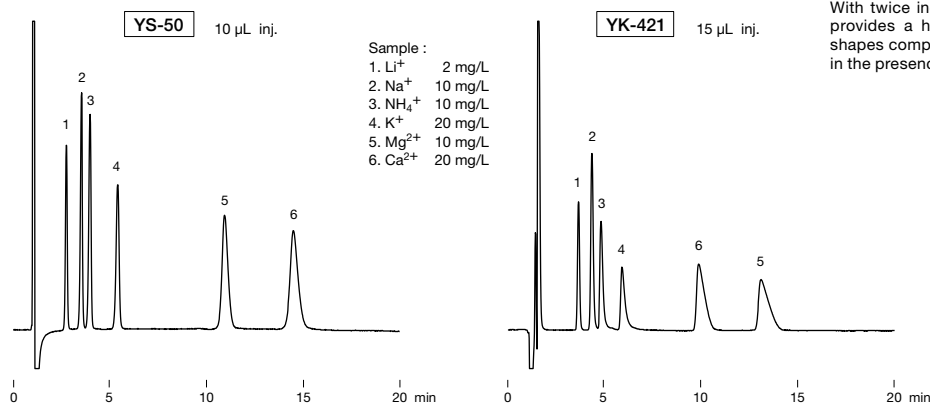
Sample : 25 μ L
 1. F^- 0.5 mg/L
 2. Cl^- 3 mg/L
 3. NO_2^- 5 mg/L
 4. SO_3^{2-} 5 mg/L
 5. SO_4^{2-} 10 mg/L
 6. Br^- 10 mg/L
 7. NO_3^- 10 mg/L
 8. PO_4^{3-} 15 mg/L



Column : Shodex IC SI-36 4D
Eluent : 25 mM KOH aq.
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Detector : Suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Eluent source : Dionex™ EGC 500 KOH

Cation analysis using YS-50 and YK-421



With twice increased theoretical plate number, YS-50 provides a higher performance with improved peak shapes compared to YK-421. The quantitation of NH₄⁺ in the presence of high Na⁺ content is also improved.

TP	YS-50	YK-421
Mg ²⁺	6,900	3,000
Ca ²⁺	6,600	3,000

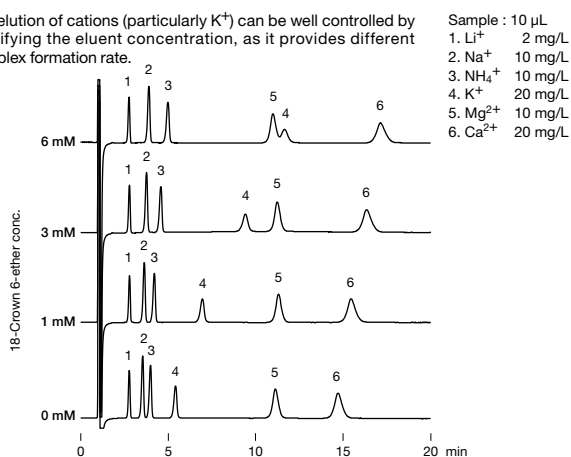
Resolution (Na ⁺ / NH ₄ ⁺)	YS-50	YK-421
	2.5	2.1

Column : Shodex IC YS-50
Eluent : 4 mM Methanesulfonic acid aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 °C

Column : Shodex IC YK-421
Eluent : 5 mM Tartaric acid + 1 mM Dipicolinic acid + 24 mM Boric acid aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 °C

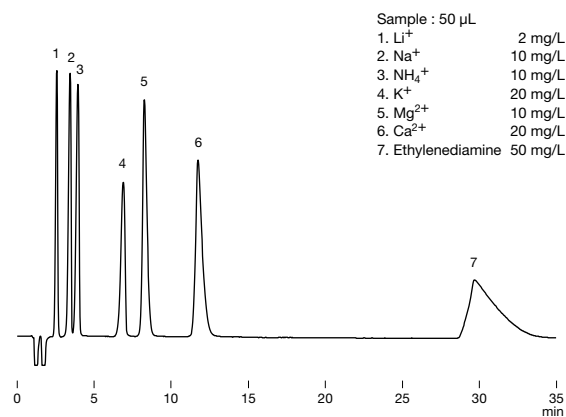
Effects of added crown ether in the eluent

The elution of cations (particularly K⁺) can be well controlled by modifying the eluent concentration, as it provides different complex formation rate.



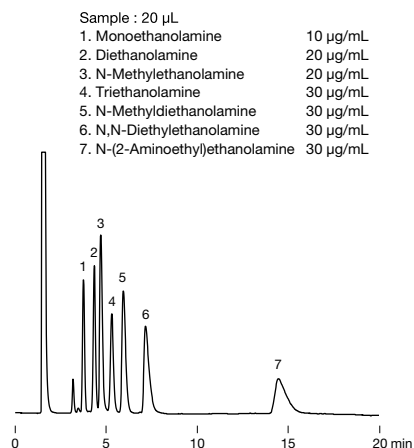
Column : Shodex IC YS-50
Eluent : 4 mM Methanesulfonic acid + 18-Crown 6-ether aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 °C

Simultaneous analysis of cations and ethylenediamine



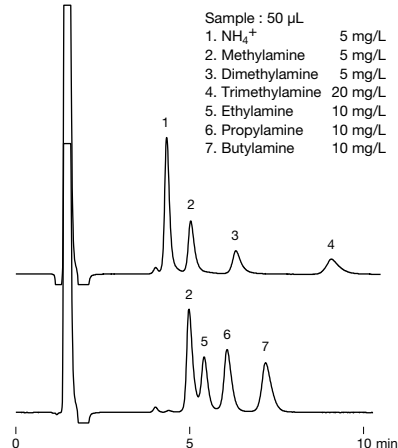
Column : Shodex IC YS-50
Eluent : 4 mM Nitric acid + 1.5 mM 18-Crown 6-ether aq.
 /CH₃CN = 90/10
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 °C

Amino alcohols



Column : Shodex IC YK-421
Eluent : 4 mM Nitric acid aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 40 °C

Alkylamines



Column : Shodex IC YK-421
Eluent : 4 mM H₃PO₄ aq./CH₃CN = 90/10
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : Non-suppressed conductivity
Column temp. : 25 °C

Aqueous SEC (GFC) Columns: Silica-based

Features

KW-800	• Silica-based packed columns for aqueous SEC (GFC) analysis • Suitable for the analysis of proteins and enzymes • Fulfills USP-NF L20, L33, and L59 requirements
KW400	• Reduced packing material particle size enhances column performance • Three to four-fold higher sensitivity than KW-800 series • KW405-4F is applicable analyzing samples with molecular weight above 1,000,000 • Fulfills USP-NF L20, L33, and L59 requirements
LW-803	• Pore size specifically controlled for analyzing proteins with a molecular weight of several hundred of thousand • High performance analysis of antibody drugs and various proteins • High lot-to-lot reproducibility • Fulfills USP-NF L20, L33, and L59 requirements
LW-403 4D	• Rapid analysis column of LW-803 • Achieves approximately halved analysis time compared with standard column • Fulfills USP-NF L20, L33, and L59 requirements

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	* Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6989000	PROTEIN KW-802.5	≥ 21,000	5	400	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6989103	PROTEIN KW-803	≥ 21,000	5	1,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6989104	PROTEIN KW-804	≥ 16,000	7	1,500	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6700131	PROTEIN KW-G 6B	(guard column)	7	—	6.0 x 50	H ₂ O

* Measured with ethylene glycol

Base Material: Silica
Usable pH Range: pH3.0 - 7.5

• High performance semi-micro columns

* KW400 series is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	* Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6989201	KW402.5-4F	≥ 35,000	3	400	4.6 x 300	H ₂ O
F6989202	KW403-4F	≥ 35,000	3	800	4.6 x 300	H ₂ O
F6989203	KW404-4F	≥ 25,000	5	1,500	4.6 x 300	H ₂ O
F6989204	KW405-4F	≥ 25,000	5	2,000	4.6 x 300	H ₂ O
F6700132	KW400G-4A	(guard column)	5	—	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O

* Measured with uridine

Base Material: Silica
Usable pH Range: pH3.0 - 7.5

For antibody drugs analysis

● Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	* Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6989303	PROTEIN LW-803	≥ 12,000	3	1,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6700133	PROTEIN LW-G 6B	(guard column)	3	—	6.0 x 50	H ₂ O

* Measured with bovine serum albumin

Base Material: Silica
Usable pH Range: pH3.0 - 7.5

● Semi-micro columns

* LW-403 4D is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	* Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6989403	PROTEIN LW-403 4D	≥ 11,000	1.9	1,000	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O
F6700134	PROTEIN LS-G 4J	(guard column)	1.9	—	4.6 x 20	H ₂ O

* Measured with bovine serum albumin

Base Material: Silica
Usable pH Range: pH3.0 - 7.5

Usable solvents

Product Name	Solvent			
	Acetonitrile	Methanol	Ethanol	2-Propanol (IPA)
KW-802.5, KW-803, KW-804	○	○	○	○
KW402.5-4F	○	○	○	△
KW403-4F	○	○	○	×
KW404-4F, KW405-4F	○	○	○	○
LW-803	○	○	○	○
LW-403 4D	○	○	○	×

○: Solvent replacement possible △: Solvent replacement possible up to 50 % ×: Solvent replacement not possible

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

● Measured with protein (eluent: phosphate buffer)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
KW-802.5	5,000 - 100,000	150,000
KW-803	10,000 - 700,000	* (1,000,000)
KW-804	30,000 - * (4,000,000)	* (4,000,000)
KW402.5-4F	5,000 - 70,000	150,000
KW403-4F	10,000 - 500,000	600,000
KW404-4F	30,000 - * (4,000,000)	* (4,000,000)
KW405-4F	200,000 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
LW-803, LW-403 4D	10,000 - 700,000	* (1,000,000)

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

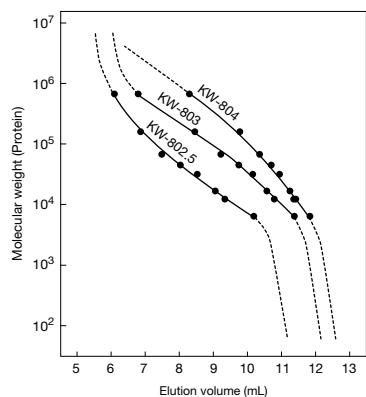
* () Estimated value

● Measured with pullulan (eluent: ultrapure water)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
KW-802.5	2,000 - 50,000	60,000
KW-803	5,000 - 100,000	170,000
KW-804	20,000 - 300,000	500,000
KW402.5-4F	2,000 - 40,000	60,000
KW403-4F	3,000 - 50,000	80,000
KW404-4F	20,000 - 300,000	400,000
KW405-4F	100,000 - 700,000	1,300,000

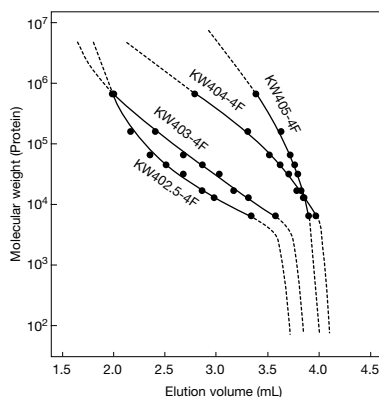
Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Calibration curves for KW-800 series using protein



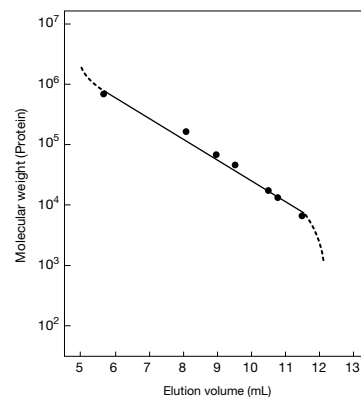
Column : Shodex PROTEIN KW-800 series
Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Calibration curves for KW400 series using protein



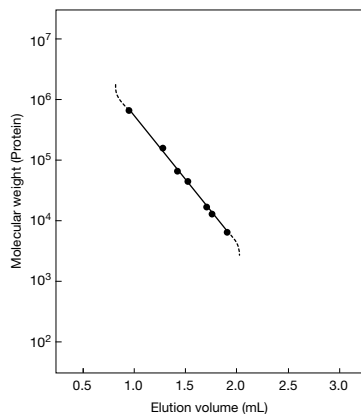
Column : Shodex KW400-4F series
Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
Flow rate : 0.33 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm) (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Calibration curve for LW-803 using protein



Column : Shodex PROTEIN LW-803
Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : Room temp.

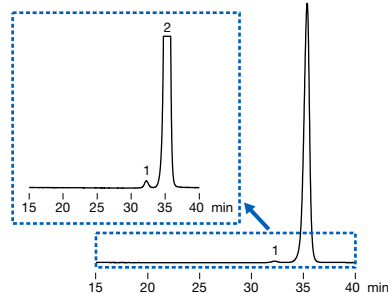
Calibration curve for LW-403 4D using protein



Column : Shodex PROTEIN LW-403 4D
Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
Flow rate : 0.35 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm) (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Analysis of impurities (high molecular weight proteins) in insulin glargine according to USP-NF method

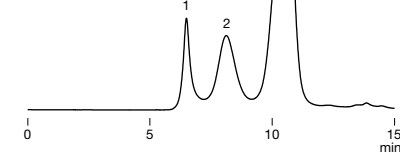
Sample : 100 µL
System suitability solution
 (prepared following USP-NF method)
 1. High molecular weight proteins
 2. Insulin glargine



Column : Shodex PROTEIN KW-802.5 x 2
Eluent : CH₃COOH/CH₃CN/H₂O=20/30/50 (pH to 3.0 adjusted with 25 % NH₃ aq.)
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : UV (276 nm)
Column temp. : Ambient

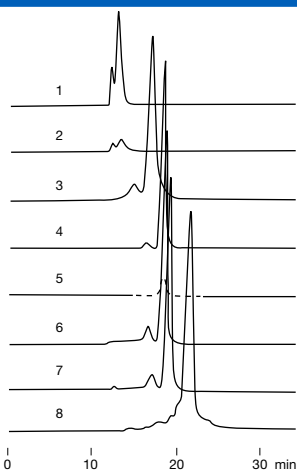
Lipoproteins in serum

Sample : 40 µL
 Whole lipoproteins from serum of a healthy person 1.0 mg/mL
 1. VLDL 2. LDL 3. HDL
 (Sample preparation method)
 1. Use potassium bromide to adjust the specific gravity of serum from a healthy person to 1.210 g/mL. Ultracentrifuge for 24 hours.
 2. Dialyze the supernatant and then substitute the solvent with PBS*.
 3. Measure protein concentration by Lowry method and dilute the sample with PBS* to 1.0 mg/mL.



Column : Shodex PROTEIN KW-G + KW-804
Eluent : 10-fold diluted x 10 PBS* with H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C
 x10 PBS* : 80 g NaCl + 29 g Na₂HPO₄ · 12H₂O + 2 g KCl + 2 g KH₂PO₄ in 1000 mL of H₂O
 Data provided by Ohkawa Ryunosuke, Graduate School of Health Care Sciences, Analytical Laboratory Chemistry, Tokyo Medical and Dental University

Proteins in human blood serum

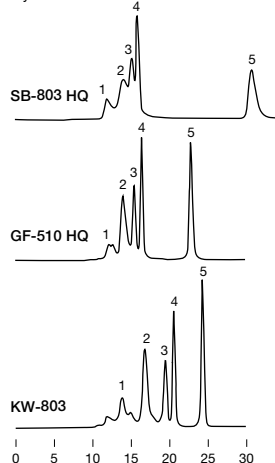


Sample : 0.1 % each
 1. Fibrinogen 50 µL
 2. α₂-Macroglobulin 50 µL
 3. IgG 50 µL
 4. Transferrin 50 µL
 5. Plasminogen 50 µL
 6. Albumin 100 µL
 7. Antitrypsin 100 µL
 8. Hemoglobin 100 µL

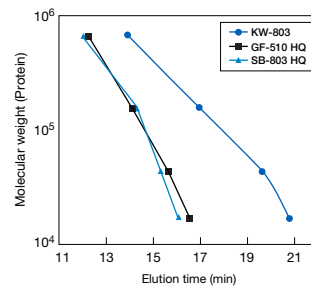
Column : Shodex PROTEIN KW-803
Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : Room temp.

Comparing three GFC columns for the separation of common proteins

Sample :
 1. Thyroglobulin (bovine)
 2. γ-Globulin (bovine)
 3. Ovalbumin (chicken)
 4. Myoglobin (horse)
 5. Cyanocobalamin



Separation performances of three aqueous SEC columns (SB-803 HQ, GF-510 HQ, and KW-803) were compared. KW-803, silica-based column, showed the best separation performance for the analysis of protein standards.



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-803 HQ
 Shodex Asahipak GF-510 HQ
 Shodex PROTEIN KW-803
Eluent : 0.2 M Phosphate buffer (pH6.9)
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Comparison of LW-803, conventional column, and other manufacturer's column

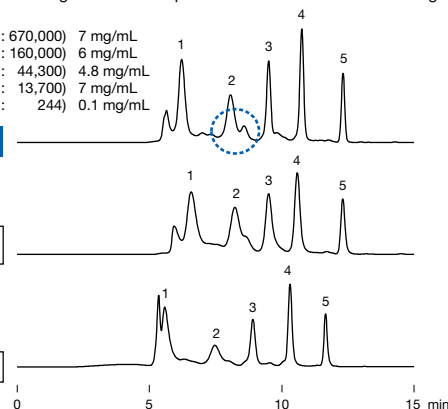
PROTEIN LW-803 is suitable for analyzing a few-hundred-thousand molecular weight size proteins. When comparing LW-803 to our conventional columns and other manufacturer's columns, LW-803 provides a better separation around 160,000 molecular weight range that is about the size of Globulin. This improved separation efficiency is advantageous for the separation of monomer and dimer of IgG which is a mainstream of antibody drug.

Sample : 5 μ L
 1. Thyroglobulin (MW : 670,000) 7 mg/mL
 2. γ -Globulin (MW : 160,000) 6 mg/mL
 3. Ovalbumin (MW : 44,300) 4.8 mg/mL
 4. Ribonuclease A (MW : 13,700) 7 mg/mL
 5. Uridine (MW : 244) 0.1 mg/mL

LW-803

KW-803
(conventional type)

Company A

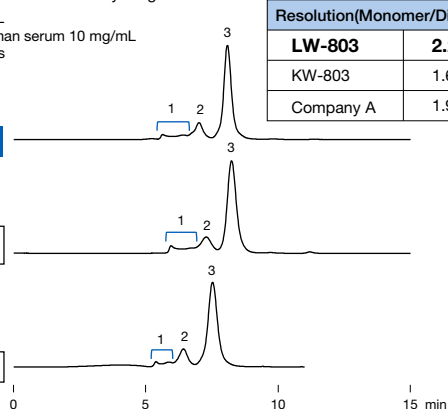


Sample : 5 μ L
 IgG from human serum 10 mg/mL
 1. Aggregates
 2. Dimer
 3. Monomer

LW-803

KW-803
(conventional type)

Company A

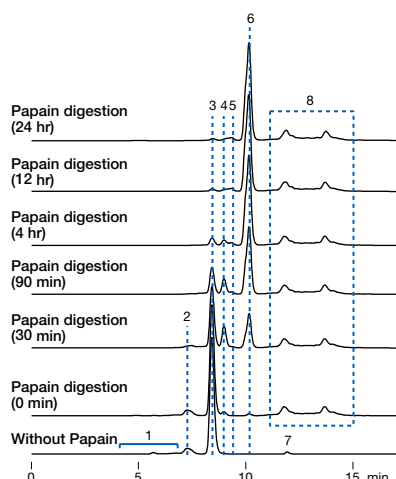


Resolution(Monomer/Dimer)	
LW-803	2.2
KW-803	1.6
Company A	1.9

Column : Shodex PROTEIN LW-803, Shodex PROTEIN KW-803, Silica-based SEC column from other manufacturer
 Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : UV (280 nm)
 Column temp. : Room temp.

Monitoring papain digestion of humanized monoclonal IgG

Papain digestion of humanized monoclonal IgG was monitored using PROTEIN LW-803, an aqueous SEC (GFC) column. During the papain digestion of IgG, Fc and Fab fragments from the IgG and their decomposition intermediates are expected to be observed. LW-803 separates IgG and decomposed fragments and intermediates well from each other, thus it is suitable for the monitoring of papain digestion of IgG.



Sample : 10 μ L
 Humanized monoclonal IgG
 1. Aggregates of IgG
 2. Dimer of IgG
 3. Monomer of IgG
 4 - 6. Fragments of IgG from papain digestion
 7. Citric acid
 8. Papain

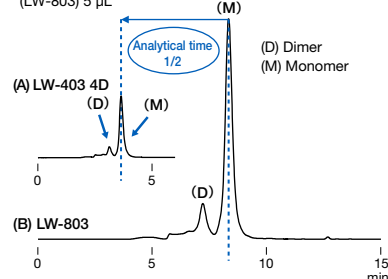
(Procedures for digestion monitoring)

- (1) Dissolve 3 mg of humanized monoclonal IgG in 500 μ L of the eluent. (6 mg/mL conc.)
- (2) Dissolve 1 mg of papain in 500 μ L of the eluent. (1 mg/mL conc.)
- (3) Filter (1) and (2) using 0.2- μ m membrane filters
- (4) Mix two solutions in 1:1 ratio.
- (5) Keep the mixture at 25 $^{\circ}$ C.
- (6) Take samples at set timings and analyze them by HPLC.

Column : Shodex PROTEIN LW-803
 Eluent : 0.1 M Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : UV (280 nm)
 Column temp. : 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Efficiencies of LW-403 4D over LW-803 for IgG separation

Sample : IgG from human serum 10 mg/mL
 (LW-403 4D) 0.5 μ L
 (LW-803) 5 μ L

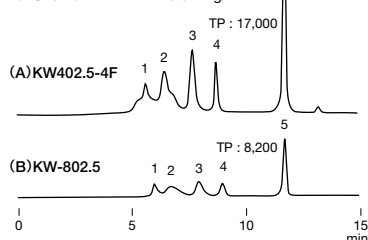


Column : (A) Shodex PROTEIN LW-403 4D
 (B) Shodex PROTEIN LW-803
 Eluent : 50mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3M NaCl
 Flow rate : (A) 0.35 mL/min
 (B) 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : (A) UV (280 nm) (small cell volume)
 (B) UV (280 nm) (conventional type)
 Column temp. : Room temp.

Comparison of KW402.5-4F and KW-802.5

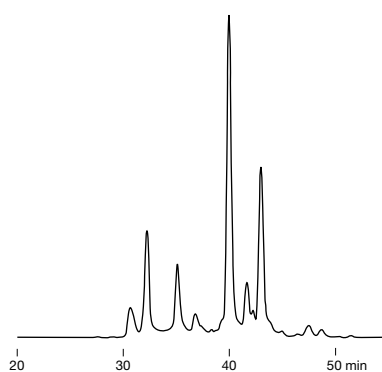
KW400 series is a high performance type semi-micro columns. It offers approximately 1.5 times larger theoretical plate number and 3 to 4 times higher detection sensitivity (peak height) than KW-800 series columns do.

Sample : 10 μ L
 1. Blue dextran 2000 0.2 mg/mL
 2. γ -Globulin 0.8 mg/mL
 3. Ovalbumin 0.8 mg/mL
 4. Myoglobin 0.56 mg/mL
 5. Uridine 0.04 mg/mL



Column : (A) Shodex KW402.5-4F
 (B) Shodex PROTEIN KW-802.5
 Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
 Flow rate : (A) 0.33 mL/min, (B) 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : UV (280 nm) (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 25 $^{\circ}$ C

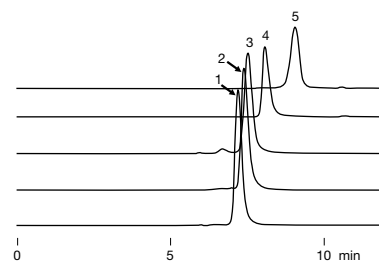
Whey in yogurt

Sample : Whey, 5 μ L

Column : Shodex KW403-4F + KW402.5-4F
 Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
 Flow rate : 0.20 mL/min
 Detector : UV (280 nm) (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Lectins

Sample : 5 μ L
 1. Lectin from soybean 0.6 mg/mL
 2. Lectin from arachis hypogaea 1.1 mg/mL
 3. Lectin from canavalia ensiformis (Con A) 0.9 mg/mL
 4. Lectin from lens culinaris (LCA) 0.7 mg/mL
 5. Lectin from triticum vulgaris (WGA) 0.8 mg/mL



Column : Shodex KW402.5-4F
 Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 0.3 M NaCl
 Flow rate : 0.33 mL/min
 Detector : UV (220 nm) (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Aqueous SEC (GFC) Columns: Polymer-based

Features

SB-800 HQ

- Polymer-based packed columns for aqueous SEC (GFC) analysis
- Supports a wide range of molecular weight sample analysis
- The eluent can be replaced with DMF (except SB-802 HQ and SB-807 HQ), enabling the analysis of polar polymers
- Method using SB-804 HQ or SB-805 HQ for gelatin's mean molecular weight determination is comparable with PAGI method (Ver. 10, Japan)
- Fulfills USP-NF L38 and L39 requirements
- SB-802 HQ fulfills USP-NF L25 requirements
- SB-802.5 HQ fulfills USP-NF L25 and L89 requirements
- SB-803 HQ fulfills USP-NF L37 requirements

SB-807 HQ

- Column for the analysis of water-soluble ultra high molecular weight polymers
- Large particle-size gel prevents shear degradation of polymers
- Fulfills USP-NF L38 and L39 requirements

LB-800

- Polymer-based packed columns for aqueous SEC (GFC) analysis
- Low column bleeding allows its use with light scattering detectors
- The eluent can be replaced with DMF enabling the analysis of polar polymers
- LB-802.5 (exclusion limit: about 10,000) newly added to the series
- Fulfills USP-NF L38 and L39 requirements
- LB-802.5 fulfills USP-NF L25 and L89 requirements
- LB-803 fulfills USP-NF L37 requirements

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6429100	OHpak SB-802 HQ	≥ 12,000	8	100	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429101	OHpak SB-802.5 HQ	≥ 16,000	6	200	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429102	OHpak SB-803 HQ	≥ 16,000	6	800	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429103	OHpak SB-804 HQ	≥ 16,000	10	2,000	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429104	OHpak SB-805 HQ	≥ 12,000	13	7,000	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429105	OHpak SB-806 HQ	≥ 12,000	13	15,000	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6429106	OHpak SB-806M HQ	≥ 12,000	13	15,000	8.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.
F6709430	OHpak SB-G 6B	(guard column)	10	—	6.0 x 50	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.

SB-806M HQ is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate
Usable pH Range: pH3 - 10

Aqueous high molecular weight analysis column

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6429108	OHpak SB-807 HQ	≥ 1,500	35	30,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6709431	OHpak SB-807G	(guard column)	35	—	8.0 x 50	H ₂ O

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate
Usable pH Range: pH3 - 10

Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent	Standard Column
F6516011	OHpak SB-2002	≥ 9,000	15	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-802 HQ
F6516012	OHpak SB-2002.5	≥ 12,000	10	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-802.5 HQ
F6516013	OHpak SB-2003	≥ 12,000	10	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-803 HQ
F6516014	OHpak SB-2004	≥ 12,000	18	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-804 HQ
F6516015	OHpak SB-2005	≥ 12,000	20	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-805 HQ
F6516016	OHpak SB-2006	≥ 12,000	20	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-806 HQ
F6516017	OHpak SB-2006M	≥ 12,000	20	20.0 x 300	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	SB-806M HQ
F6709555	OHpak SB-G 8B	(guard column)	18	8.0 x 50	0.02 % NaN ₃ aq.	(guard column)

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate

GFC columns to be used with light scattering detector

● Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6429206	OHpak LB-802.5 New	≥ 16,000	6	200	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6429201	OHpak LB-803	≥ 16,000	6	800	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6429204	OHpak LB-804	≥ 16,000	10	2,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6429203	OHpak LB-805	≥ 12,000	13	7,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6429205	OHpak LB-806	≥ 12,000	13	15,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6429202	OHpak LB-806M	≥ 12,000	13	15,000	8.0 x 300	H ₂ O
F6709434	OHpak LB-G 6B	(guard column)	13	—	6.0 x 50	H ₂ O

LB-806M is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Polyhydroxymethacrylate
Usable pH Range: pH3 - 10

Usable solvents

Product Name	Maximum Usable Concentration (%)		
	Methanol	Acetonitrile	N,N-Dimethylformamide (DMF)
SB-802 HQ	0	0	0
SB-802.5 HQ, SB-803 HQ	100	75	100
SB-804 HQ - SB-806M HQ	75	75	100
SB-G 6B	75	75	100
SB-807 HQ, SB-807G	30	30	0
LB-802.5 - LB-806M, LB-G 6B	100	100	100

(Note)

The maximum solvent tolerance of SB-2000 series, preparative columns of SB-800 HQ series, is 50 % methanol, acetonitrile, or DMF.
(SB-2002 is not tolerant to organic solvents)

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

● Measured with pullulan (eluent: ultrapure water)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
SB-802 HQ	200 - 1,000	1,000
SB-802.5 HQ	500 - 10,000	10,000
SB-803 HQ	1,000 - 100,000	100,000
SB-804 HQ	5,000 - 400,000	1,000,000
SB-805 HQ	100,000 - 1,000,000	* (4,000,000)
SB-806 HQ	100,000 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
SB-806M HQ	500 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
SB-807 HQ	500,000 - * (500,000,000)	* (500,000,000)
LB-802.5	500 - 10,000	10,000
LB-803	1,000 - 100,000	100,000
LB-804	5,000 - 400,000	1,000,000
LB-805	100,000 - 1,000,000	* (4,000,000)
LB-806	100,000 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
LB-806M	500 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

* () Estimated value

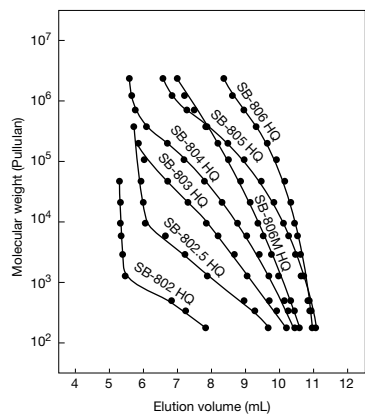
● Measured with *PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range
SB-802.5 HQ	100 - 2,000
SB-803 HQ	200 - 40,000
SB-804 HQ	500 - 300,000
SB-805 HQ	50,000 - 700,000
SB-806 HQ	70,000 - ** (20,000,000)
SB-806M HQ	200 - ** (20,000,000)
LB-802.5	100 - 5,000
LB-803	500 - 50,000
LB-804	500 - 300,000
LB-805	50,000 - 700,000
LB-806	70,000 - ** (20,000,000)
LB-806M	200 - ** (20,000,000)

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

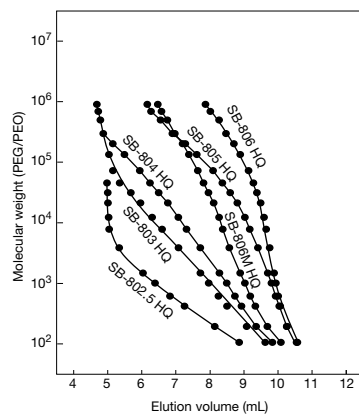
*PEG : polyethylene glycol
*PEO : polyethylene oxide
** () Estimated value

Calibration curves for SB-800 HQ series using pullulan (eluent: H₂O)



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-800 HQ series
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

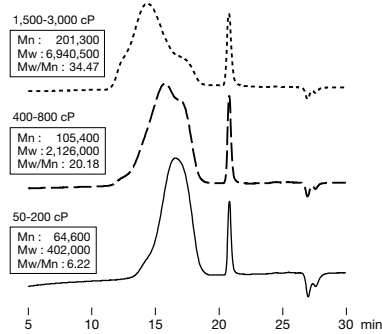
Calibration curves for SB-800 HQ series using PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-800 HQ series
Eluent : DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Carboxymethylcellulose

Sample : Carboxymethylcellulose 0.1 % each, 50 µL



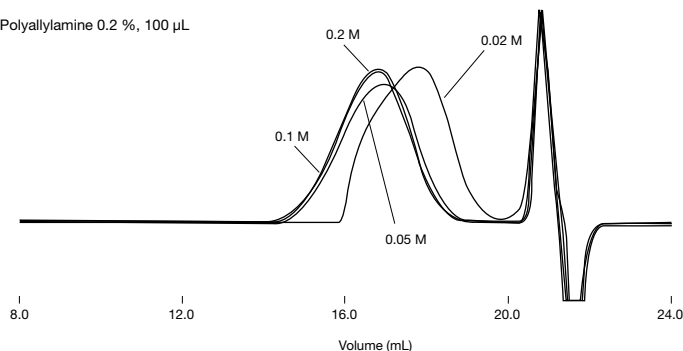
Molecular weight was determined from the calibration curve of pullulan.

Column : Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ x 2
Eluent : 0.1 M NaCl aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Effects of sodium nitrate in eluent on the analysis of polyallylamine

For the analysis of cationic polymers, such as polyallylamine, the polymer is observed to adsorb on the column or delayed in elution when low sodium nitrate eluent was used. These phenomena can be suppressed by increasing the concentration of sodium nitrate in the eluent. In the case of polyallylamine, a good shape chromatogram is obtained when sodium nitrate concentration is 0.1 M or higher.

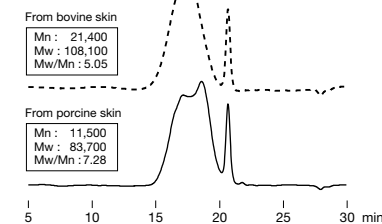
Sample : Polyallylamine 0.2 %, 100 µL



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ x 2
Eluent : 0.5 M CH₃COOH + NaNO₃ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Gelatin

Sample : 0.1 % each, 100 µL
 Gelatin from bovine skin
 (Acid treatment, Gel strength : 225 g)
 Gelatin from porcine skin
 (Alkali treatment, Gel strength : 90-100 g)

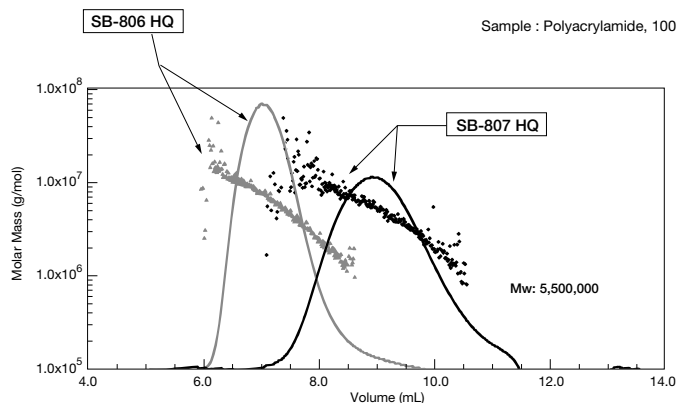


*Molecular weight was determined from the calibration curve of pullulan.

Column : Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ x 2
Eluent : 0.1 M KH₂PO₄ aq./
 0.1 M Na₂HPO₄ aq. = 50/50
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Polyacrylamide

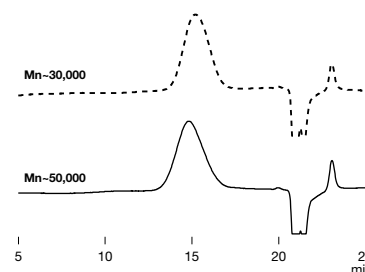
Sample : Polyacrylamide, 100 µL



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-807 HQ, SB-806 HQ
Eluent : 0.2 M NaCl aq.
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : RI
 MALS (Multi angle light scattering)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Cellulose acetate

Sample : Cellulose acetate 0.1 % each, 100 µL



Column : Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ x 2
Eluent : 20 mM LiBr in DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Copolydones

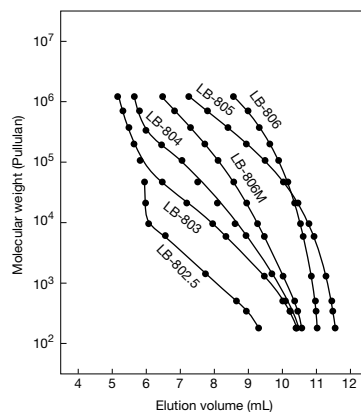
Sample : 100 μ L
Poly(1-vinylpyrrolidone-co-vinyl acetate) 0.1 % each

Copolymer 7:3
Mn : 2,000
Mw : 14,400
Mw/Mn : 7.40

Copolymer 3:7
Mn : 6,400
Mw : 28,900
Mw/Mn : 4.53

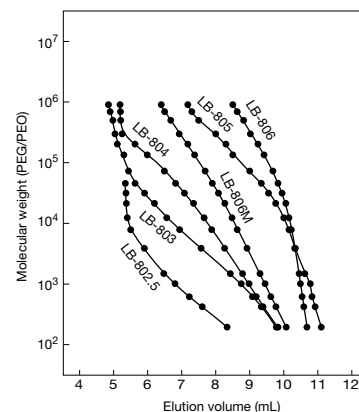
Molecular weight was determined from the calibration curve of PEG/PEO.

Column : Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ x 2
Eluent : 20 mM LiBr in DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 $^{\circ}$ C

Calibration curves for LB-800 series using pullulan (eluent: H₂O)

Column : Shodex OHpak LB-800 series
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

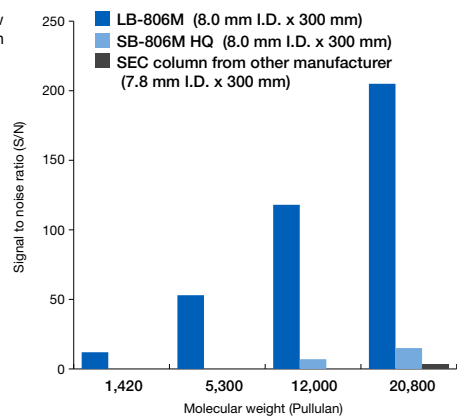
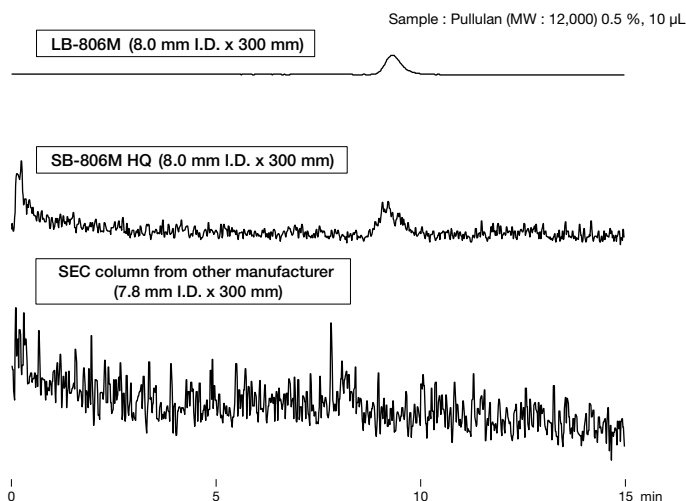
Calibration curves for LB-800 series using PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)



Column : Shodex OHpak LB-800 series
Eluent : DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 $^{\circ}$ C

Comparison of pullulan detection using multi angle light scattering detector

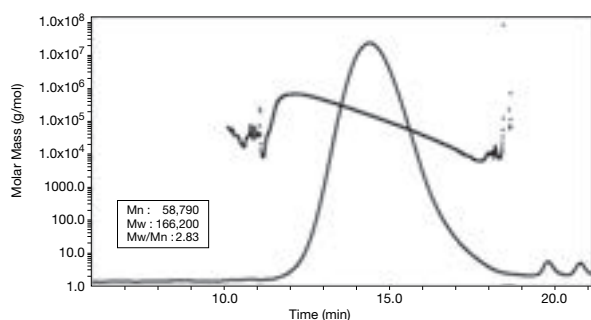
The OHpak LB-800 series is able to detect low molecular weight substances owing to its improved low baseline noise level while using it with a multiangle light scattering detector. This cannot be achieved with other manufacturer's SEC column.



Column : Shodex OHpak LB-806M
Shodex OHpak SB-806M HQ
SEC column from other manufacturer
Eluent : 0.1 M NaNO₃ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : MALS (Multi angle light scattering) (90 $^{\circ}$)
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Sodium alginate

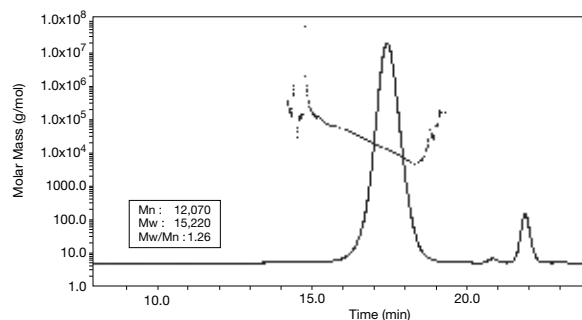
Sample : Sodium alginate 0.1 %, 100 μ L



Column : Shodex OHpak LB-806M x 2
Eluent : 0.1 M NaNO₃ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
MALS (Multi angle light scattering)
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Sodium heparin

Sample : Sodium heparin 0.1 %, 100 μ L



Column : Shodex OHpak LB-806M x 2
Eluent : 0.1 M NaNO₃ aq.
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
MALS (Multi angle light scattering)
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Multimode Columns

Features

GS-HQ

- SEC is the main separation mode
- With the choice of eluent, the column provides multimode features of reversed phase, HILIC, and ion exchange modes to SEC
- Suitable for the separation of peptides or nucleic acids with similar molecular weights
- Suitable for desalting samples or substituting buffer in protein analysis

Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7600005	Asahipak GS-220 HQ	≥ 19,000	6	150	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F7600006	Asahipak GS-320 HQ	≥ 19,000	6	400	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F6710019	Asahipak GS-2G 7B	(guard column)	9	—	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Usable pH Range: pH2 - 9 (GS-220 HQ)
pH2 - 12 (GS-320 HQ)

Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent	Standard Column
F6810034	Asahipak GS-220 20G	≥ 14,000	13	20.0 x 500	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	GS-220 HQ
F6810035	Asahipak GS-320 20G	≥ 14,000	13	20.0 x 500	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	GS-320 HQ
F6710021	Asahipak GS-20G 7B	(guard column)	20	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	(guard column)

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

Usable solvents

Product Name	Maximum Usable Concentration (%)	
	Methanol	Acetonitrile
GS-220 HQ	30	50
GS-320 HQ	100	50

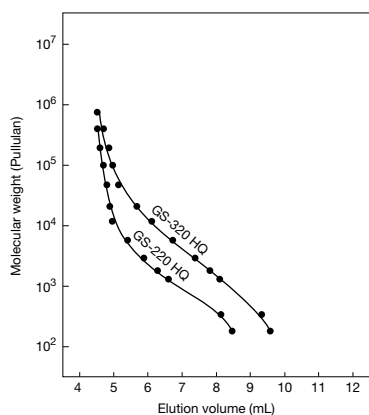
Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

Measured with pullulan (eluent: ultrapure water)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
GS-220 HQ	300 - 3,000	7,000
GS-320 HQ	300 - 20,000	40,000

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Calibration curves for GS-HQ series using pullulan



Column : Shodex Asahipak GS-HQ series
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

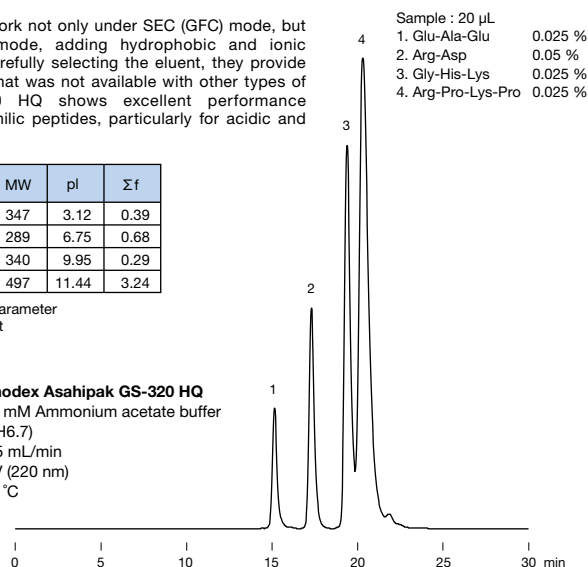
Peptides

GS-HQ columns work not only under SEC (GFC) mode, but also under multimode, adding hydrophobic and ionic interactions. By carefully selecting the eluent, they provide separation mode that was not available with other types of columns. GS-320 HQ shows excellent performance separating hydrophilic peptides, particularly for acidic and basic peptides.

	MW	pI	Σ f
Glu-Ala-Glu	347	3.12	0.39
Arg-Asp	289	6.75	0.68
Gly-His-Lys	340	9.95	0.29
Arg-Pro-Lys-Pro	497	11.44	3.24

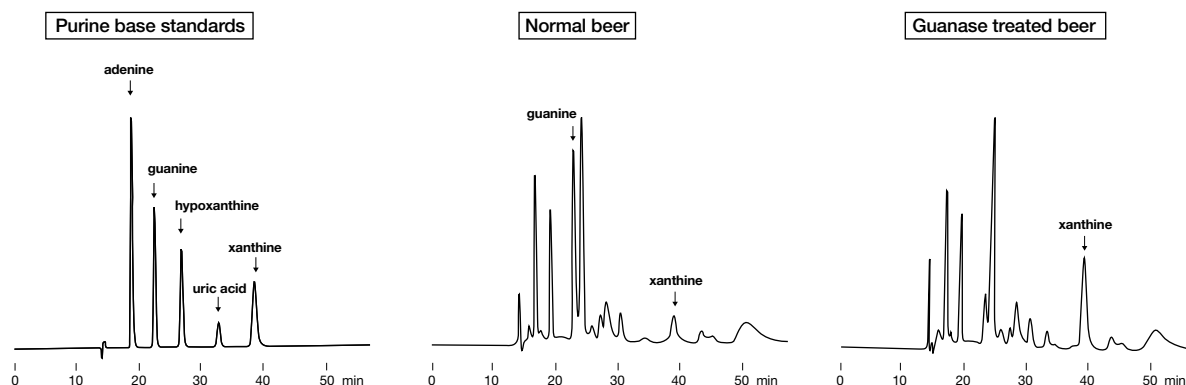
Σ f : Hydrophobic parameter
 pI : Isoelectric point

Column : Shodex Asahipak GS-320 HQ
Eluent : 30 mM Ammonium acetate buffer (pH6.7)
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : UV (220 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C



Purine bases in beer

Purine in food is analyzed as purine base after steps of sample preparation; homogenization, freeze drying, hydrolyzation with 70 % perchloric acid, and neutralization. Example below shows the analysis of purine in regular beer and beer treated with guanase (an enzyme that degrades guanine to xanthine). The following data indicate that guanine was decreased and xanthine was increased by guanase.

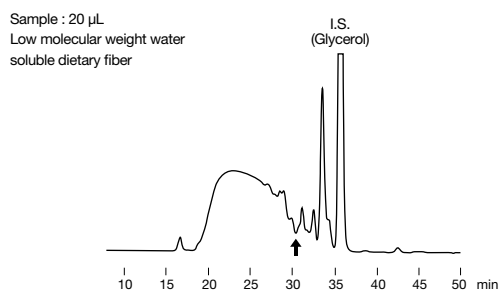


Column : Shodex Asahipak GS-320 HQ
Eluent : 150 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH2.5)
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (260 nm)
Column temp. : 35 °C

Data provided by Kiyoko Kaneko Ph.D.,
 Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Teikyo University

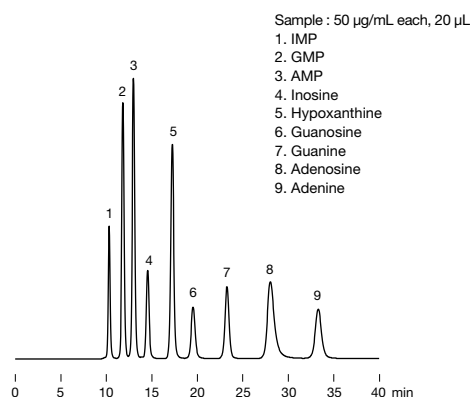
Low molecular weight water-soluble dietary fiber

GS-220 HQ allows to elute monosaccharides, disaccharides, and sugar alcohols after the indigestible component fraction (indicated by an arrow on the chromatogram). This separation makes the method preferable for the quantification of low molecular weight water-soluble dietary fiber.



Column : Shodex Asahipak GS-220 HQ x 2
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 60 °C

"Umami"



Column : Shodex Asahipak GS-320 HQ
Eluent : 10 mM NaH₂PO₄ aq./10 mM Na₂HPO₄ aq. = 1000/31
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (260 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Aqueous-Organic SEC Columns

Features

GF-HQ

- Polymer-based SEC columns with high solvent durability
- Works well with both aqueous and organic solvents

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7600000	Asahipak GF-210 HQ	≥ 19,000	5	180	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O
F7600001	Asahipak GF-310 HQ	≥ 19,000	5	400	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F7600002	Asahipak GF-510 HQ	≥ 19,000	5	2,000	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F7600004	Asahipak GF-7M HQ	≥ 13,000	9	10,000	7.5 x 300	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F6710018	Asahipak GF-1G 7B	(guard column)	9	—	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30
F7600110	MSpak GF-310 4D	≥ 10,000	5	400	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O

GF-7M HQ is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight.

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol
Usable pH range: pH2 - 9

• Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent	Standard Column
F6810038	Asahipak GS-310 20G	≥ 14,000	13	20.0 x 500	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	GF-310 HQ
F6810039	Asahipak GS-510 20G	≥ 14,000	13	20.0 x 500	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	GF-510 HQ
F6710020	Asahipak GS-10G 7B	(guard column)	20	7.5 x 50	H ₂ O/CH ₃ OH = 70/30	(guard column)

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

Usable solvents

Solvent	Product Name		Solvent	Product Name	
	GF-210 HQ	GF-310 HQ GF-510 HQ GF-7M HQ		GF-210 HQ	GF-310 HQ GF-510 HQ GF-7M HQ
Water (0 - 0.5 M salt concentration)	○	○	N,N-Dimethylformamide (DMF)	○	○
Methanol	○	○	Acetone	○	○
Ethanol	○	○	Chloroform	○	○
Acetonitrile	○	○	Ethylacetate	○	○
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	○	○	Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	○	△

○: Solvent replacement possible △: Solvent replacement possible up to 50 %

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

• Measured with pullulan (eluent: ultrapure water)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
GF-210 HQ	300 - 4,000	9,000
GF-310 HQ	300 - 30,000	40,000
GF-510 HQ	5,000 - 200,000	300,000
GF-7M HQ	300 - * (10,000,000)	* (10,000,000)

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

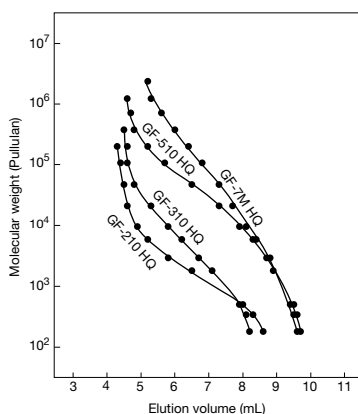
* () Estimated value

• Measured with *PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range
GF-210 HQ	100 - 2,000
GF-310 HQ	200 - 4,000
GF-510 HQ	2,000 - 200,000
GF-7M HQ	200 - ** (10,000,000)

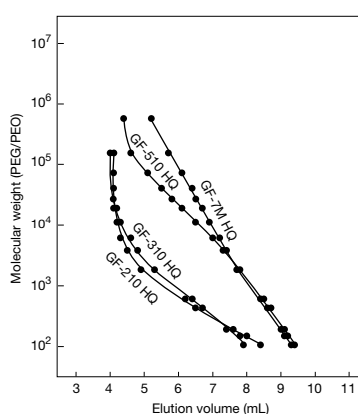
Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

*PEG: polyethylene glycol
*PEO: polyethylene oxide
** () Estimated value

Calibration curves for GF-HQ series using pullulan (eluent: H₂O)

Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-HQ series
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

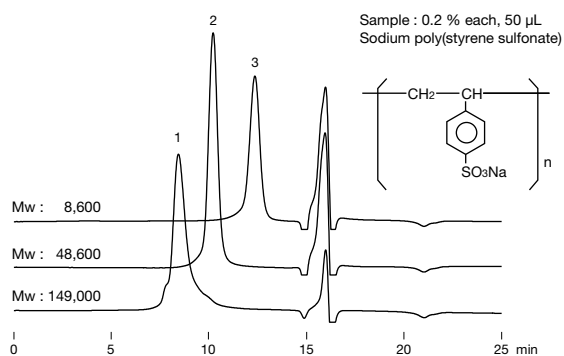
Calibration curves for GF-HQ series using PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)



Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-HQ series
Eluent : DMF
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Sodium polystyrene sulfonates

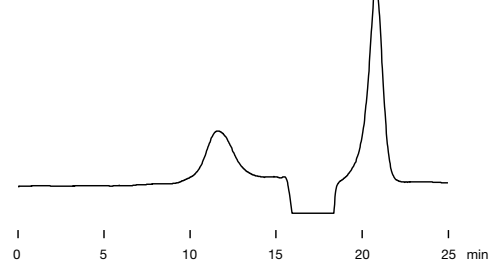
Polymers having both hydrophobic and hydrophilic functional groups may exhibit hydrophobic interactions with packing materials. When analyzing such polymers, addition of organic solvents to the eluent can suppress the hydrophobic interaction.



Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-510 HQ
Eluent : 50 mM LiCl aq./CH₃CN = 60/40
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Biodegradable Polymer

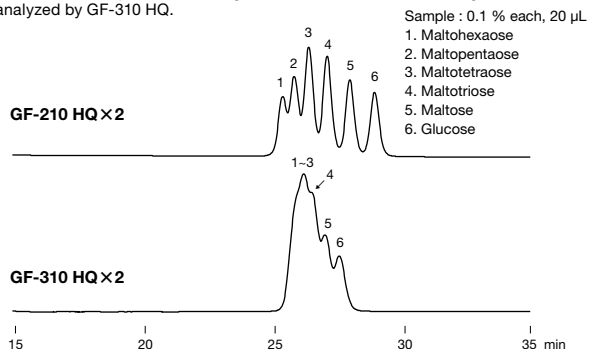
Sample : Poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) 0.02 %, 200 μ L



Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-7M HQ
Eluent : CH₃CN
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Comparison of two GF column performances for the separation of maltoligosaccharides

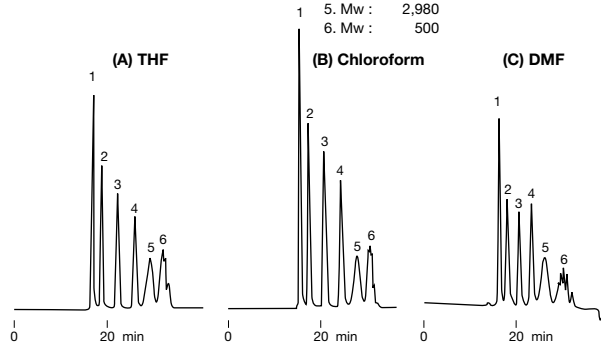
GF-210 HQ demonstrates an improved separation of low molecular substances. The chromatograms below show that the peaks obtained by GF-210 HQ are separated with deeper notches compared to peaks obtained by GF-310 HQ. GF-210 HQ is capable of separating oligosaccharides (trisaccharides to hexasaccharides) while those oligosaccharides were eluted all together when analyzed by GF-310 HQ.



Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-210 HQ x 2
 Shodex Asahipak GF-310 HQ x 2
Eluent : H₂O
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Comparison of polystyrene separation under three different solvent conditions

Sample : Polystyrene 1 mg/mL each, 50 μ L
 1. Mw : 1,090,000
 2. Mw : 190,000
 3. Mw : 37,900
 4. Mw : 9,100
 5. Mw : 2,980
 6. Mw : 500



Column : Shodex Asahipak GF-510 HQ + GF-310 HQ
Eluent : (A); THF, (B); Chloroform, (C); DMF
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : (A),(B) UV (254 nm), (C) UV (270 nm)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: General Analysis (THF)

Features

KF-800

- Standard organic solvent SEC (GPC) column
- Supports a wide range of applications from low to high molecular weight compounds
- Fulfills USP-NF L21 requirements

• Standard columns

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6028010	GPC KF-801	≥ 18,000	6	50	8.0 x 300
F6028020	GPC KF-802	≥ 18,000	6	150	8.0 x 300
F6028025	GPC KF-802.5	≥ 18,000	6	300	8.0 x 300
F6028030	GPC KF-803	≥ 18,000	6	500	8.0 x 300
F6027030	GPC KF-803L	≥ 18,000	6	500	8.0 x 300
F6028040	GPC KF-804	≥ 18,000	7	1,500	8.0 x 300
F6027040	GPC KF-804L	≥ 18,000	7	1,500	8.0 x 300
F6028050	GPC KF-805	≥ 11,000	10	5,000	8.0 x 300
F6027050	GPC KF-805L	≥ 11,000	10	5,000	8.0 x 300
F6028090	GPC KF-806M	≥ 13,000	10	10,000	8.0 x 300
F6027060	GPC KF-806L	≥ 11,000	10	10,000	8.0 x 300
F6027070	GPC KF-807L	≥ 6,000	18	20,000	8.0 x 300
F6700300	GPC KF-G 4A	(guard column)	8	—	4.6 x 10

The columns with 'L' or 'M' at the end of column names are mixed-gel columns capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution. See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

• Measured with polystyrene (eluent: THF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit	Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
KF-801	100 - 700	1,500	KF-804L	100 - 300,000	400,000
KF-802	300 - 3,000	5,000	KF-805	50,000 - 2,000,000	4,000,000
KF-802.5	300 - 8,000	20,000	KF-805L	300 - 2,000,000	4,000,000
KF-803	1,000 - 50,000	70,000	KF-806M	1,000 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
KF-803L	100 - 50,000	70,000	KF-806L	300 - * (20,000,000)	* (20,000,000)
KF-804	7,000 - 300,000	400,000	KF-807L	300 - * (200,000,000)	* (200,000,000)

Please use the above tables for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

* () Estimated value

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: Solvent-Peak Separation

Features

KF-800D

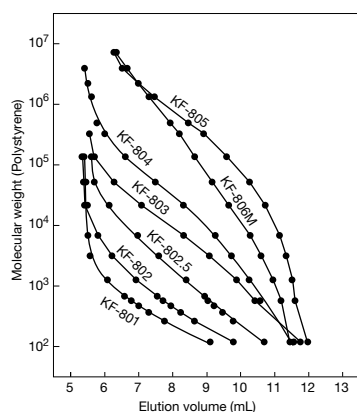
- Use this column in combination with a linear column
- Accurate molecular weight distribution of polymers and oligomers are achieved by shifting the elutions of monomers, polymer additives, and solvent-peak in the lower molecular region

• Solvent-peak separation column

Product Code	Product Name	Column Combination	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6709350	GPC KF-800D	KF-805L, 806L, 806M, 807L	10	8.0 x 100

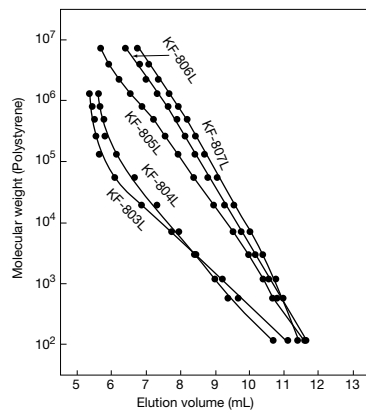
Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Calibration curves for KF-800 series using polystyrene



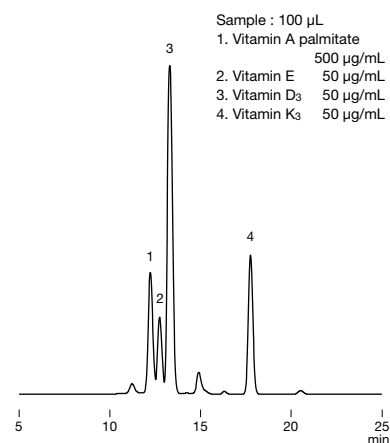
Column : Shodex GPC KF-800 series
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Calibration curves for KF-800L (linear type) series using polystyrene



Column : Shodex GPC KF-800L series
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

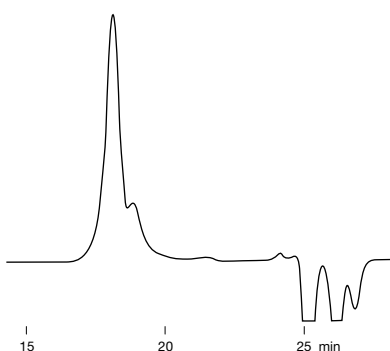
Fat-soluble vitamins



Column : Shodex GPC KF-801 x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Styrene isoprene ABA block copolymer

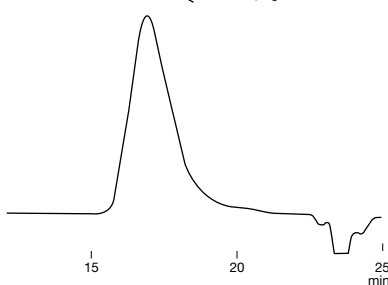
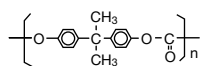
Sample : Styrene isoprene ABA block copolymer



Column : Shodex GPC KF-806M x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

Polycarbonate resin

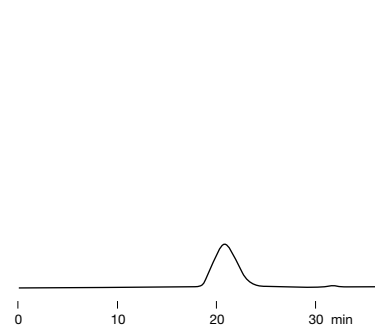
Sample : Polycarbonate resin 0.1 %, 100 µL



Column : Shodex GPC KF-806L x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Raw rubber

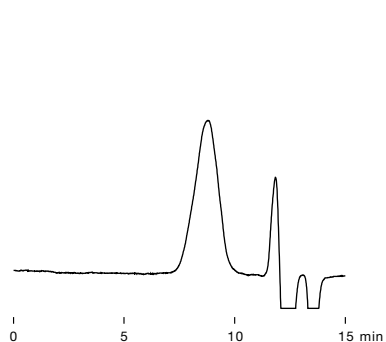
Sample : Rubber 0.1 %, 300 µL



Column : Shodex GPC KF-806M x 2
+ KF-802
Eluent : Toluene
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : Room temp.

Polylactic Acid

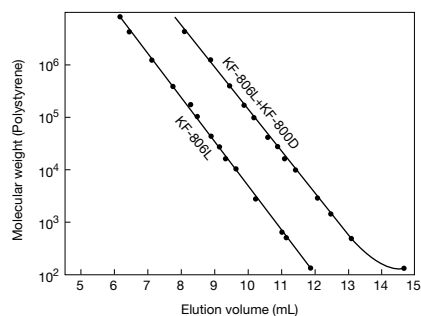
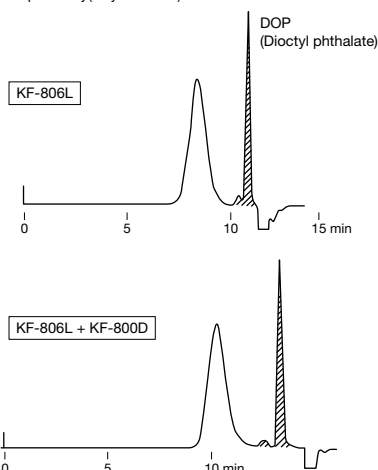
Sample : Polylactic acid 0.2 %, 50 µL



Column : Shodex GPC KF-806M
Eluent : Chloroform
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 30 °C

Effects of solvent-peak separation column

Sample : Poly(vinyl chloride)



Column : Shodex GPC KF-806L
Shodex GPC KF-806L + KF-800D
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: General Analysis (DMF)

Features

KD-800

- Standard organic solvent SEC (GPC) column
- Supports a wide range of applications from low to high molecular weight compounds
- Fulfills USP-NF L21 requirements

• Standard columns [KD-800 series is made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6028210	GPC KD-801	≥ 17,000	6	50	8.0 x 300
F6028220	GPC KD-802	≥ 17,000	6	150	8.0 x 300
F6028225	GPC KD-802.5	≥ 17,000	6	300	8.0 x 300
F6028230	GPC KD-803	≥ 17,000	6	500	8.0 x 300
F6028240	GPC KD-804	≥ 17,000	7	1,500	8.0 x 300
F6028250	GPC KD-805	≥ 11,000	10	5,000	8.0 x 300
F6028260	GPC KD-806	≥ 11,000	10	10,000	8.0 x 300
F6028290	GPC KD-806M	≥ 13,000	10	10,000	8.0 x 300
F6028270	GPC KD-807	≥ 6,000	18	20,000	8.0 x 300
F6700411	GPC KD-G 4A	(guard column)	8	—	4.6 x 10

KD-806M is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution. See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: N,N-Dimethylformamide (DMF)

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

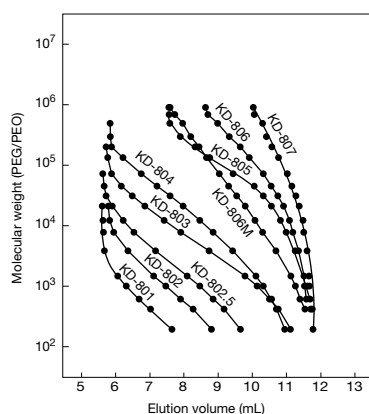
• Measured with *PEG/PEO (eluent: DMF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit	Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
KD-801	100 - 1,500	2,500	KD-805	30,000 - ** (4,000,000)	** (4,000,000)
KD-802	200 - 4,000	7,000	KD-806	30,000 - ** (40,000,000)	** (40,000,000)
KD-802.5	400 - 10,000	20,000	KD-806M	1,000 - ** (40,000,000)	** (40,000,000)
KD-803	1,000 - 50,000	70,000	KD-807	50,000 - ** (200,000,000)	** (200,000,000)
KD-804	4,000 - 200,000	200,000			

Please use the above tables for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

*PEG: polyethylene glycol
*PEO: polyethylene oxide
** () Estimated value

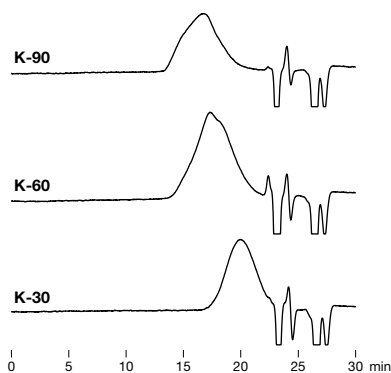
Calibration curves for KD-800 series using PEG/PEO



Column : Shodex GPC KD-800 series
Eluent : DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

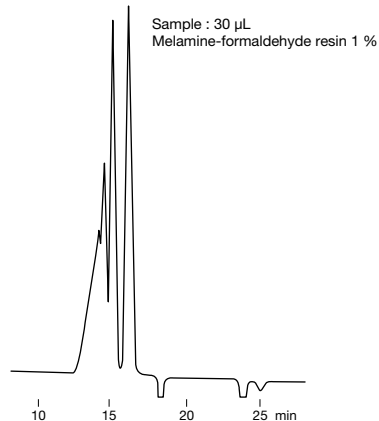
Polyvinylpyrrolidones

Sample : Polyvinylpyrrolidone 0.1 % each, 100 μ L



Column : Shodex GPC KD-806M x 2
Eluent : 10 mM LiBr in DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

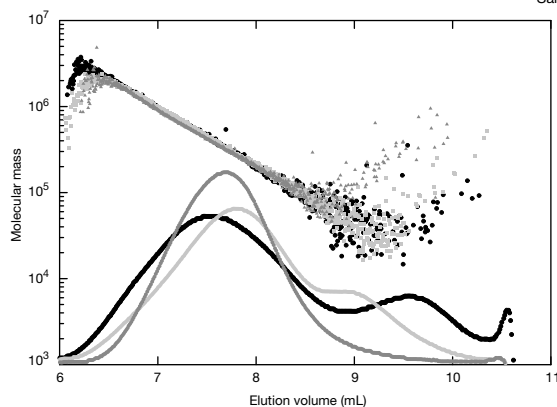
Melamine formaldehyde resin



Column : Shodex GPC KD-802 x 2
Eluent : 10 mM LiBr in DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Celluloses

Sample : Cellulose ca. 0.05 % each, 100 μ L



Cellulose is difficult to dissolve and repeated solvent replacement is required to prepare the cellulose solution. The time required to completely dissolve cellulose depends on the solvent type, crystallinity and molecular weight of the cellulose. This can be 1 to 60 days.

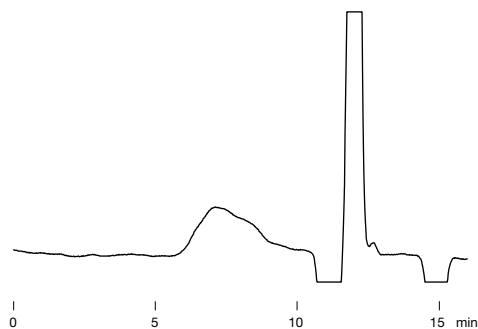
Column : Shodex GPC KD-806M
Eluent : 1 % LiCl in *DMI
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min
Detector : RI, MALS (Multi angle light scattering)
Column temp. : 60 °C

*DMI: 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone

Data provided by Dr. Masahiko Yanagisawa,
 Isogai group, Graduate School of Agricultural and
 Life Sciences, The University of Tokyo

Potato starch

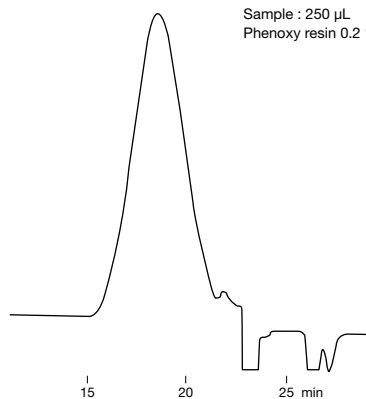
Sample : 100 μ L
 Potato starch in DMSO 0.1 %
 (dissolved at 80 °C)



Column : Shodex GPC KD-806M
Eluent : 10 mM LiBr in DMSO/DMF = 75/25
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Phenoxy resin

Sample : 250 μ L
 Phenoxy resin 0.2 %



Column : Shodex GPC KD-806M x 2
Eluent : 10 mM in DMF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: High Performance Analysis

Features

KF-400HQ

- About 1.5 times better separation performance than standard columns, obtains higher resolution
- About 4 times better sensitivity than that of standard columns, supports high sensitivity analysis
- The amount of solvent used is reduced to about a third
- Improved applicability of solvent replacement
- Fulfills USP-NF L21 requirements

• High performance semi-micro columns

* KF-400HQ series is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size ($\text{\AA}$)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6028111	GPC KF-401HQ	$\geq 25,000$	3	50	4.6 x 250
F6028112	GPC KF-402HQ	$\geq 25,000$	3	150	4.6 x 250
F6028114	GPC KF-402.5HQ	$\geq 25,000$	3	300	4.6 x 250
F6028116	GPC KF-403HQ	$\geq 25,000$	3	500	4.6 x 250
F6700300	GPC KF-G 4A	(guard column)	8	—	4.6 x 10

See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

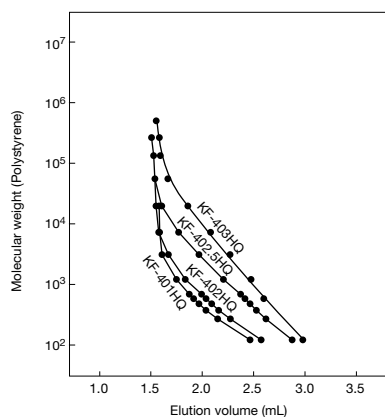
Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

• Measured with polystyrene (eluent: THF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
KF-401HQ	100 - 700	1,500
KF-402HQ	200 - 1,500	4,000
KF-402.5HQ	300 - 10,000	20,000
KF-403HQ	600 - 50,000	70,000

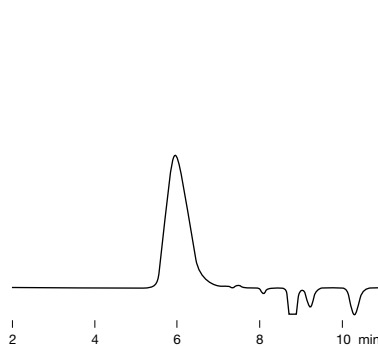
Please use the above tables for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Calibration curves for KF-400HQ series using polystyrene



Column : Shodex GPC KF-400HQ series
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Liquid paraffin

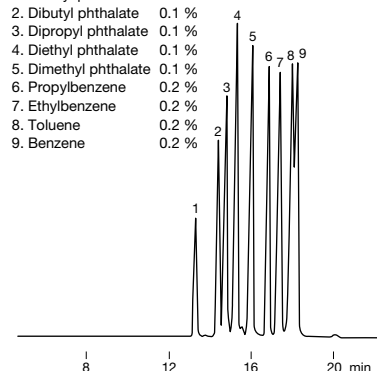
Sample : Liquid paraffin 1 %, 5 μ L

Column : Shodex GPC KF-401HQ
Eluent : Chloroform
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Phthalates

Sample : 10 μ L

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| 1. Dioctyl phthalate | 0.1 % |
| 2. Dibutyl phthalate | 0.1 % |
| 3. Dipropyl phthalate | 0.1 % |
| 4. Diethyl phthalate | 0.1 % |
| 5. Dimethyl phthalate | 0.1 % |
| 6. Propylbenzene | 0.2 % |
| 7. Ethylbenzene | 0.2 % |
| 8. Toluene | 0.2 % |
| 9. Benzene | 0.2 % |

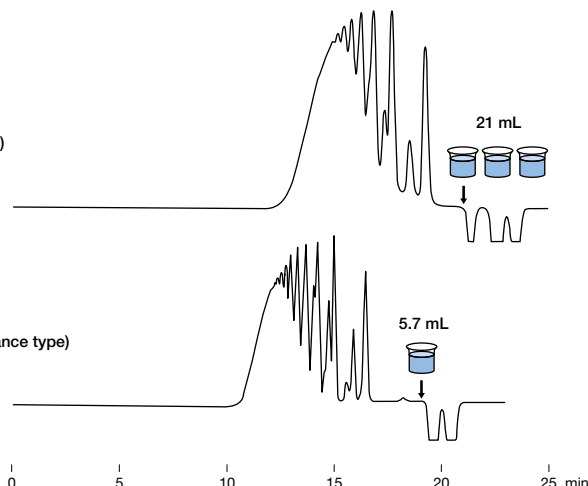


Column : Shodex GPC KF-401HQ x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm) (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Comparison of standard and high performance type columns

(Standard type)
 KF-802.5 x 2
 50 μ L injection

(High performance type)
 KF-402.5HQ x 2
 10 μ L injection



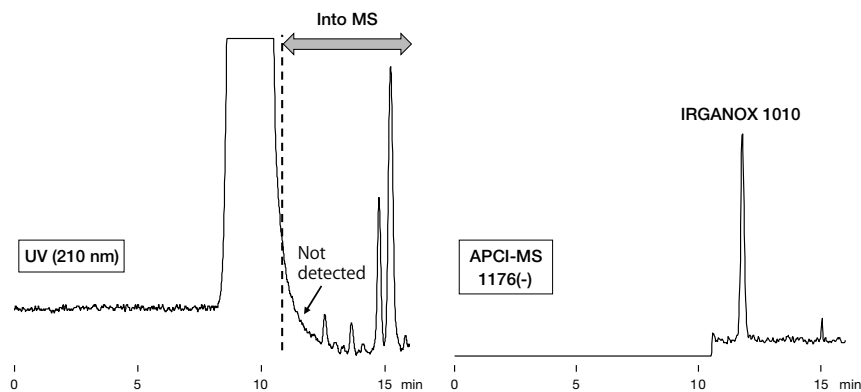
Sample : EPON1001 0.2 %

Having 1.5 times more theoretical plate number than standard column, KF-402.5HQ provides improved resolution especially for the separation of small to medium molecular weight substances. High performance type columns use less than one third of solvent per analysis compared to standard type columns do.

Column : Shodex GPC KF-802.5 x 2
 Shodex GPC KF-402.5HQ x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min (KF-802.5)
 0.3 mL/min (KF-402.5HQ)
Detector : RI (conventional type) (KF-802.5)
 RI (small cell volume) (KF-402.5HQ)
Column temp. : 40 °C

LC/MS analysis of antioxidant (IRGANOX 1010) in a cup of instant noodles (styrene foam)

Generally, pretreatment is required for additives analysis in polymers. By using a size exclusion chromatography column, it separates the additives from polymers, and only the low molecular weight region containing the additive is introduced into a mass spectrometer (MS). Therefore, sample pretreatment is not required, and thus a simple and rapid detection can be expected.



Sample : 5 μ L
 Cup of instant noodles (styrene foam) 1000 mg/L

Column : Shodex GPC KF-402HQ x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm), APCI-MS (SIM)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: Ultra-Rapid Analysis

Features

HK-400

- Newly developed styrene divinylbenzene copolymer monodisperse particles
- Analysis time is reduced to about a sixth of conventional column's analysis time
- Low column pressure even under high flow rate does not require a UHPLC system
- The amount of solvent used is reduced to about a sixth
- HK-402 (exclusion limit: 20,000) and HK-406 (exclusion limit: 10,000,000) newly added to the series
- Fulfills USP-NF L21 requirements

Ultra-Rapid analysis semi-micro columns

* HK-400 series is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6025010	GPC HK-401	≥ 9,000	3	50	4.6 x 150
F6025020	GPC HK-402 New	≥ 12,000	3	300	4.6 x 150
F6025030	GPC HK-403	≥ 9,000	3.5	550	4.6 x 150
F6026040	GPC HK-404L	≥ 9,000	3.5	2,000	4.6 x 150
F6025050	GPC HK-405	≥ 7,000	3	5,000	4.6 x 150
F6025060	GPC HK-406 New	≥ 5,000	6.5	10,000	4.6 x 150

HK-404L is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Guard filter for HK series

Product Code	Product Name	Contents
F6700200	GPC HK-G	One holder and one filter
F6700100	GPC HK-G filter	3 filters

Removes sample-origin insoluble components.



Attach directly to the analytical column

Usable solvents

Solvent	Product Name	
	HK-401 HK-403 HK-404L HK-405 HK-406	HK-402
Chloroform	○	○
N,N-Dimethylformamide (DMF)	○	○
Toluene	○	○
Hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP)	○	×
30 % HFIP/Chloroform	○	○

○: Solvent replacement possible ×: Solvent replacement not possible

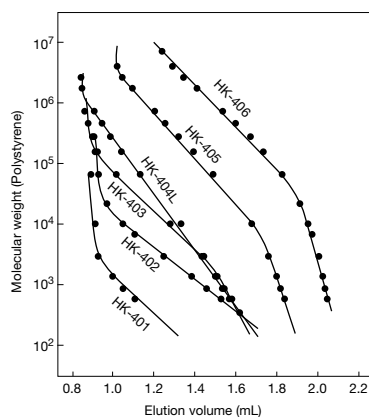
Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

Measured with polystyrene (eluent: THF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
HK-401	100 - 1,500	2,000
HK-402	200 - 10,000	20,000
HK-403	2,000 - 70,000	100,000
HK-404L	100 - 1,000,000	1,000,000
HK-405	10,000 - 2,500,000	4,000,000
HK-406	30,000 - 8,000,000	10,000,000

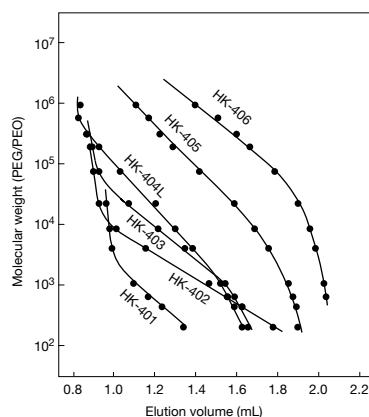
Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Calibration curves for HK-400 series using polystyrene (eluent : THF)



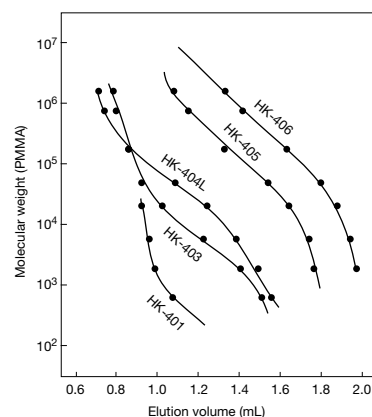
Column : Shodex GPC HK-400 series
 Eluent : THF
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Calibration curves for HK-400 series using PEG/PEO (eluent : DMF)



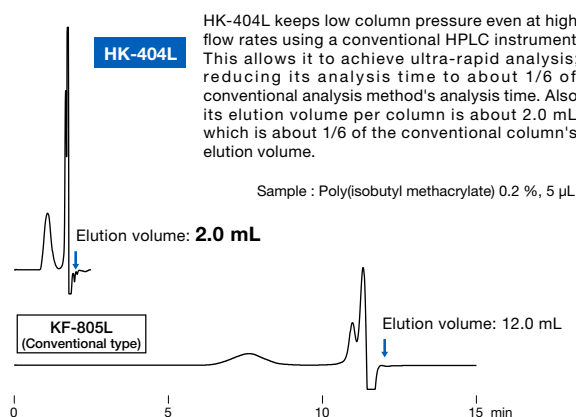
Column : Shodex GPC HK-400 series
 Eluent : DMF
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min (HK-402: 0.8 mL/min)
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Calibration curve for HK-400 series using PMMA (eluent : HFIP)



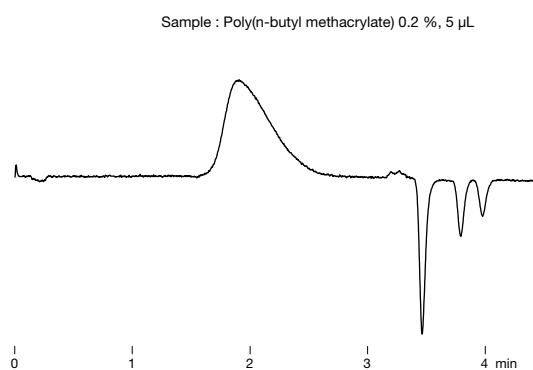
Column : Shodex GPC HK-400 series
 Eluent : 5 mM CF₃COONa in HFIP
 Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Comparison of HK-404L and conventional column (KF-805L)



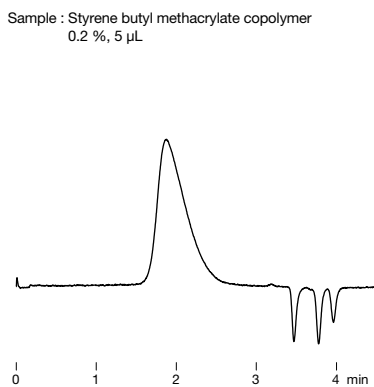
Column : Shodex GPC HK-404L, KF-805L
 Eluent : THF
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Poly (butyl methacrylate)



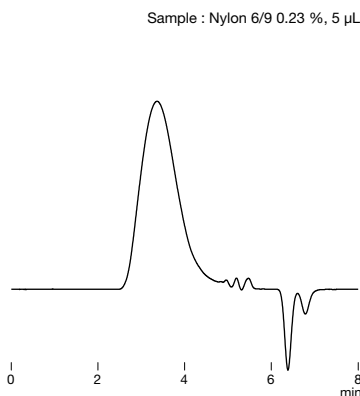
Column : Shodex GPC HK-404L x 2
 Eluent : THF
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Styrene butyl methacrylate copolymer



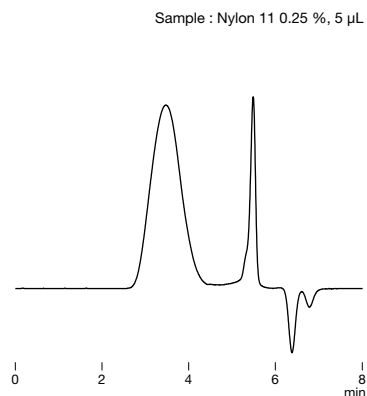
Column : Shodex GPC HK-404L x 2
 Eluent : THF
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Polyamide (Nylon 6/9)



Column : Shodex GPC HK-404L
 Eluent : 5 mM CF₃COONa in HFIP
 Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Polyamide (Nylon 11)



Column : Shodex GPC HK-404L
 Eluent : 5 mM CF₃COONa in HFIP
 Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
 Detector : RI (small cell volume)
 Column temp. : 40 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: Linear Calibration Type

Features

LF

- Packed with unique multi-pore gels with a wide pore-size distribution
- Highly linear calibration curve without inflection points
- Achieves highly precise molecular weight distribution determination
- Enables analysis over a wide molecular weight range
- Rapid analysis column (LF-604) and high performance analysis column (LF-404) are also available
- LF-604 and LF-404 reduce solvent use
- Fulfills USP-NF L21 requirements

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6021041	GPC LF-804	≥ 17,000	6	3,000	8.0 x 300
F6709621	GPC LF-G	(guard column)	6	—	4.6 x 10

See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

• Rapid analysis downsized column

* LF-604 is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6021042	GPC LF-604	≥ 9,000	6	3,000	6.0 x 150
F6709621	GPC LF-G	(guard column)	6	—	4.6 x 10

See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

• High performance semi-micro column

* LF-404 is recommended to be used with semi-micro type devices.

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6021043	GPC LF-404	≥ 14,000	6	3,000	4.6 x 250
F6709621	GPC LF-G	(guard column)	6	—	4.6 x 10

See page 60 for solvent replacement applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) columns.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

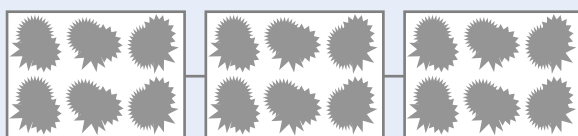
• Measured with polystyrene (eluent: THF)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
LF-804	300 - 2,000,000	2,000,000
LF-604	300 - 2,000,000	2,000,000
LF-404	300 - 2,000,000	2,000,000

Please use the above table for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Schematic diagram of linear calibration type packing

Connecting linear calibration type columns (LF series)



The linear calibration type column covers a broad range of molecular weights with only one kind of packing material.

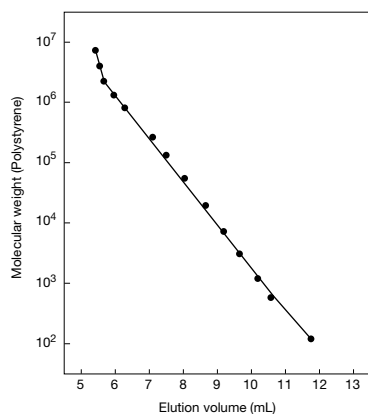
Connecting mixed-gel columns (KF-804L, etc.)



Connecting different single pore-size columns (KF-804 + KF-803 + KF-802, etc.)

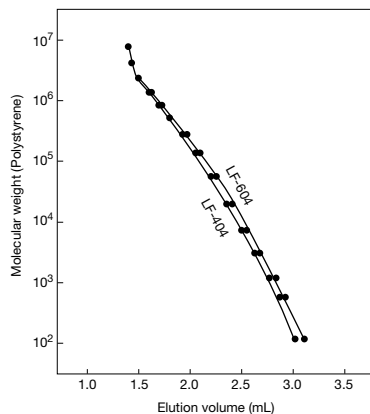


Calibration curve for LF-804 using polystyrene



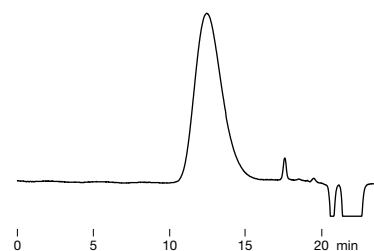
Column : Shodex GPC LF-804
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Calibration curves for LF-604 and LF-404 using polystyrene



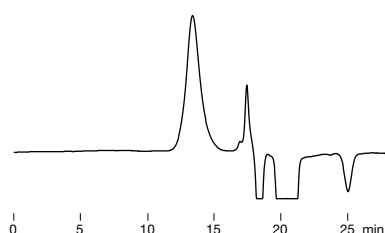
Column : Shodex GPC LF-604, LF-404
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min (LF-604)
 0.3 mL/min (LF-404)
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Polyurethane

Sample : Polyurethane 0.1 %, 20 μ L

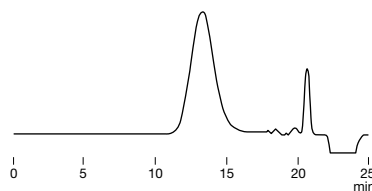
Column : Shodex GPC LF-404 x 2
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Xylan

Sample : Xylan 0.1 %, 100 μ L

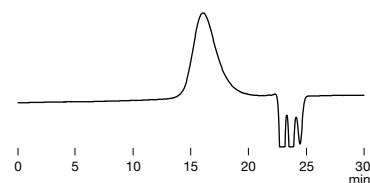
Column : Shodex GPC LF-804
Eluent : 20 mM H_3PO_4 + 20 mM LiBr
 in DMSO/DMF = 80/20
Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Polyamide (Nylon 6/6)

Sample : Nylon 6/6 0.1 %, 20 μ L

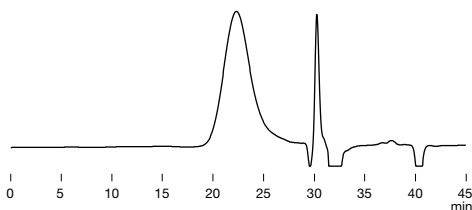
Column : Shodex GPC LF-404
Eluent : 5 mM CF_3COONa in HFIP
Flow rate : 0.15 mL/min
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Polymethyl methacrylate

Sample : Polymethyl methacrylate, 100 μ L

Column : Shodex GPC LF-804 x 2
Eluent : Methyl ethyl ketone
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 40 °C

Polyamic acid

Sample : Poly(pyromellitic dianhydride-co-4,4'-oxydianiline), 100 μ L

Column : Shodex GPC LF-804 x 2
Eluent : 30 mM LiBr + 30 mM H_3PO_4 in NMP
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Detector : RI
Column temp. : 50 °C

Effects of using multiple LF-404 columns for the separation of polystyrenes



Sample : 10 μ L
 1. Polystyrene (Mw : 1,030,000)
 2. Polystyrene (Mw : 152,000)
 3. Polystyrene (Mw : 66,000)
 4. Polystyrene (Mw : 22,000)
 5. Polystyrene (Mw : 5,050)
 6. Polystyrene (Mw : 580)
 7. Ethylbenzene

Column : Shodex GPC LF-404 x n
Eluent : THF
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : RI (small cell volume)
Column temp. : 40 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Column: Rapid Preparation

Features

FP-2002

- Newly developed styrene divinylbenzene copolymer monodisperse particles
- Can deliver at four times higher flow rate (10 mL/min or more) compared with conventional products
- Achieves rapid recycling separation
- Suitable for the separation of samples in a wide molecular weight range due to its wide linear range and large pore volume
- Usable with various organic solvents such as THF, toluene, dichloroethane, ethyl acetate, DMF, and acetone used in GPC analysis in addition to chloroform

• Preparative columns [Preparative columns are made to order.]

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length
F6102520	GPC FP-2002	≥ 30,000	8	20.0 x 600
F6700340	GPC FP-G 8B	(guard column)	8	8.0 x 50

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Shipping Solvent: Chloroform

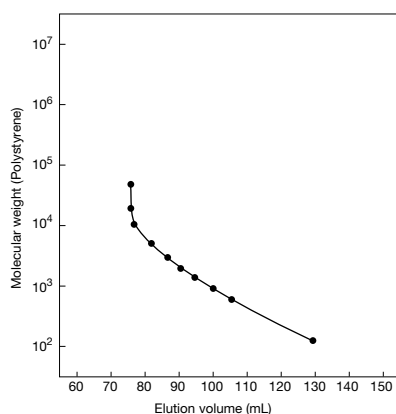
Target molecular weight range and exclusion limit

• Measured with polystyrene (eluent: chloroform)

Product Name	Target Molecular Weight Range	Exclusion Limit
FP-2002	100 - 5,000	8,000

Please use the above tables for reference purposes only when selecting columns.

Calibration curve for FP-2002 using polystyrene

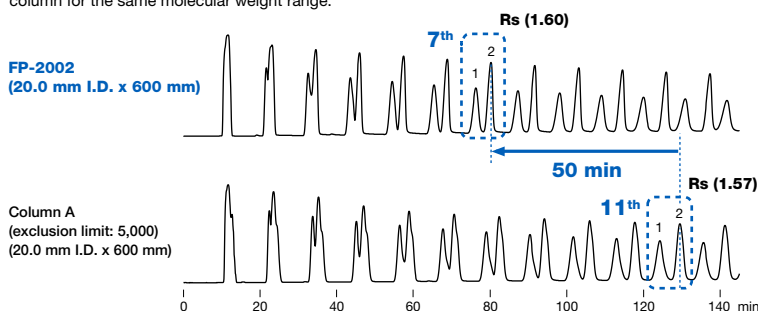


Column : Shodex GPC FP-2002
Eluent : Chloroform
Flow rate : 10 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm)
(preparative type)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Comparison of recycling separation

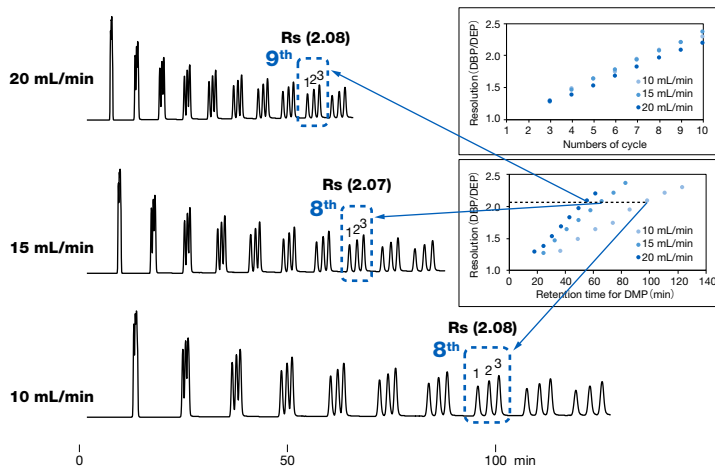
GPC FP-2002 is a column suitable for rapid organic solvent SEC(GPC) separation. Phthalate esters were used to compare recycled separations with other manufacturer's rapid preparative column (exclusion limit: 5,000). The recycling separation using FP-2002 can be made faster than other column for the same molecular weight range.

Sample : 10 % each, 2 mL
1. Ditridecyl Phthalate (MW: 530)
2. Bis(*trans*-3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl) phthalate (MW: 414)



Column : Shodex GPC FP-2002
Column A from other manufacturer
Eluent : Chloroform
Flow rate : 10 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm) (preparative type)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Effects of flow rate for recycling separation



The standard flow rate of the packed column GPC FP-2002 for organic solvent-based SEC (GPC) is 10 mL/min. We have investigated the flow rate dependency of phthalate esters recycling separation. Even at the maximum usable flow rate of 20 mL/min, there is no extreme drop in column efficiency and further speeding up is possible.

(Note) In the case of a polymer sample, shear degradation of the polymer tends to occur as the molecular weight increases. It is recommended to lower the flow rate, if there is a possibility that shear degradation occurred.

Sample : 3 % each, 1 mL
1. Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) (MW: 278)
2. Diethyl phthalate (DEP) (MW: 222)
3. Dimethyl phthalate (DMP) (MW: 194)

Column : Shodex GPC FP-2002
Eluent : Chloroform
Detector : UV (254 nm) (preparative type)
Column temp. : 30 °C

Organic SEC (GPC) Columns: Preparative

- **Preparative columns** [Preparative columns are made to order.]

GPC KF-2000 series

Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Standard Column
F6102401	GPC KF-2001	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-801
F6102402	GPC KF-2002	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-802
F6102425	GPC KF-2002.5	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-802.5
F6102403	GPC KF-2003	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-803
F6102404	GPC KF-2004	≥ 14,000	7	20.0 x 300	KF-804
F6102405	GPC KF-2005	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-805
F6102406	GPC KF-2006	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-806
F6102409	GPC KF-2006M	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-806M
F6700406	GPC KF-G 8B	(guard column)	15	8.0 x 50	(guard column)

KF-2006M is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

GPC K-2000 series

Shipping Solvent: Chloroform

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Standard Column
F6102301	GPC K-2001	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-801
F6102312	GPC K-2002	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-802
F6102315	GPC K-2002.5	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-802.5
F6102303	GPC K-2003	≥ 18,000	6	20.0 x 300	KF-803
F6102304	GPC K-2004	≥ 14,000	7	20.0 x 300	KF-804
F6102305	GPC K-2005	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-805
F6102306	GPC K-2006	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-806
F6102309	GPC K-2006M	≥ 10,000	10	20.0 x 300	KF-806M
F6700407	GPC K-G 8B	(guard column)	15	8.0 x 50	(guard column)

K-2006M is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

[Customized columns]

GPC H-2000 series

Shipping Solvent: Chloroform

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Standard Column
F6102001	GPC H-2001	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-801
F6102002	GPC H-2002	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-802
F6102025	GPC H-2002.5	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-802.5
F6102003	GPC H-2003	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-803
F6102004	GPC H-2004	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-804
F6102005	GPC H-2005	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-805
F6102006	GPC H-2006	≥ 13,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-806
F6102009	GPC H-2006M	≥ 12,000	15	20.0 x 500	KF-806M
F6700310	GPC H-G 8B	(guard column)	15	8.0 x 50	(guard column)

H-2006M is a mixed-gel column capable of analyzing samples over a wide range of molecular weight distribution.

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

GPC KF-5000 series

Shipping Solvent: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Product Code	Product Name	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Standard Column
F6108010	GPC KF-5001	15	50.0 x 300	KF-801
F6108020	GPC KF-5002	15	50.0 x 300	KF-802
F6108025	GPC KF-5002.5	15	50.0 x 300	KF-802.5
F6108030	GPC KF-5003	15	50.0 x 300	KF-803
F6108040	GPC KF-5004	15	50.0 x 300	KF-804
F6700408	GPC KF-G 20C	15	20.0 x 100	(guard column)

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

GPC K-5000 series

Shipping Solvent: Chloroform

Product Code	Product Name	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Standard Column
F6109010	GPC K-5001	15	50.0 x 300	KF-801
F6109020	GPC K-5002	15	50.0 x 300	KF-802
F6109025	GPC K-5002.5	15	50.0 x 300	KF-802.5
F6109030	GPC K-5003	15	50.0 x 300	KF-803
F6109040	GPC K-5004	15	50.0 x 300	KF-804
F6700409	GPC K-G 20C	15	20.0 x 100	(guard column)

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Solvent Replacement Applicability of Organic SEC (GPC) Columns

Solvent	Product Name									
	Shipping Solvent : THF							Shipping Solvent : DMF		
	KF-801	KF-802 KF-802.5 KF-803L KF-804L	KF-803	KF-804 KF-805 KF-805L KF-806M KF-806L KF-807L	KF-401HQ KF-402HQ KF-402.5HQ	KF-403HQ	LF-804 LF-604 LF-404	KD-801 KD-802 KD-802.5	KD-803	KD-804 KD-805 KD-806 KD-807 KD-806M
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	○
Chloroform	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	○
Carbon tetrachloride	×	○	○	○			○	×	×	○
Benzene	○	○	○	○	○	○		×	○	○
Toluene	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	×	○	○
p-Xylene	×	○	○	○	○	○		×	○	○
o-Dichlorobenzene (ODCB)	×	×	○	○	○	○		×	○	○
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (TCB)	×	×	○	○	○	○		×	○	○
Dioxane	×	○	○	○				×	○	○
Diethyl ether	×	×	○	○				×	○	○
Ethyl acetate	×	×	○	○				×	×	○
Acetone	×	×	○	○	○	○		×	○	○
Methyl ethyl ketone	×	×	○	○	○	○	○	×	○	○
N,N-Dimethylformamide (DMF)	×	×	○	○	○*	○*	○*	○	○	○
N,N-Dimethylacetamide (DMAc)	×	×	○	○	○*	○*	○*	×	○	○
Hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP)	×	×	×	○	×	△*	○*	×	○	○
m-Cresol	×	×	○	○				×	○	○
o-Chlorophenol	×	×	○	○				×	○	○
Quinoline	×	×	○	○				×	○	○
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP)	×	×	○	○	○*	○*	○*	×	○	○
Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	×	×	×	×	△*	○*	○*	×	×	○
30 % m-Cresol/Chloroform	×	○	○	○			○	×	○	○
30 % o-Chlorophenol/Chloroform	×	○	○	○			○	×	○	○
30 % HFIP/Chloroform	×	○	○	○				×	○	○
Hexane	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Acetonitrile	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methanol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

○ : Solvent replacement possible

△ : Solvent replacement possible, but this may cause column performance to deteriorate slightly

* : Usable at 40 °C or higher

× : Solvent replacement not possible

Anion Exchange Chromatography Columns

Features

QA-825

DEAE-825

- Suitable for analyzing relatively high molecular weight compounds: proteins, peptides, DNA, and RNA
- Usable in a wide pH range from pH 2 to 12
- QA-825 fulfills USP-NF L23 requirements

ES-502N 7C

- Compared to IEC series columns, polyvinyl alcohol is used as base material and this offers different separation pattern
- Low hydrophobic interaction of proteins allows analysis under mild conditions

Strong anion exchange resin [Functional Group: Quaternary ammonium]

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Ion Exchange Capacity (meq/g)	Base Material	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6110011	IEC QA-825	0.45	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	12	5,000	8.0 x 75	50 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.

Weak anion exchange resin [Functional Group: Diethylaminoethyl]

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Ion Exchange Capacity (meq/g)	Base Material	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6118255	IEC DEAE-825	0.6	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	8	5,000	8.0 x 75	50 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.
F7640002	Asahipak ES-502N 7C	0.55	Polyvinyl alcohol	9	2,000	7.5 x 100	50 mM 1,3-Diaminopropane + 50 mM NaCl (pH10.0)

Cation Exchange Chromatography Columns

Features

SP-825

CM-825

- Suitable for analyzing relatively high molecular weight compounds: proteins, peptides, DNA, and RNA
- Usable in a wide pH range from pH 2 to 12

SP-FT 4A

- Non-porous base material
- Provides ultra-rapid analysis using conventional devices

ES-502C 7C

- Compared to IEC series columns, polyvinyl alcohol is used as base material offering different separation pattern
- Low hydrophobic interaction with proteins allows analysis under mild conditions

P-421S

- Column for amino acids analysis by cation exchange mode
- Provides simultaneous analysis of different amino acids
- Fulfills USP-NF L22 and L58 requirements

Strong cation exchange resin [Functional Group: Sulfopropyl]

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Ion Exchange Capacity (meq/g)	Base Material	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6118250	IEC SP-825	0.4	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	8	5,000	8.0 x 75	50 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.
F6113100	IEC SP-FT 4A	0.2	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	2.7	—	4.6 x 10	20 mM MES buffer (pH5.6)

Housing Material of SP-FT 4A: PEEK
 *MES: 2-(N-Morpholino)ethanesulfonic acid

Weak cation exchange resin [Functional Group: Carboxymethyl]

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Ion Exchange Capacity (meq/g)	Base Material	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6110002	IEC CM-825	0.4	Polyhydroxymethacrylate	8	5,000	8.0 x 75	50 mM Na ₂ SO ₄ aq.
F7640001	Asahipak ES-502C 7C	0.55	Polyvinyl alcohol	9	2,000	7.5 x 100	0.1 M Sodium phosphate buffer (pH4.4)

Amino acid analysis column [Functional Group: Sulfo (Na⁺)]

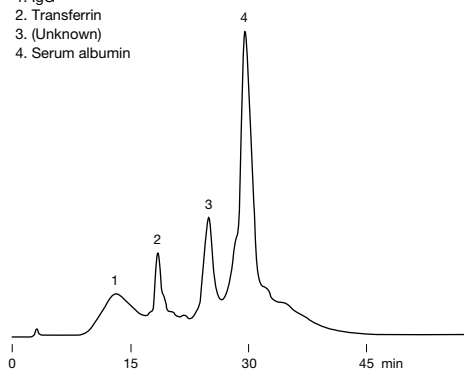
• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Plate Number (TP/column)	Base Material	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6354211	CXpak P-421S	≥ 3,500	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	6	4.6 x 150	H ₂ O
F6700210	CXpak P-G	(guard column)	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer	6	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O

Proteins in human serum

Sample : Human serum 0.5 %, 200 μ L

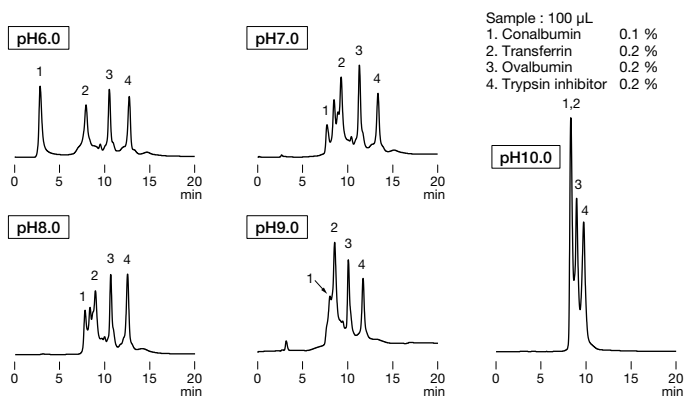
1. IgG
2. Transferrin
3. (Unknown)
4. Serum albumin



Column : Shodex IEC QA-825

Eluent : (A); 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.6)
(B); (A) + 0.5 M NaCl
Linear gradient; 100 % (A) to 50 % (B), 60 min
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : Room temp.

Effects of eluent pH on DEAE-825 analysis



Sample : 100 μ L

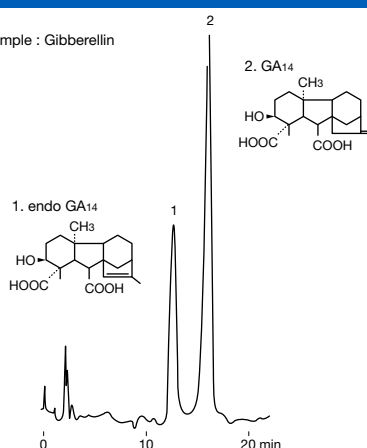
1. Conalbumin 0.1 %
2. Transferrin 0.2 %
3. Ovalbumin 0.2 %
4. Trypsin inhibitor 0.2 %

Column : Shodex IEC DEAE-825

Eluent : (A); 20 mM Piperazine-HCl buffer (pH6.0), 20 mM Bis-Tris-HCl buffer (pH7.0)
20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0), 20 mM Ethanolamine-HCl buffer (pH9.0)
20 mM 1,3-Diaminopropane-HCl buffer (pH10.0)
(B); (A) + 0.5 M NaCl
Linear gradient; (A) to (B), 20 min
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Gibberellin isomers

Sample : Gibberellin

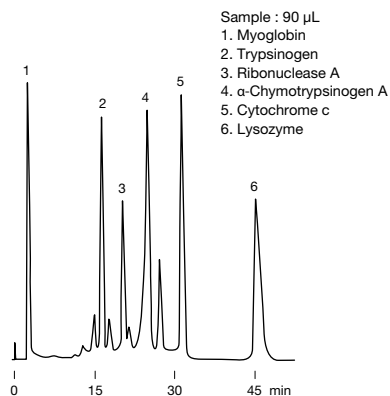


Column : Shodex Asahipak ES-502N 7C

Eluent : CH₃COOH/H₂O/CH₃OH = 0.1/0.4/99.5
Flow rate : 1.5 mL/min
Detector : UV (210 nm)
Column temp. : 50 $^{\circ}$ C

Data provided by Prof. Yamaguchi,
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Tokyo.

Protein separation using cation exchange columns



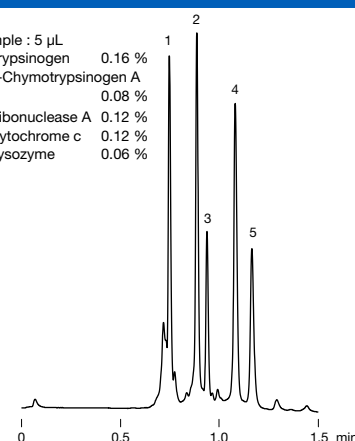
Column : Shodex IEC CM-825

Eluent : (A); 20 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0)
(B); (A) + 0.5 M NaCl
Linear gradient; (A) to (B), 60 min
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : Room temp.

Ultra-rapid analysis of hemoglobins

Sample : 5 μ L

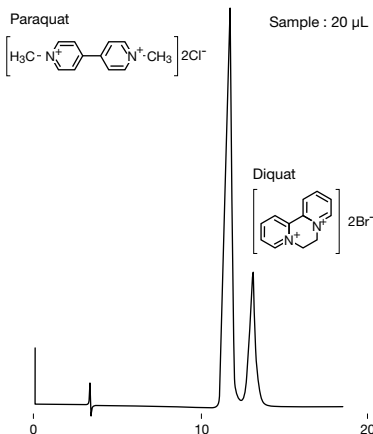
1. Trypsinogen 0.16 %
2. alpha-Chymotrypsinogen A 0.08 %
3. Ribonuclease A 0.12 %
4. Cytochrome c 0.12 %
5. Lysozyme 0.06 %



Column : Shodex IEC SP-FT 4A

Eluent : (A); 20 mM MES buffer (pH5.6)
(B); (A) + 0.5 M Na₂SO₄
Linear gradient; (A) to (B), 2 min
Flow rate : 1.7 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

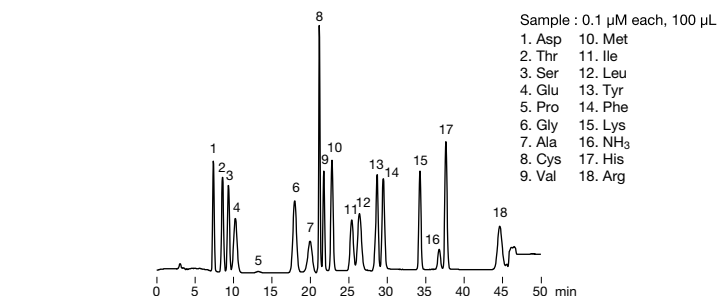
Paraquat and diquat



Column : Shodex Asahipak ES-502C 7C

Eluent : 50 mM Sodium phosphate buffer (pH7.0) + 150 mM NaCl
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (288 nm)
Column temp. : 30 $^{\circ}$ C

Standard amino acids



Column : Shodex CXPak P-421S

Eluent : MCI Buffer L-8500-PH Kit (Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation)
Low pressure gradient;
PH-1 (0 min), PH-2 (0.2 min), PH-3 (12.5 min), PH-4 (22.7 min), PH-RG (40.0 min)
Reagent : Ninhydrin Coloring Solution Kit for HITACHI
(Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd.)
R1:R2 = 50:50
Flow rate : (Eluent) 0.5 mL/min
(Reagent) 0.35 mL/min
Detector : VIS (570 nm)
Column Temp. : 63 $^{\circ}$ C
Reaction Temp. : 120 $^{\circ}$ C

Chiral Separation Columns

Features

CDBS-453

- Separates optical isomers by using their conformational compatibility differences
- Versatile column for chiral separation
- Fulfills USP-NF L45 requirements

• Standard column

Product Code	Product Name	Functional Group	Particle Size (μm)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F7146003	ORpak CDBS-453	β-Cyclodextrin derivative	3	4.6 x 150	0.05 % CH ₃ COOH + 0.2 M NaCl aq./ CH ₃ CN = 95/5

Base Material: Silica

Pretreatment Column for Column Switching Method

Features

GF-4A

- High protein removal rate
- Removes surfactants well but is not suitable for trapping hydrophilic substances

• Column for column switching method

Product Code	Product Name	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F8700015	MSpak GF-4A	9	400	4.6 x 10	H ₂ O

Base Material: Polyvinyl alcohol

GPC Clean-up Columns

Features

EV

- Suitable for fractionation of residual pesticides in foods
- EV-2000 AC is used in Shoku-An No. 0124001 (January 24th, 2005, Japan) of the Pharmaceutical and Food Safety Bureau, MHLW, Section 2 "Simultaneous GC/MS (LC/MS) Analyses of Agricultural Chemicals in Livestock and Marine Products".
- EV2000AC-12F is used in Shoku-An No. 0226 (February 26th, 2015, Japan) of the Pharmaceutical and Food Safety Bureau, MHLW, Section 2 "LC/MS Analyses of Agricultural Chemicals in Livestock and Marine Products".

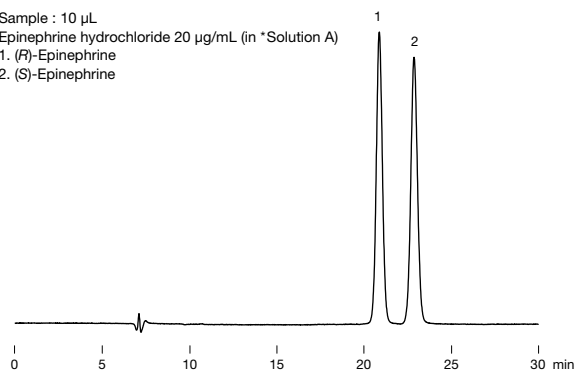
• GPC clean-up columns for residual pesticides in foods, etc.

Product Code	Product Name	Particle Size (μm)	Pore Size (Å)	Column Size (mm) I.D. x Length	Shipping Solvent
F6090006	CLNpak EV2000AC-12F	16	30	12.0 x 300	Acetone/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090007	CLNpak EV-G AC12C	16	(guard column)	12.0 x 100	Acetone/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090003	CLNpak EV-2000 AC	16	30	20.0 x 300	Acetone/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090004	CLNpak EV-G AC	16	(guard column)	20.0 x 100	Acetone/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090001	CLNpak EV-2000	16	30	20.0 x 300	Ethylacetate/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090002	CLNpak EV-G	16	(guard column)	20.0 x 100	Ethylacetate/Cyclohexane = 3/7
F6090005	CLNpak EV-200	16	30	2.0 x 150	Ethylacetate/Cyclohexane = 3/7

Base Material: Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer

Analysis of epinephrine injection proposed in USP-NF pharmacopeial forum

Sample : 10 μ L
Epinephrine hydrochloride 20 μ g/mL (in *Solution A)
1. (R)-Epinephrine
2. (S)-Epinephrine

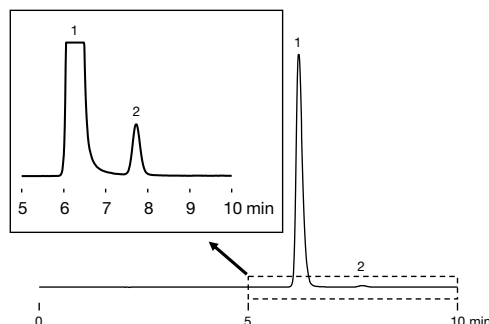


Column : Shodex ORpak CDBS-453
Eluent : *Solution A/CH₃CN = 99/1
Flow rate : 0.3 mL/min
Detector : UV (280 nm)
Column temp. : 25 °C

*Solution A : 0.75 g/L Ammonium acetate aqueous solution adjusted to pH4.0 with Glacial acetic acid

Impurity analysis of lamivudine according to USP-NF method

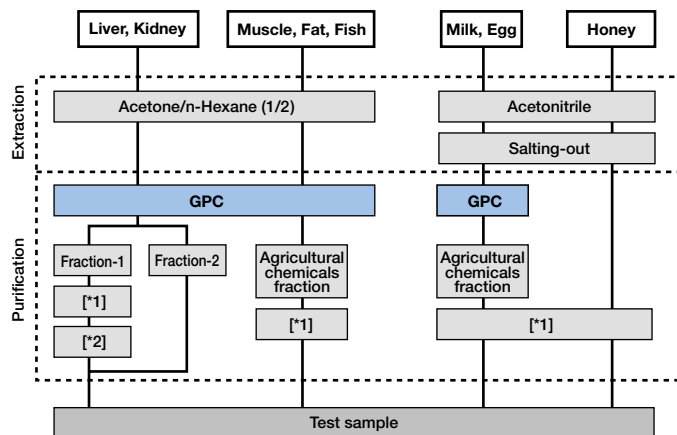
Sample : 10 μ L (System suitability solution)
0.25 mg/mL USP Lamivudine resolution mixture A RS in water
1. Lamivudine
2. Lamivudine enantiomer



Column : Shodex ORpak CDBS-453
Eluent : Methanol and *Buffer (5 : 95)
*Buffer; 7.7 g/L of Ammonium acetate in water
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (270 nm)
Column temp. : 25 °C

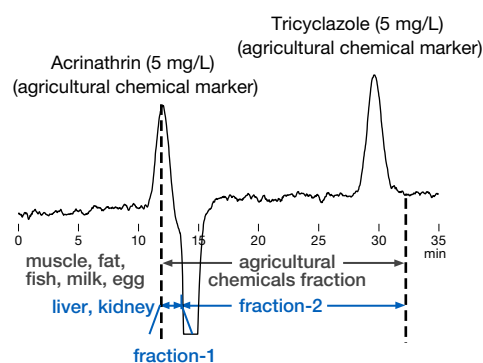
Sample preparation outline for simultaneous GC/MS and LC/MS analysis of agricultural chemicals in livestock and marine products (part 1)

[Outline]



GPC column : Shodex CLNpak EV-2000 AC + EV-G AC
*1 Purification with ethylenediamine-N-propylsilylated silica gel mini-column
*2 Purification with silica gel mini-column

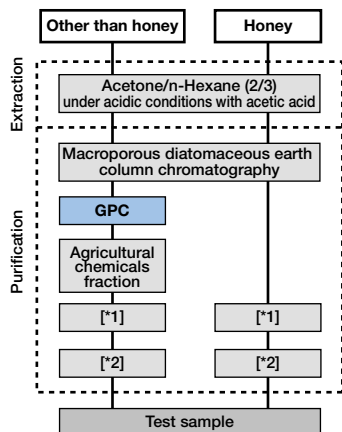
Fractionation of agricultural chemicals using EV-2000 AC



Column : Shodex CLNpak EV-G AC + EV-2000 AC
Eluent : Acetone/Cyclohexane = 1/4
Flow rate : 5.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm) (preparative type)
Column temp. : 40 °C
Injection vol. : 5 mL

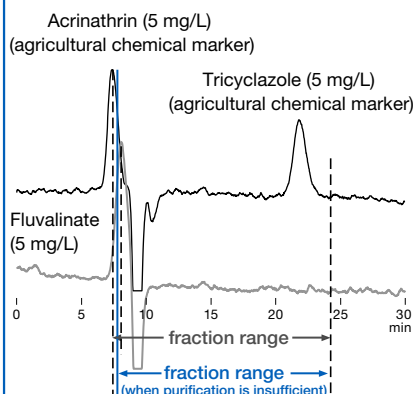
Sample preparation outline for simultaneous LC/MS analysis of agricultural chemicals in livestock and marine products (part 2)

[Outline]



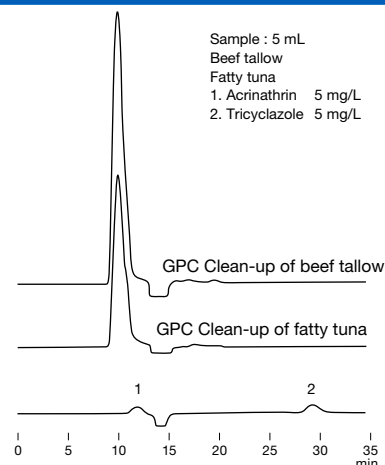
GPC column : Shodex CLNpak EV2000AC-12F + EV-G AC12C
*1 Purification with trimethyl aminopropylsilylated silica gel mini-column
*2 Purification with ethylenediamine-N-propylsilylated silica gel mini-column

Fractionation of agricultural chemicals using EV2000AC-12F



Column : Shodex CLNpak EV-G AC12C + EV2000AC-12F
Eluent : Acetone/Cyclohexane = 3/17
Flow rate : 3.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm) (preparative type)
Column temp. : 45 °C
Injection vol. : 2 mL

GPC clean-up of fatty tuna and beef tallow



Column : Shodex CLNpak EV-G AC + EV-2000 AC
Eluent : Acetone/Cyclohexane = 1/4
Flow rate : 5.0 mL/min
Detector : UV (254 nm) (preparative type)
Column temp. : 40 °C
Injection vol. : 5 mL

Column Cleaning

Problems in peak shapes and elution timing changes or elevated column pressure etc. are often caused by insoluble or adsorbing components present in the eluent and reagents being deposited inside the column. These problems may be resolved by cleaning the column.

This section describes general signs of column deterioration and column cleaning procedures.

Please also read column-specific detailed cleaning procedures included in the product operation manual.

■ Typical signs of column deterioration

1. Elevated column pressure
2. Abnormal peak shapes (broadening, leading, tailing, and split peaks)
3. Change in retention time
4. Unstable baseline

■ Standard cleaning procedures

1. Insoluble components

Insoluble components that block the column inlet may be removed by reversing the flow direction, i.e., introducing the eluent from the column outlet, with flow rate at less than half of the recommended flow rate.

2. Adsorbing components

For an efficient cleaning, reverse the flow direction and reduce the flow rate at half of the recommended flow rate.

■ Cleaning solvent selection guide

Solvents capable of dissolving the adsorbed substances

Solvents with high eluting power (depends on separation mode)

***use only the solvents allowed in the operation manual**

Methods

Reversed phase chromatography columns	Use a solvent with higher organic solvent concentration such as methanol, acetonitrile, or THF. (When using a mixture of buffer solution and organic solvent, make sure there is no precipitation of salt.)
Sugar analysis columns	[Ligand exchange columns (SUGAR series)] To regenerate the detached counter ions. - Flush or inject aqueous salt solvent which contains the modified counter ion. [Polymer-based amino columns (NH2P series and VG-50 series)] Adsorption of acidic substances on the amino functional group. - Flush with solvents in the following sequence; water, 0.1 M NaOH (aq.), water, and the eluent.
Aqueous SEC (GFC) chromatography columns	Adsorption of ionic substances. - Use a solvent with higher salt concentration or solvent with different pH from the eluent. Adsorption of hydrophobic substances. - Use a solvent containing organic solvent. (When using a mixture of buffer solution and organic solvent, make sure there is no precipitation of salt.)
Ion exchange chromatography columns	Adsorption of ionic substances. - Use a solvent with higher salt concentration or solvent with different pH from the eluent. Adsorption of hydrophobic substances. - Use a solvent containing organic solvent. (When using a mixture of buffer solution and organic solvent, make sure there is no precipitation of salt.) Adsorption of protein. - Inject 1 - 2 mL of 0.1 M NaOH (aq.) or 30 % acetic acid (aq.) several times.

*Recommended solvent volume to introduce is 5 to 10 times the column volume.

*Pay attention to the column pressure elevation during column cleaning.

*Column cleaning is limited and does not guarantee full recovery of the column to its original condition.

General Precautions for Column Handling

For the best performance of the column, please follow the instructions given below.

HPLC System Preparation

- Wash entire LC system prior to the column installation, including all flow-lines and sample loop by switching the valve, and then replace the washing solution with the eluent to be used.
- If desired new eluent has low miscibility/solubility to the eluent of previous analysis, first use the eluent that is miscible/soluble to both eluents, and then replace it with the desired eluent.

*If the eluent left in the system is not compatible with the column to be used, it may damage the column.

*A drastic change in the eluent compositions may remove substances adsorbed on the system and they may enter and deteriorate the column.

Column Installation

- Connect the column to LC system by following the "flow direction arrow" (➡) indicated on the column name tag. If guard column is used, position the guard column in front (before the inlet) of the analytical column.
- Make sure to insert the tubing all the way to the end fitting and secure it with the male nut. It is important that there is no extra space between the tubing and the column side of the end fitting. Presence of an extra space will let the sample to spread out and may result in wide peaks.
- Set the initial flow rate at less than half of the recommended flow rate and start the system. If using the column at an elevated temperature, keep a low flow rate until the temperature of the column reaches to the set temperature, and then gradually increase the flow rate to the desired.
 - *Verify that there is no solvent leak. It may cause electronic leakage, rust, and/or chemical injury.
 - *Make sure not to let air bubbles enter the column while installing the column. The air bubbles may damage the column.
 - *When restarting the system after column installation or after holding the eluent flow, start the system at less than half of the recommended flow rate. A rapid increase in pressure can damage the column.
 - *If the column was used at an elevated temperature, lower the flow rate to less than half of the recommended flow rate at the end of analysis. Then, turn off the column oven, and let the column temperature return to room temperature before stopping the pump. If the pump was stopped while the eluent inside the column was still hot, as the eluent temperature decreases, its volume also decreases. This may result in creating an empty space in the column and deteriorates the column.
 - *It is recommended to set the pump limiter to avoid exceeding the maximum pressure.

Solvent Exchange

- When replacing the solvent, start the system at less than half of the recommended flow rate. Recommended solvent volume to introduce at each step is 3 to 5 times of the column volume.
- Check miscibility/solubility of the desired new solvent and the solvent currently filled in the column.
- When replacing the current solvent with a solvent with low miscibility/solubility to the current solvent, first use a solvent that is miscible/soluble to both eluents, and then replace it with the new solvent.
- When using a gradient method, changes in the eluent compositions may increase the column backpressure. Adjust the flow rate and column temperature so that the column backpressure remains below the usable maximum pressure.

Column Storage

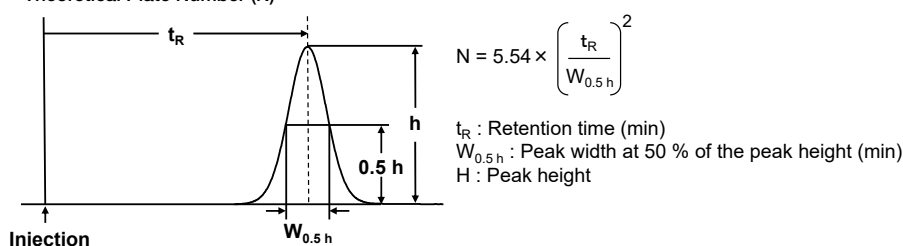
- Remove the column from the system after replacing the in-column solvent with the shipping solvent. Securely tighten the end caps and store the column at a location with stable temperature (a cool and dark space is recommended).
- *Never allow inside of the column to dry. It can damage the column.

Column Inspection

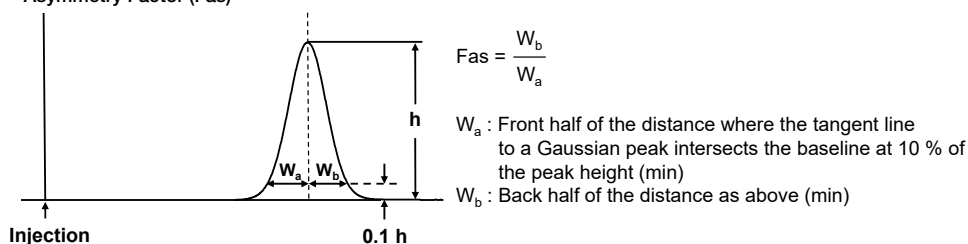
Inspection method is described in the Certificate of Analysis (CoA).

Theoretical Plate Number (N) and Asymmetry Factor (Fas) were calculated using the below equations.

Theoretical Plate Number (N)



Asymmetry Factor (Fas)



Additional Warnings

- Do not remove end fittings.
- Do not make a strong impact on the column. Do not drop or hit the column on a hard surface.

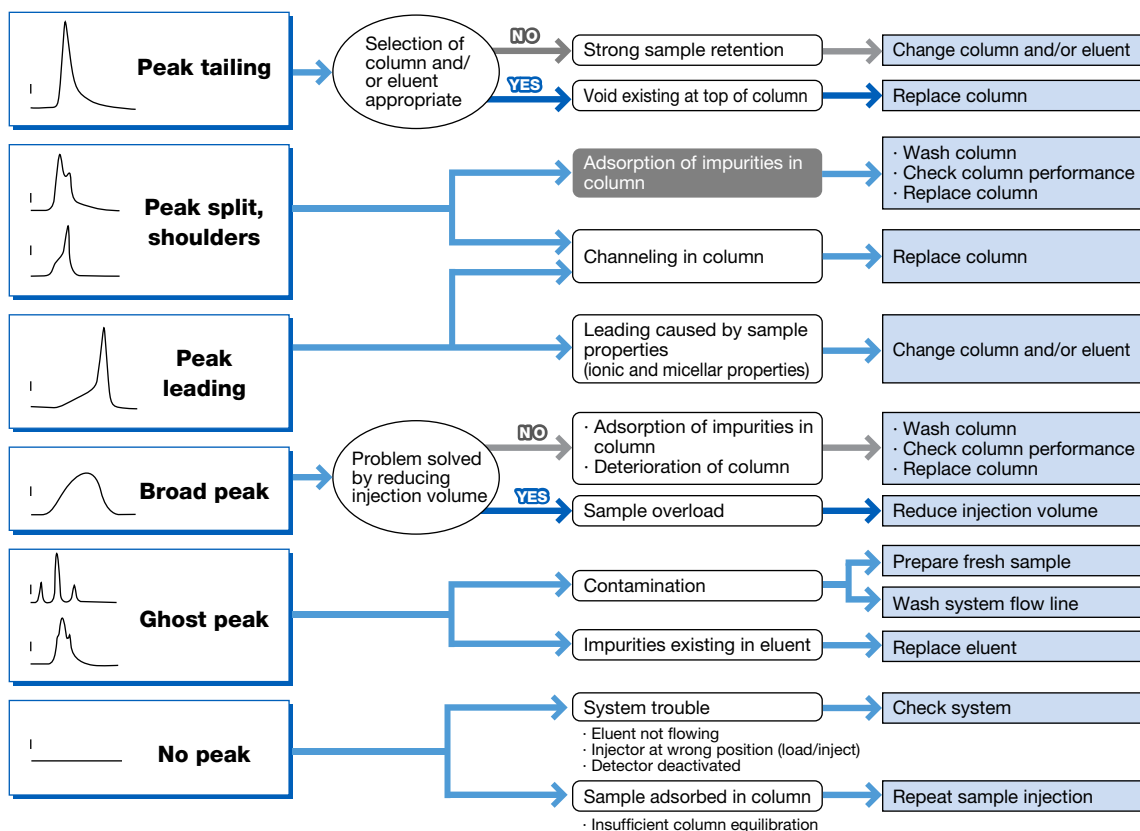
*Read the operation manual before using the column.

Column Trouble Shooting

Common causes for abnormal chromatograms

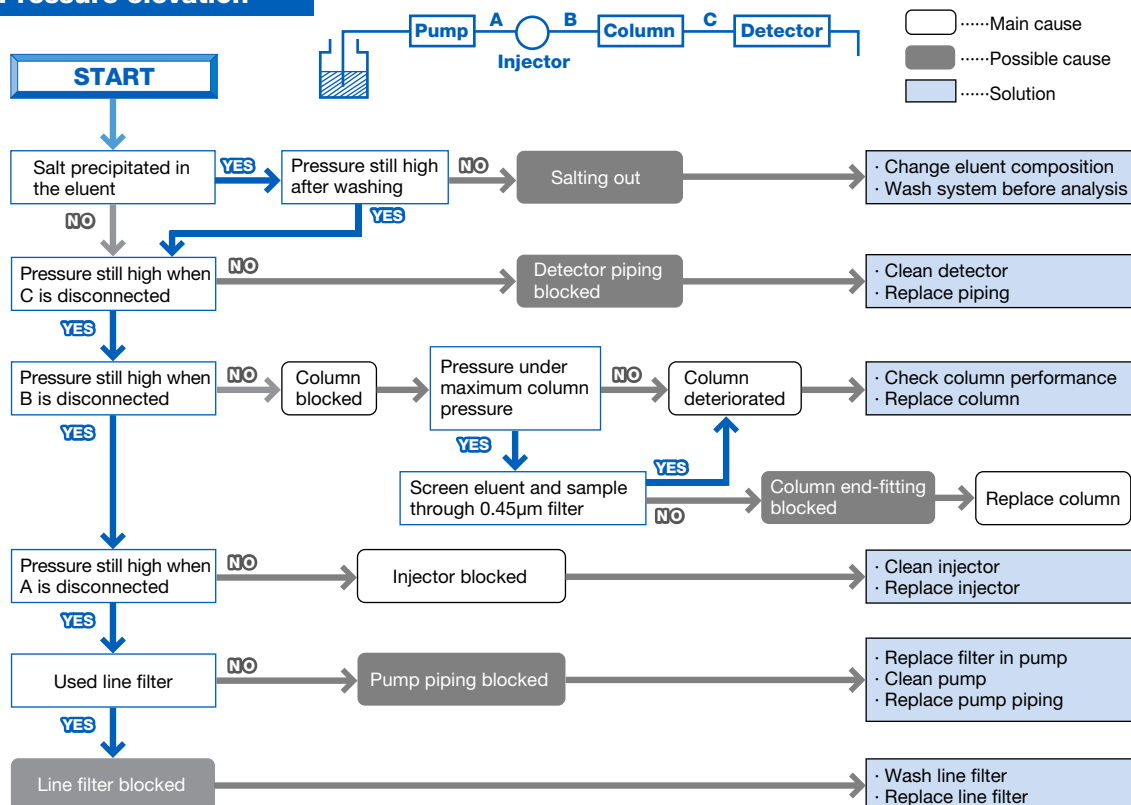
Abnormal peak shapes

□Main cause ■Possible cause ▒Solution



Pressure elevation

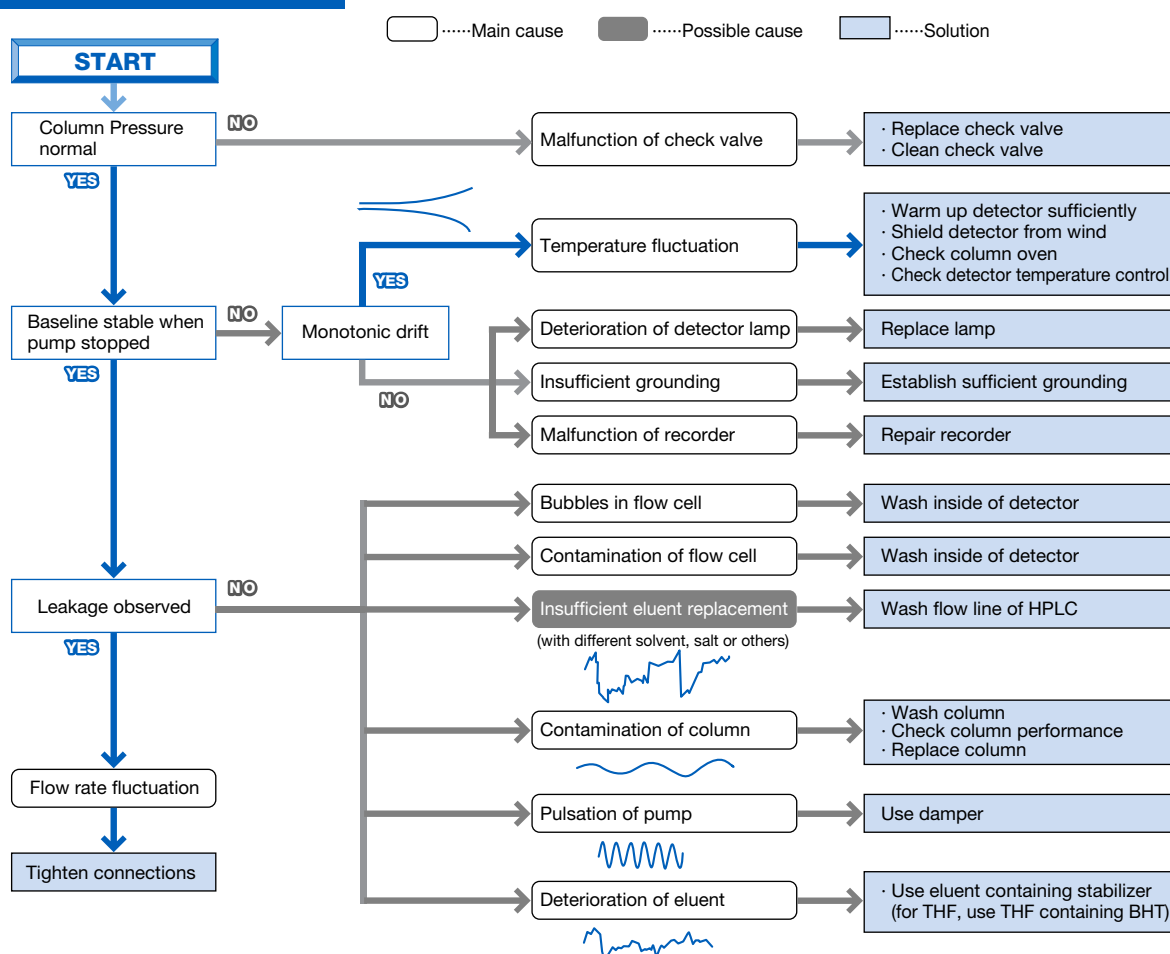
□Main cause ■Possible cause ▒Solution



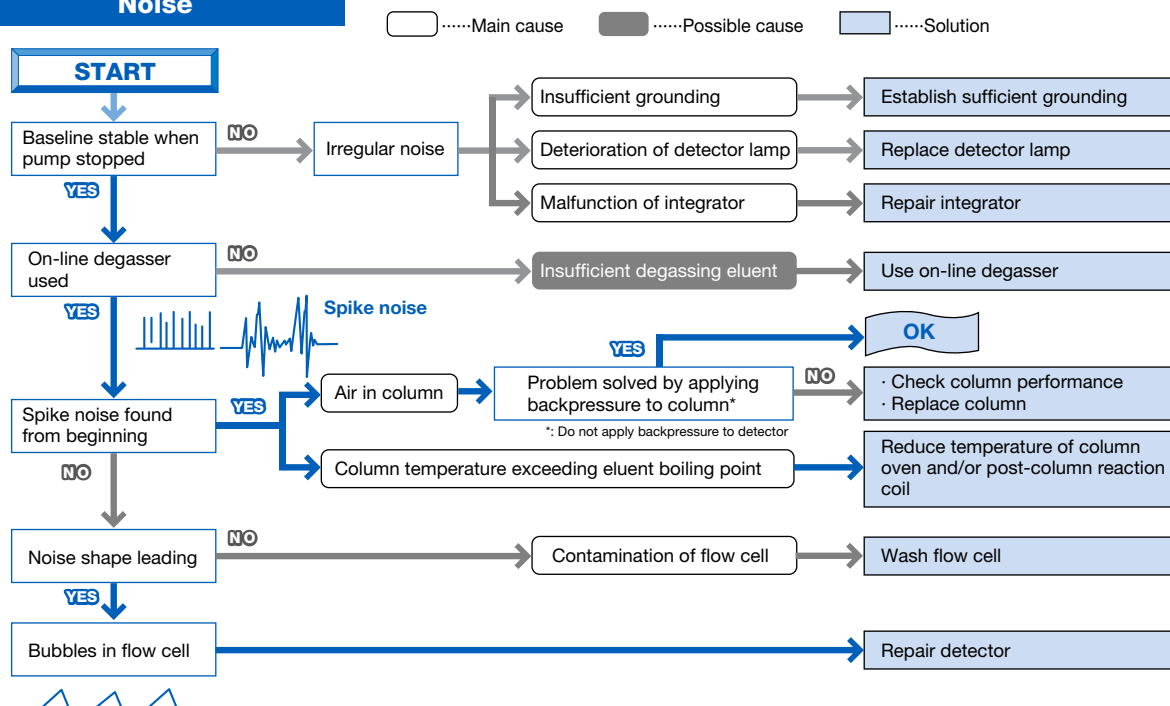
HPLC System Trouble Shooting

Common causes for abnormal chromatograms

Unstable baseline



Noise



USP44-NF39 Column List

No.	Packing Material	Recommended Column	Page
L1	Octadecyl silane chemically bonded to porous or nonporous silica or ceramic microparticles, 1.5 to 10 µm in diameter, or a monolithic rod.	C18	24
		Silica C18M	24
		C18U	24
L17	Strong cation-exchange resin consisting of sulfonated cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer in the hydrogen form, 6 to 12 µm in diameter.	SUGAR SH1011	30
		SUGAR SH1821	30
		RSpak KC-811	30
L19	Strong cation-exchange resin consisting of sulfonated cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer in the calcium form, 5-15 µm in diameter.	SUGAR SC1011	26
		SUGAR SC1211	26
		EP SC1011-7F	27
		USPpak MN-431	27
L20	Dihydroxypropane groups chemically bonded to porous silica or hybrid particles, 1.5-10 µm in diameter, or a monolithic silica rod.	PROTEIN KW-800 series	36
		KW400 series	36
		PROTEIN LW-803	37
		PROTEIN LW-403 4D	37
L21	A rigid, spherical styrenedivinylbenzene copolymer, 3 to 30 µm in diameter.	RSpak DS-613	16
		RSpak DS-413	16
		GPC KF, KD, HK, LF series	48, 50, 52, 54, 56
L22	A cation-exchange resin made of porous polystyrene gel with sulfonic acid groups, 5-15 µm in diameter.	SUGAR SC1011	26
		SUGAR SP0810	26
		SUGAR KS-800 series	26
		RSpak DC-613	26
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		RSpak KC-811	30
L23	An anion-exchange resin made of porous polymethacrylate or polyacrylate gel with quaternary ammonium groups, 7-12 µm in size.	CXpak P-421S	62
		IC I-524A	32
L25	Packing having the capacity to separate compounds with a molecular weight range from 100-5000 (as determined by polyethylene oxide), applied to neutral, anionic, and cationic water-soluble polymers. A polymethacrylate resin base, cross-linked with polyhydroxylated ether (surface contained some residual carboxyl functional groups) was found suitable.	IEC QA-825	62
		OHpak SB-802 HQ	40
		OHpak SB-802.5 HQ	40
L33	Packing having the capacity to separate dextrans by molecular size over a range of 4,000 to 500,000 Da. It is spherical, silica-based, and processed to provide pH stability.	OHpak LB-802.5	41
		PROTEIN KW-800 series	36
		KW400 series	36
		PROTEIN LW-803	37
L34	Strong cation-exchange resin consisting of sulfonated cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer in the lead form, 7 to 9 µm in diameter.	PROTEIN LW-403 4D	37
L37	Packing having the capacity to separate proteins by molecular size over a range of 2,000 to 40,000 Da. It is a polymethacrylate gel.	SUGAR SP0810	26
		OHpak SB-803 HQ	40
L38	A methacrylate-based size-exclusion packing for water-soluble samples.	OHpak LB-803	41
		OHpak SB-800 HQ series	40
L39	A hydrophilic polyhydroxymethacrylate gel of totally porous spherical resin.	OHpak LB-800 series	41
		ODP2 HP	12
		RSpak DM-614	16
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L45	Beta cyclodextrin, <i>R,S</i> -hydroxypropyl ether derivative, bonded to porous silica particles, 3-10 µm in diameter.	OHpak LB-800 series	41
L58	Strong cation-exchange resin consisting of sulfonated cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer in the sodium form, about 6 to 30 µm in diameter.	ORpak CDBS-453	64
		SUGAR KS-800 series	26
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L59	Packing for the size-exclusion separations of proteins (separation by molecular weight) over the range of 5 to 7000 kDa. The packing is a spherical 1.5- to 10-µm, silica or hybrid packing with a hydrophilic coating.	CXpak P-421S	62
		PROTEIN KW-800 series	36
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L67	Porous vinyl alcohol copolymer with a C18 alkyl group attached to the hydroxyl group of the polymer, 2 to 10 µm in diameter.	PROTEIN LW-403 4D	37
L71	A rigid, spherical polymetacrylate, 4 to 6 µm in diameter.	Asahipak ODP-50	14
		RSpak DE-613	16
		RSpak DE-413	16
L76	Silica based, weak cation-exchange material, 5 µm in diameter. Substrate is surface polymerized polybutadiene-maleic acid to provide carboxylic acid functionalities. Capacity not less than 29 µEq/column.	RSpak DE-213	16
L82	Polyamine chemically bonded to cross-linked polyvinyl alcohol polymer, 5 µm in diameter.	IC YK-421	33
L89	Packing having the capacity to separate compounds with a molecular weight range from 100 to 3000 (as determined by polyethylene oxide), applied to neutral and anionic water-soluble polymers. A polymethacrylate resin base, cross-linked with polyhydroxylated ether (surface contains some residual cationic functional groups).	Asahipak NH2P-50	22
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